"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Rain to-day, possibly turning to snow at night; fair and colder Tuesday; high winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 18,944. * * * * * NEW YORK, MONDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1909.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark / Elsewhere, TWO CENTS

TAFT LIKELY TO SEND MESSAGE ON ZELAYA

Has Conference with Secretary Knox on the Situation in Nicaragua.

DIXIE RELIEVES THE PRAIRIE

Expected to Leave To-day with Marines—Prairie Still Aground—Other Vessels to Sail Soon.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—President Taft and Secretary of State Knox were in conference at the White House to-night, supposedly on the Nicaraguan situation. It was reported that the President was preparing to send to Congress a strong message on the subject, but both refused to discuss their conference when it was concluded.

Salvador Castrillo, the representative here of the Provisional Government of Nicaragua, received a message from Gen. Estrada to-day, saying that the expected battle between the Zelaya and the insurgent forces near Rama would probably take place to-morrow, and that indications were that the victory would rest with the revolutionists.

Señor Castrillo regards with suspicion reports that Mexico and Costa Rica are to take a hand in untangling the Nicaraguan situation by sending to that country Enrique C. Creel, former Mexican Ambassador to the United States, and Luis Anderson, former Minister of Foreign Affairs of Costa Rica.

He thinks such action would be an expression of opposition to the United States and of a desire to keep this Government out of the affair as far as possible. This, he thinks, would be equivolent to turning toward Zelaya and would be inimical to the Estrada movement.

"I am inclined to think," he said to-day, "that these reports have emanated from Zelaya sympathizers."

No answer to his request for an audience at the State Department has been received by Senor Castrillo.

In connection with reports that Zelaya is planning to hand over the Presidency to Gen. Irias, a story came to light to-day of how Irias once threw champagne on the shirt front of Mr. Bailey, the Secretary of the United States Legation in Costa Rica. According to the story, Gen. Irias attended a State banquet in San José, Costa Rica, and in the course of the evening he crushed a wine glass in his hands and dashed the blood that flowed from the cuts into the face of Luis Anderson, who was sitting across from him. He then transferred his attentions to Mr. Bailey's shirt front and dashed champagne on it. After that he bowed himself out of the banquet chamber.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 5.—There was much activity at the navy yard to-day following the sailing of the Dixie to relieve the mud-bound Prairie. This was due to orders from Washington ordering four other vessels made ready to sail.

The battleship Michigan is to leave this week for a rendezvous at Hampton Roads, and the Idaho will follow her. The newly arrived destroyer Smith is to go on a short trial trip early in the week and later to Newport, and the cruiser Brooklyn—Schley's flagship at Santiago—is to be put into commission and taken to the Brooklyn Navy Yard, where, it is said, she will be fitted up as a naval transport to take more marines to Central America, if necessary.

The Dixie left the yard at 11 o'clock this morning. She anchored off Pea Patch Island, where the Prairie is imprisoned on the flats, and the work of transferring the stores of the stranded cruiser to her foot-free sister ship was begun at once. The Dixie will probably sail for Colon with the Prairie's marines and stores to-morrow. The Prairie is now almost unburdened, but up to a late hour to-night all attempts to move her had failed.

Preparations for long-distance service were being made at the Navy Yard wireless station. The operators were in touch with the Prairie all day and communicated with her every fifteen minutes. Trial messages were received and transmitted to all the stations along the bay and greater distances will be tried to-morrow.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 5.—The gunboat Princeton sailed for Corinto to-day after taking on coal and stores at California City. The Princeton is under orders to proceed to Corinto with all possible speed and join the Vicksburg, now in that harbor.

WASHINGTON HAS A JUNTA.

Central American Diplomats and Patriots Hold Nightly Sessions.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The Central American Junta, composed of diplomats and patriots from the five turbulent little republics on the neck of land between Yucatan and South America, is one of the latest acquisitions of the capital of the United States. While it has been meeting regularly ever since Secretary Knox sent his famous letter to President Zelaya of Nicaragua telling him to be good, it has managed to shroud itself in mystery. The junta is working steadily on plans that have to do with the future of the little States washed by the waters of the Caribbean Sea.

It is unofficial, but vociferous. Its sessions are held in the café of a leading hotel much frequented by South and Central American diplomats, and the policies of the Central American States are thrashed out daily and nightly. The junta is the clearing house for all the information that leaks unofficially from revolution-torn Nicaragua, while the diplomats have framed up half a dozen new alignments of the five republics, each with a view to the equitable distribution of the "balance of power."

Among the members of the junta who gather daily at the appointed place are Francisco Mejia, Minister from Salvador; J. B. Calvo, Minister from Costa Rica; Luis Toledo Herrarte, Minister from Guatemala; Luis Lazo Arriago, Minister from Honduras, and Luis F. Corea, former Minister from Nicaragua.

In addition to this distinguished group there are Luis Adderson, former Minister of Foreign Relations of Costa Rica; Señor Don Luis Felipe Carlo, Minister from Ecuador; Dr. Salvator Castrillo, special agent here for the Nicaragua insurgents; Anibal Cruz, Minister from Chile, and a score of attachés from the various Latin American legations.

The meetings of the Junta are not at-

Continued on Page 2.

CALHOUN TO GO TO CHINA.

Says He Will Accept the Appointment if It Is Made.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 5.—William J. Calhoun, lawyer and diplomat, admitted to-day that in the event of appointment he would accept the office of Minister to China.

"I was not a candidate for that place or any other," said Mr. Calhoun. "Two weeks ago the suggestion was made to me by Mr. Knox that I take under consideration the Chinese mission. At first I positively refused to consider it. Afterward the matter was reopened and I was prompted to consider it by two considerations.

"First, it is an important post. There is no other post in the entire field of diplomacy I would have considered for a moment, but this opens up a new field of study and investigation. It was, therefore, attractive.

"Second, all my life I have worked hard along one particular line of employment. While this mission may have its burdens and its engrossing questions, it is a change, and for that reason inviting.

"To-day for the first time I indicated that I would consider the appointment favorably. I have not been offered it in any official way. Whether the appointment will be made, I do not know. I have had no word from the President on the subject. I do not know that he has been consulted.

"If I go to China at this time it will be with an open mind. I have no leanings, preferences, or prejudices. I have not studied what is called the Eastern question. All I know about it is obtained from casual reading in newspapers."

KING WORKS AS STEVEDORE.

Swedish Monarch Disguises Himself to Learn Workmen's Views.

STOCKHOLM, Dec. 5.—King Gustave disguised himself as a stevedore Saturday and spent most of the day carrying sacks of coal from a lighter. In an interview, after it was all over, the King said that this was only the beginning. He intended to mix with all classes of laborers so that he might ascertain their opinions and wishes.

Already, he added, he had obtained many valuable hints from the men with whom he worked.

The determination of King Gustave to learn of the conditions of the working men by mingling with them and taking part in their labors has resulted from the recent great tie-up of the business life of the country by a general strike. King Gustave intervened last August in an endeavor to secure a compromise, but without avail. The strike continued for months and involved thousands of men, the employers' association paying $40,000 daily to support its weaker members, while the trades unions and other workingmen's associations exhausted their entire funds to keep strikers from starving.

Eventually arbitration was undertaken by the Swedish Government to settle the dispute, and in the interim many of the workmen returned to their tasks, although the number unemployed remained very great. King Gustave, the Queen, and other members of the royal family, as well as the Cabinet Ministers, contributed to a national fund for the purpose of providing loans to the working classes. Homesteads have already been apportioned among the unemployed, but conditions remain such as to cause the King and his Government grave anxiety.

The King found difficulty in ascertaining facts, and made arrangements to join the craftsmen and laborers at their work in order to get his information at first hand.

NEW ROCKEFELLER SPORT.

Tarrytown Surprised by a Glimpse of John D., Jr., on a Motorcycle.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 5.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., has taken to motor cycling. The residents of Tarrytown were much surprised this afternoon when they saw him on his machine going north toward Pocantico Hills. Mr. Rockefeller wore a khaki suit and had a sweater under his coat. He was not violating any speed laws and seemed to be exercising much care in guiding his machine. He was not going over ten miles an hour.

Whether Mr. Rockefeller had ridden up from New York or whether he had been merely riding around the vicinity could not be learned. No one here had heard of Mr. Rockefeller's new sport. He is fond of driving with horses, but dislikes automobiles and seldom rides in one.

HARVARD PAPER SUPPRESSED.

Faculty Confiscates "The Imp" on the Ground That It Is Scurrilous.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 5.—The Imp, the fifth Harvard publication to be suppressed this year, met with summary action. Hardly had it left the press last Friday when it was hurriedly recalled and confiscated. Very few copies found their way into the hands of the students, but those who saw it say that it was the limit of college publications.

Its predecessors seemed to throw every vestige of respect to the winds in holding up college instructors to ridicule, but The Imp went even further. As The Crimson, the official student organ, has it, it "bordered dangerously on the indecent."

The Imp's editors sought shelter hurriedly, and not a copy of the magazine is obtainable here at any price.

DIES OF SCALDS AT 107.

Epstein's Relatives Think the Accident Shortened His Life Several Years.

Nathan Epstein, 107 years old, of 1,933 Park Place, Brooklyn, died early yesterday in the King's County Hospital, from a scalding he received several weeks ago from a bowl of hot soup. His family say that the accident undoubtedly shortened his life by several years, for he was still apparently sound.

He was born in Warsaw, Russia, and remembers several Czars, but he never saw Napoleon. Fifteen years ago he came to this country, all his family having preceded him, and went to live in Brooklyn with his "baby" as he called his daughter—fifty-five-year-old Susie Silverstein.

He was a wanderer. Often he would tie up some bread and meat in a paper package and tramp off, tapping with his heavy stick up the street, peering from side to side through big black-rimmed spectacles, his long white beard sweeping his breast as he turned his head.

Everybody living anywhere near knew him well—especially the police, who would finally bring him back, bewildered, after several days. He used to say that he was looking for his schoolmate, Isaac somebody, who was 104 years old and lived, according to him, somewhere in New York.

CONGRESS SESSION WILL BEGIN TO-DAY

Both Houses Will Adjourn Immediately Because of the Deaths of Members.

TAFT'S DEMANDS REDUCED

Oil Decision Changed President's Plans—Report That He Is Vexed with Aldrich and Cannon.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The first general business session of the Sixty-first Congress will meet at noon to-morrow. But there will be no effort to transact business the first day, owing to the fact that in each house formal announcement of the death of a member is to be made which will bring about immediate adjournment. The Senate will adjourn out of respect for the memory of Senator Johnson of North Dakota, and the House because of the death of Representatives Lassiter of Virginia and De Armond of Missouri.

Before adjournment each house will adopt the usual resolution for a committee to notify the President that Congress is in session and awaiting his pleasure. That will bring the message to Congress on Tuesday, and as soon thereafter as they please both houses can get down to real work.

Gov. Burke has already appointed Fountain L. Thompson to fill the vacancy in the Senate, and as both vacancies in the House are on the minority side they will not interfere in any way with the plans of the majority. The House was organized for the special tariff session, and the committees were appointed by Speaker Cannon just before the end of it A great number of bills were introduced in the Summer and are already in the hands of the committees, so that within a few days the Congressional mill will be humming as merrily as ever.

Taft's Programme Reduced.

What the session will accomplish in the way of broad public legislation no one can now forecast with any substantial authority. A few weeks ago it seemed certain that President Taft would demand the enactment of certain bills aimed at the fulfillment of his promise to "clinch the Roosevelt policies." The programme, as he outlined it in his speeches during the Western trip, involved legislation on ten or twelve important subjects, nearly every one of them highly controversial and sure to provoke hot discussion in Congress.

But in the course of the preparation of his message, and since the handing down of the opinion of the Circuit Court in the Standard Oil case, there have been such changes in the Administration programme as to make it uncertain now what the President will ask. He has cut out of his first lot of recommendations all reference to the intended amendment to the Sherman anti-trust law, as well as certain other of the important and controversial items originally there.

These are all to be held back, under the present plan, for submission to Congress later by means of special messages. That means, obviously, that there is no such pressure for their enactment as there was awhile ago. The Administration either does not regard such legislation now as so vital as it was considered during the Summer, or has come to the conclusion that there was danger of so overloading the programme as to destroy the chance of getting anything at all.

Congress Wants to do Little.

It was of course clear that the President could not really hope to get all the things he had in mind while outlining his programme on his speech-making tour. He was asking Congress then for more at one session than President Roosevelt got in his whole term. The reduction of the recommendations seems likely to increase the chance of getting something, although there has been a markedly increasing feeling among Congressmen recently that this is a first-class time to do very little beyond passing the supply bills, and that genuine economy in appropriations would atone for every other sin of omission.

The best prospect for the session seems to be that it will degenerate into an amusing but futile campaign against Speaker Cannon by the Republican insurgents of the House. They will keep up a series of pin-pricking efforts, which will tend to infuriate the already extremely angry Speaker, in the hope of making him "slop over," and come under the ban of the Administration.

The intention of the President to continue working with Speaker Cannon and the majority of the party has been expressed pretty clearly in several ways recently, and it will therefore take some lapse on the part of Mr. Cannon to bring on hostilities with the White House.

Taft May Break With Cannon.

A curious line of information, however, has been coming from sources close to the President in the last few days. It is to the effect that Mr. Taft realizes that Cannon and Aldrich did not play fair with him on the Tariff bill, but threw upon him the responsibility for their failure to keep the party promises. This information goes on to the effect that the President is at heart wroth with Cannon and would like to see a situation which would enable him to make a definite break with the Speaker, provided it could be engineered so as to show clearly that the break was with Cannon only and not with the majority of the party in the House.

No doubt such a break would be immensely popuar throughout the country, for there is the best evidence that Speaker Cannon's unpopularity is not confined to the insurgent middle West, but runs through the East as well.

Not in years has there been as quiet a week just before the opening of Congress as the one just past. The President was known to be busy over his message and not disposed to take up outside matters with members of Congress. So most of them stayed at home, and even to-night there are a good many members of the House not in Washington. But both regulars and insurgents have been urging their supporters to be on hand when the gavel falls, and the full Republican membership probably will be in their seats at noon to-morrow.

SONNINO TO FORM CABINET.

Former Italian Premier Is Asked to Take Giolitti's Place.

ROME, Dec. 5.—Baron Sidney Sonnino, who was Premier in 1906, has been semi-officially entrusted with the formation of a new Cabinet.

The Giolitti Cabinet resigned last Thursday.

The Christmas Number of The New York Times will be published next Sunday. It will contain many remarkably interesting features and superb illustrations. Orders for this issue should be placed early.

GEMS OF A SULTAN TO BE SOLD IN PARIS

Abd-el-Aziz Pawned Them for $250,000 Before He Lost Throne in Morocco.

SOME WERE WORN IN HAREM

Jewels in Collection Weigh 200 Pounds—Exhibition Preceding Auction Thronged by All Classes.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 5.—Unless he should be able to redeem them at the eleventh hour, the jewels of the former Sultan of Morocco, Abd-el-Aziz, will be sold at auction to-morrow to satisfy loans amounting to $250,000 made to him by Paris pawnbrokers.

For four hours to-day a great gathering of the curious thronged the Hotel Drouot, where the gems were on exhibition. Every class was represented, from the wealthiest and most aristocratic to the meanest and most miserable. Only a hundred persons at a time were admitted to the room where the gems were, and a score of policemen were on guard.

Many of the jewels are of the most gorgeous character, the settings being peculiarly Oriental. A pair of gold armlets studded with precious stones were among the ornaments worn by Fatima, the favorite of the dethroned monarch. There was also a superb diadem composed of pure diamonds surmounted by the crescent of Islam. One emerald was two inches square. The crowd pressed in a dense mass around a case containing about sixty diamonds of extraordinary size. Many magnificent rings were shown which once glittered on the fingers of the ladies of the Sultan's harem.

The jewels to be sold weigh altogether about 200 pounds.

Abd-el-Aziz was dethroned some time ago by a successful revolution under the present Sultan, Mulai Hafid, and it is understood that at least one reason for pawning the royal gems in Paris was the necessity of raising funds for the attempt to save the throne for the former Sultan.

STORM HITS THE WEST.

High Wind, Snow, and Sleet in Chicago—Blizzard Further West.

CHICAGO, Dec. 5.—With the wind blowing fifty-four miles an hour, Chicago was whipped to-day by the severest storm that has swept over the Great Lakes region this season. Rain, followed by snow, fell throughout the day, turning into sleet, which caused the street railroad companies considerable trouble for a time. Trains entering Chicago from the north and northwest were delayed.

Two fishermen who ventured out on the lake from Chicago lost all control of their boat in the storm and were rescued by members of the Jackson Park life-saving crew.

The minimum temperature recorded to-night was 21 degrees.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Dec. 5.—Oklahoma is in the grip of a cold wave and in the western part of the State from one to three inches of snow have fallen.

JOPLIN, Mo., Dec. 5.—With the violence of a blizzard the first storm of the Winter swept over this district last night. The thermometer registers 24 degrees, a drop of forty degrees in ten hours.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Dec. 5.—A fierce storm that swept Southwestern Indiana to-day caused great damage in Terre Haute. A score of persons were hurt by flying debris, and a girl was seriously injured when the buggy in which she was riding with her father, J. V. Clatfelter, was overturned. The Wabash Distillery was wrecked. The roofs of the buildings of the Goldsmith Commission Company and of Hulman & Co., wholesale grocers, were torn away. Many persons were blown over in the streets.

HE JOINS THE "TRULY HAPPY."

Old Fisherman Buried in the Cemetery Where He Said Peace Reigned.

"There is no strife in the cemetery," old Albert Silvester Klapp, ex-fisherman, used to say when they asked him why he spent so much time in St. Peter's Cemetery, the Bronx. "There people are truly happy." There, according to his wish, he was buried yesterday. Mr. Klapp, with a short square beard of white and the rugged face of a man who had faced all weathers, was 84 years old, and his death was set down to old age. He was well known in the region of Eastern Boulevard and Willow Lane, where he lived with a married daughter for nearly thirty years. But he was far better known by the gardeners and caretakers of the old cemetery with St. Peter's Church in its centre.

There the greater part of every day in all those years he strolled, his hands tucked into the pockets of his short seaman's jacket, a stick under one arm; in Summer, sitting beneath the big trees.

"There is no worry here," he would tell the people; "only quiet and happiness. No hurrying for money or fame."

When they dug up a grave in the cemetery that had become nameless, he would stand at one side watching, and then search in the earth for bones of the dead. These he carried home. It is said that in his room he had a large collection. He told friends they were momentos of people who now lived in peace.

SAVE A DAY TO ST. LOUIS.
Southwestern Limited—New York Central Lines—leave New York 2:45 P. M., arrive St. Louis 1:45 P. M. next day.—Adv.

SWITCHMEN IN EAST PREPARE FOR STRIKE

Men Between Buffalo and Chicago Will Present Demands to Railroads To-day.

HIGHER WAGES TO BE ASKED

Northwest Railroads Declare Snow Hampers Freight More Than Strike—Wheat Now Moving.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 5.—Authority to call a strike of all union switchmen between Buffalo and Chicago, if such a course is deemed necessary, is vested in a committee of the union which goes to Chicago to-morrow to negotiate with the General Managers of the nineteen railroads for a settlement of certain demands.

A referendum vote to secure the sentiment of the organization and to give the committee a free hand was taken some time ago, according to Grand Vice President Burt, who is in charge of the Buffalo district during the absence of President Hawley in the Northwest to superintend the strike in that territory.

The district east of Chicago includes not only Toledo, Fort Wayne, Detroit, and other important centres, but also takes in points as far south as Pittsburg, so that the ranks of the strikers will be increased by between 12,000 and 15,000 men, if the negotiations which begin at Chicago to-morrow fail.

The demands to be submitted at Chicago will be for an increase in wages of 6 cents an hour, time and a half for overtime exceeding a ten-hour day, double time for Sundays and holidays, and a modification of the physical test. Of these demands was sent to the General Managers of the lines in the Chicago-Buffalo district on Nov. 6, so that the thirty days' limit in which a reply must be made expires to-morrow.

Grand Vice President Burt to-day received a telegram from President Hawley requesting him to notify all terminals that the situation in the Northwest is satisfactory to he union officials. There have been no desertions from the ranks, the message said, and the union has received assurances of the support of the American Federation of Labor.

ST. PAUL, Dec. 5.—Cold and snow are now delaying freight traffic on the Northern Pacific and some parts of the Great Northern railroads more than the strike of switchmen, according to statements issued by the General Managers of these roads to-night.

General Manager Slade of the Northern Pacific, declared that freight is more or less tied up all along the system by the snow, especially in Northern Minnesota and North Dakota. Passenger trains are from one to four hours late in St. Paul to-night. The Northern Pacific has now all the switchmen needed here and new arrivals are sent West. Fifteen switch engines are working at Tacoma and business is opening up at Seattle.

General Manager Gruber of the Great Northern announced to-night that to-day his company had moved 75 cars of wheat into Minneapolis, and that freight was handled at the Minnesota transfer for the first time since the strike.

CHICAGO, Dec. 5.—Unions affiliated with the Chicago Federation of Labor to-day indorsed the stand taken by the switchmen in the Northwest, and pledged the strikers moral and financial support. Attacks were made in the Federation meeting on the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen for its refusal to support the strike.

Chicago switchmen expect to be drawn into the conflict. J. B. Conners, Vice President of the Switchmen's Union of North America, declared to-day that if a strike is ordered here the switchmen belonging to the Brotherhood of Railway Trainment will go out with the switchmen, who are also members of the switchmen's union.

In discussing the attitude of the brotherhood, John Fitzpatrick, President of the Chicago Federation of Labor, said the resolutions of the Duluth Board of Trade commending the brotherhood in ordering its men back to work was in itself sufficient to show that it was not a labor union.

TRAINMEN PREDICT VICTORY.

Leaders Think Railways Will Grant Their Demand for a 10 Per Cent. Rise.

James Murdock, President of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, was in this city for a few hours yesterday arranging with members of the Brotherhood of local importance for the final shaping of the demand for a 10 per cent. increase in wages which will be made simultaneously on thirty-two Eastern railways at the end of this week.

That a demand of this kind will certainly be made in this way by the 101,000 members of the Brotherhood working in the East was definitely announced yesterday by a prominent member of the organization after Mr. Murdock had left the city. Early in the week he will return to make more detailed plans.

The spokesman for the Brotherhood said that Mr. Murdock and other authoritative trainmen expected to win their demand without a strike, but that if they failed to do so they were determined to strike. That would entail the tieing up of all the large terminals, particularly here and in Philadelphia.

Before anything of that sort could come about, however, a secret vote would have to be taken throughout the Brotherhood. It is understood, also, that a second poll to make sure of the consensus of opinion on the demand would be taken.

The returns of the first poll, taken two or three days ago, are still coming in to the various sections and lodges of the Brotherhood, but as there seems to be no question that the two-thirds required to make it a vote have favored the demand, the plans for it are going forward.

Members of the Brotherhood pointed out yesterday that the Switchmen's strike in St. Paul and elsewhere in the West, while it had nothing to do with the approaching crisis here, would strengthen the position of the Eastern strikers, since Eastern roads were considerably affected by a big strike in the West.

The Switchmen's Union is really an organization antagonistic to the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. The Brotherhood represents that it has twice the number of switchmen in its ranks that there are in the whole Switchmen's Union. That was organized some eight years ago, largely, say the members of the Brotherhood, from their own expelled members and malcontents of a socialistic turn of mind.

Their official organ is plainly socialistic. They are associated with the American Federation of Labor, while the Brotherhood is not, though it sometimes acts with the Federation in pushing mutually beneficial legislation. According to the Brotherhood, members of the Switchmen's Union now striking, have sometimes acted against them as strike breakers.

Mr. Murdock has charge of the Northeastern district of the Brotherhood, but future action, such as a second poll, before the declaration of a strike, will fall mainly on W. G. Lee, Grand Master of the Brotherhood, to whom the various lodges are now sending returns of the first poll.

Both Mr. Murdock and Mr. Lee, according to the spokesman for the Brotherhood in this city, look for a peaceable settlement. They believe that they stand at present on a friendly basis with the employers, and that the demand will be acceded to quietly. They realize, as the employers do, in view of the Western difficulties, how serious a wholsale strike in this region would be. They say they intend, so far as possible, to continue on a conservative policy.

CHANGE IN MORGAN FIRM?

Standard Says London House Will Become Morgan, Grenfell & Co.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 5.—The London Standard says it is understood that an important change in the constitution of the London firm of J. S. Morgan & Co. will shortly be effected.

"We believe," it says, "that from the beginning of 1910 the title of the firm will be changed to Morgan, Grenfell & Co., and the important difference will be made in the partnership that the two American firms of J. P. Morgan & Co. of New York and Drexel & Co. of Philadelphia will become partners.

"The previous arrangement has been that J. P. Morgan and J. P. Morgan, Jr., were the only partners of the American firms interested in J. S. Morgan & Co. of London."

LOUNSDALE HAS COOK DATA.

By Wireless He Says Complete Papers Are in His Possession.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 5.—Walter Lounsdale, secretary of Dr. Frederick A. Cook, who is on board the Danish steamer United States, sent a wireless dispatch to THE NEW YORK TIMES London office by way of Whitley Bay, Newcastle, at 12:32 o'clock this afternoon.

"I have Dr. Cook's papers complete with me," he says. "His whereabouts cannot at present be divulged. He is in retirement, seeking rest and quiet, and will do nothing until Copenhagen University examines his report."

CHRISTIANIA, Dec. 5.—Walter Lounsdale, secretary to Dr. Frederick A. Cook, arrived to-day at Christiansand aboard the steamer United States. He said that he had with him all of Dr. Cook's records and report concerning his north pole expedition. Mr. Lounsdale said that when he left New York Dr. Cook was suffering from overwork, but could not be described as "broken down." He added that when he delivered the documents to the authorities of the University of Copenhagen he would be ready to give information concerning Dr. Cook's future plans.

Other passengers on board the United States said that they observed Dr. Cook giving directions to his secretary just before the steamer left New York.

KILLED A BURGLAR.

Allen Awoke to Find Intruder in His Apartment and Shot Him.

James Allen, who lives on the fourth floor of the apartment house at 198 Third Avenue, shot and killed an unknown man supposed to have been a burglar, in his apartment soon after 2 o'clock this morning.

Both Allen and his wife were asleep in the apartment, into which they moved last Wednesday, when Allen was awakened by the barking of his fox terrier, which slept at the foot of the bed. Allen told the police that on awakening he heard a footstep in the private hallway, and then saw the form of a man in the doorway of the bedroom. He drew his revolver from under his pillow and fired at the man, who fell to the floor dead.

SHOWMAN GETS GUILLOTINE.

Will Use Relic of Reign of Terror to Illustrate Songs.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 5.—A guillotine employed during the reign of terror, which was sold yesterday at auction for an insignificant price, is said to have been purchased for a well-known vaudeville showman, nicknamed "The Noisy Alexander," whose resort many Americans have visited.

He declares his intention of using the sinister apparatus on the stage to illustrate some of the topical ditties which he sings. It will first be paraded through the streets of Paris as an advertisement.

FATAL DUEL IN BOLIVIA.

One Senator Shoots Another Dead Following Quarrel in Debate.

LA PAX, Bolivia, Dec. 5.—Senator Fernandes Molina was shot dead to-day in a duel with Senator Adolfo Trigo Acha. The two quarreled during a debate in the Senate over the promotion of the ex-President of Bolivia, Col. Ismael Montes, to the rank of General.

They fought at an early hour this morning with revolvers, and Acha's bullet struck his adversary in the head.

ASTOR ILL, ENDS TRIP.

Has Slight Fever When Yacht Reaches Jacksonville—Starts North To-day.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Dec. 5.—Col. John Jacob Astor and party, on his steam yacht Nourmahal, reached port this morning from San Juan, Porto Rico, and remained aboard the yacht to-night.

The party will leave to-morrow evening on Col. Astor's private car for the North. Col. Astor could not be seen, being indisposed on account of a slight fever contracted while in San Juan.

Capt. Roberts stated that on the day of the Nourmahal's arrival in San Juan the cable was broken, making it impossible for outsiders to locate the vessel when she was reported lost.

THANKS TO UNTERMYER.

Children of the Woman He Defended for Murder Express Their Gratitude.

This letter sent to Samuel Untermyer by the children of Mrs. Augusta Crisanti, whose acquittal of the murder of her husband he obtained in General Sessions last week when assigned by the court as counsel for the defense was sent by the writers to THE TIMES yesterday:

To S. Untermeyer, Esq.:

We, the children of Augusta Crisanti, take this opportunity of publicly thanking you for the interest you have taken in our mother and for all that you have done in her behalf; and, furthermore, for the generosity you have shown toward her. Yours respectfully,

ALFREDO and MARIA CRISANTI.

If a KREMENTZ Collar Button gets damaged from any cause, you get a new one free.—Adv.

THRONG CHEERS ON THE GIRL STRIKERS

8,000 Gather in the Hippodrome on Mrs. Belmont's Call to Bid Them Triumph.

SUFFRAGE PLEAS PUT IN

The Rev. Dr. Anna Shaw Declares Women Must Finally Fight for Their Rights.

Socialism, unionism, woman suffrage and what seemed to be something like anarchism were poured into the ears of fully 8,000 persons who gathered yesterday afternoon in the Hippodrome to attend the mass meeting held there by Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, President of the Political Equality Association, in the interest of the striking shirtwaist makers of the city. But all the speakers told the girls—for 65 per cent. of the audience was girls—that the strike they were engaged in was a worthy fight which they ought to win.

The chairman was the Rev. John Howard Melish, Rector of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Brooklyn.

The Hippodrome could not hold all who wanted to attend the meeting. The doors were opened at 1:30 o'clock. By 2 the Hippodrome was filled, and the police outside, of whom there were enough to suppress a riot, firmly turned back hundreds long before they approached the outside doors of the building.

The speaking did not begin until after 2 o'clock, but the audience was entertained by a band while they waited. A generous collection was taken up to help the girls win their fight against their employers. The speakers were applauded enthusiastically.

The stage settings were for a woman suffrage meeting. Flags of blue on both side walls carried the words in white, "Votes for Women." Three small drops hung down from the curtain machinery, all carrying arguments in big letters which the girls in the rearmost seats could read. "We demand equal pay for equal work," the audience read; and "Give women the protection of the vote."

Statistics About Walls.

There were a lot of figures showing the relative pay of men and women school teachers in the city schools; statements that woman suffrage had been indorsed already by the Bricklayers' and Masons' Union of 70,000, by the W. C. T. U., the National Grange, the American Federation of Labor of 1,340,000 persons, the United Mine Workers, and by many other organizations.

Some figures were rather large on the drops said there were 6,000,000 women wage-earners in the United States, 880,000 in New York State and 500,000 in this city. It was set forth that may women workers over 21 years of age were getting only 6 cents an hour for work in white goods, 9 cents an hour for work in human hair goods and 7 cents an hour for laundry work.

Mrs. Belmont did not sit on the stage, which was crowded. She had a box, to which she had invited all the city officials. Chairman Melish read a statement saying Mrs. Belmont had sent letters of invitation to all these officials, telling them what the meeting was for. Mayor McClellan had intimated, the statement said, that he wasn't interested in the welfare of 40,000 striking girls, and that he couldn't be in town anyway.

District Attorney Jerome was necessarily absent, the statement went on; Corporation Counsel Pendleton was to be out of the city, and Police Commissioner Baker could make no promises. President Winthrop of the Board of Education would try to come, but he doubted if he could be there. Supt. Maxwell and Health Commissioner Darlington wrote their thanks for the invitation and said they would be present.

Bishop Greer had said he was in sympathy with the strike, declared the statement, and Archbishop Farley, who was visited by Mrs. Belmont, expressed his sympathy and appointed Mgr. Lavelle to represent him at the meeting. The management of the Hippodrome, because of the purpose of the meeting, had deducted $200 from the usual price for an afternoon meeting.

Protest Against Power.

Finally, when the speaking got started. Chairman Melish said the meeting had been called to protest against the use of the police power by any one class in the community against another, and also to inform the public what the girls were enduring and what they wanted.

William A. Coakley, representing the Central Federated Union, with a membership in New York of 250,000, which has appointed a committee of twenty-one to help the girls in their strike, said his committee was to speak before the organization of employers next week. He hoped they would be able to bring the employers and employes together.

He had already been told, he said, by one employer that all the demands of the strikers would be granted except the first one—recognition of the union. He advised the strikers to hold out to the last for that first demand, for without it all the other concessions would be rescinded by the employers, so that the workers would presently find themselves just where they were before the strike.

Coakley told the old, old story about the Irish sculptor who was walking through a graveyard, and upon seeing an inscription about following the man below, graved a little rhyme on the tombstone saying—but what's the use? Every person in New York has heard the story. A lockout is hereby declared against it.

The Rev. Dr. Anna Shaw spoke long and passionately, and these are some of the things she said:

"Our cause is your cause, and your cause is our cause. (Our cause referring to woman suffrage.)

"Personally I believe in trade unions. You can't strike a blow with one finger or two fingers, but when you want to strike you put all your fingers together, clinch them hard, and then let drive. That's what the workers must do with themselves if they would be effective.

Driven from Homes.

"Men keep telling us we should go back to the home and do the work our grandmothers did. We can't; the men have taken that work out of the home, have put in factories, and we must go out of the home to do it. The sun never shone upon a generation whose women loved the home more than the women of this generation. We don't go out to work because we like it. We don't accept half pay in competition with men because we don't care for money. We do those things because we have to.

"The truth is, children are driving us both out of work. Give the women the power of the ballot and we will put those children to school, we will equalize the pay so that there will be less inducement for men to hire women to do their work, and we will improve conditions so that there will be less need for women to go out to work.

"The men in labor unions say it is hard to hold together women in a union; that such unions are a load to carry. Give the women the vote, so that we may become as powerful in politics as our number justifies, as powerful as the men are because of their votes, and we shall

ease to be a burden; we'll fight our own battles.

"Women don't want to dictate to men, but we don't want men to dictate to us. We want to be free.

"A preacher wrote to me saying that I ought not to speak at a meting of this kind on Sunday. He said I should not be preaching unrest on this day. My Gospel is that they who resist tyranny serve God."

Dr. Shaw said there ought to be women policemen, women officials of all kinds, so that everywhere and under all conditions in this country women could be dealt with by women.

"The interests of men are not safe in the hands of women," she said, "and the interests of women are not safe in the hands of men."

The Rev. Alexander Irvine also made an impassioned speech.

"This fight is simply a fight between right and wrong," he said. "This is not a local fight. It is going on all over the world. It is the fight of God against wrong.

"The only thing the manufacturers want to keep you from doing is the only thing worth doing. Get your union; fight for it to the last."

An Irishman himself, Mr. Irvine said he was ashamed of the Irish police for the way they had treated women in this strike. He quoted Archbishop John Hughes as saying that there is no law of God or nature which forbids a man to take bread when he is starving.

"We will fight under the law as long as we can," he cried out, "and then when we are pushed too far we'll turn and fight like beasts."

Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes defended Socialism. "The interests of the employer and the employe were opposed, she said, and they could not work fairly together any length of time. She painted the picture of a huge rock in the path of all the workers. They couldn't climb over it, nor get around it. The workers were now right at this rock. They had already been smashing at it with the hammer of organization, and she could see it breaking here and there. Presently, she was sure, it would go to pieces under the blows, and then the way would be clear to the co-operative commonwealth. The rock was capitalism.

She had no grudge against capitalists individually and personally. She did not hate individual mosquitos and flies. But she refused to let them live a parasitic life on her, and so she was doing all she could to destroy the breed of parasitic capitalists.

Public Mastello spoke in Italian, and Leonora O'Reilly delivered a labor union speech.

WANT STRIKE ARBITRATED.

John Mitchell and Marcus M. Marks Suggest a Board of Six.

A proposal to settle the strike of the shirtwaist makers, which is likely to be adopted, was made last night in a letter which was sent to I. B. Hyman, President of the Associated Waist and Dress Manufacturers, and Solomon Schindler, Secretary of the Waistmakers' Union, Local 25. The letter read:

Dear Sir: Appreciating the great advantage to all parties concerned in settling at the earliest possible moment the differences between the workers and employers in the shirt waist and dress manufacturing industry, and recognising the fact that the impartial judgment of those who are disinterested might help to bring about an adjustment which would be approved by the general public opinion, we respectfully suggest that you refer the case for decision to a board of six arbitrators, two to be selected by you, two by the other side, and the remaining two by these four, the judgment of the majority to be binding on both sides.

If this plan does not meet with your approval, have you another which you believe might lead to a speedy ending of the strike? Otherwise a test of strength to the end would entail great suffering and hardship to many, and even then would prove only which side is the stronger, not which side is right.

Respectfully yours,
JOHN MITCHELL,
MARCUS M. MARKS.

Mr. Mitchell is Chairman of the trade agreement department of the Civic Federation, and Mr. Marks, who is President of the National Association of Clothiers, is also a member of the federation. The latter said that they wrote the letter as individuals.

"From what I can gather," he said, "I have good hopes that both sides will agree to this plan."

KNOX BARS POLITICS IN DIPLOMATIC CORPS

Gets Taft to Issue an Order Providing for Lesser Appointments by Examination.

ADVANCE BASED ON MERIT

Men with Good Records Can Win Ministers' Posts—Efficiency Records for Clerks in Department.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—President Taft, at the suggestion of Secretary Knox, has taken an important step to provide the United States with a permanent, well-trained diplomatic corps. Mr. Knox made public to-day an executive order recently issued which provides for the appointment to the lesser places in the diplomatic service based on examinations and without regard to politics; for records of efficiency of men in the service, and for promotions even to the rank of Minister based on merit alone.

Secretary Knox's letter, suggesting the changes, is as follows:

Department of State, Washington.
Nov. 26, 1909.

My Dear Mr. President:

The remarkable growth of the political and commercial foreign relations of the United States and the increasing difficulty of the problems growing out of these relations which have to be dealt with through the instrumentality of the diplomatic service, make it apparent that some improvement should speedily be made in the organization of that service.

It seems particularly desirable that in the interest of a more efficient foreign personnel an effort should be made to test more fully the qualifications of young men desirous of entering the diplomatic service as secretaries and to provide regulations which shall tend to encourage such a degree of efficiency on the part of secretaries as may justify their promotion to the higher grades and ultimately to the grade of Minister. It is also of the highest importance that there should be a closer relationship between the two branches of the foreign service and the Department of State than has hitherto existed.

With a view to the attainment of these objects I have the honor to submit for your approval a draft of an order providing a board of examiners for the diplomatic service, indicating the subjects and methods of examination and prescribing certain other rules conducive to that increase in the efficiency of the departmental, diplomatic and consular personnel, which appears to be so desirable.

I have the honor to be, Mr. President, with great respect, very sincerely yours,
P. C. KNOX.

President Taft's Order.

President Taft issued the order the same day. He bases his action on Section 1,753 of the Revised Statutes governing the civil service. His order in the beginning says:

The Secretary of State is hereby directed to report from time to time to the President, along with his recommendations, the names of those secretaries of the higher grades in the diplomatic service who by reason of efficient service have demonstrated special capacity for promotion to be chiefs of mission.

There shall be kept a careful efficiency record of every officer of the diplomatic service, in order that there may be no promotion except upon well established efficiency as shown in the service, and that retention in the service may be conditioned upon the officers maintaining a degree of efficiency well up to the average high standard which the interests of the service demand.

Initial appointments from outside the service to secretaryships in the diplomatic service shall be only to the classes of Third Secretary of Embassy, or, in case of higher existant vacancies, of Second Secretary of Legation, or of Secretary of Legation at such post as has assigned to it but one secretary. Vacancies in secretaryships of higher classes shall be filled by promotion from the lower grades of the service, based upon efficiency and ability as shown in the service.

To make it more practicable to extend to the appointment, promotion, transfer or retention of secretaries in the diplomatic service the civil service principle of promotion on the basis of efficiency as shown in the service, and in order that the action of the Department may be understood by the officers concerned, all secretaryships in the diplomatic service shall be graded according to the importance, volume, difficulty or other aspects of the work done by each mission in proportion to the number of men allotted to it, and this classification shall be made known to the members of the service.

Persons who take an examination and learn the service may be reinstated within a year.

The board which will have charge of the examinations is to be composed of the Assistant Secretary of State, the Solicitor of the Department, the Chiefs of the Diplomatic and Appointments Bureaus, and a representative of the Civil Service Commission.

Nature of the Examinations.

The examinations are to be both oral and in writing and will includes these subjects:

International Law, diplomatic usage, and a knowledge of at least one modern language other than English, to wit, French, Spanish or German.

The natural, industrial and commercial resources and the commerce of the United States, especially with reference to the possibility of increasing and extending the trade of the United States to foreign countries.

American history, government and institutions, and the modern histories since 1850 of Europe, Latin America and the Far East.

Oral examination also to determine the candidate's alertness, general contemporary information, and a natural fitness for the service, including mental, moral and physical qualifications, character, address and general education and good command of English.

In the determination of the final rating, written and oral readings are to be of equal weight, and the physical examination will be supplemental. No person with a general rating of less than 80 out of 100 is to be eligible. The age limits are between 21 and 50 years. Eligible candidates are to be certified to the Secretary, and remain on the list two years. The order goes on:

In designations for appointment subject to examination and in appointments after examination, due regard will be had to the rule that as between candidates of equal merit, appointments should be made so as to tend to secure proportional representation of all the States and Territories in the diplomatic service; and neither in the designation for examination or certification or appointment after examination will the political affiliations of the candidates be considered.

Transfers from one branch of the foreign service to another shall not occur except upon designation by the President for examination and the successful passing of the examination prescribed for the service to which such transfer is made. Unless the exigencies of the service imperatively demand it, such person to be transferred shall not have preference in designation for the taking of the examination or in appointment from the eligible list, but shall follow the course of procedure prescribed for all applicants for appointment to the service which he desires to enter. To persons employed in the Department of State at salaries of eighteen hundred dollars or more, the preceding rule shall not apply and they may be appointed, on the basis of ability and efficiency, to any grade of the diplomatic service.

To govern promotions within the department records of the efficiency of all clerks are to be kept and the Secretary in case of promotions may require an examination like that in the Diplomatic Corps.

His Wells Drained by East Orange.

Frank W. Meeker, of Summit, N. J., who recently won the right in the New Jersey Court of Errors and Appeals to sue the city of East Orange because it had tapped a subterraneous river to the detriment of his wells, will apply to the Court of Chancery this week, his counsel states, for an order enjoining East Orange from drawing further water from its extensive supply until measures have been taken to compensate him fully for his losses.

COTTON EXCHANGE AGAIN CRITICISED

Secretary Smith's Report Points Out That No Steps Have Been Taken to Reform System.

CONDEMNS 'FUTURE' DEALS

Highly Injurious to Legitimate Trade —"Fixed Difference" System Also Causes Serious Damage.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Both the producers of cotton and the dealers in that commodity are the victims of the system of trading in vogue on the Cotton Exchanges of the country.

This is the burden of Parts 4 and 5 of the report of Commissioner of Corporations Herbert Knox Smith on the conduct of such Exchanges. The practice of dealing in futures, as it is carried on at present, is condemned, although the report does not condemn the existence of the Exchange.

"The brief discussion of general speculation in this report," says Mr. Smith, "recognizes the possibilities for good inherent in a great central market like a Cotton Exchange, and the need that this good be developed and evils eliminated by regulations in line with economic law."

The report is especially condemnatory of the dealings in futures, branding this form of speculation as pure gambling and highly injurious to legitimate trade. In quotations for "future" deliveries of cotton, the market is so uncertain and so many elements of chance enter into the transaction that all bids are made at a much lower figure than those offered for cotton actually in existence.

The effect of these fictitious quotations, the report points out, tends to mislead the cotton planter as to the true value of his crop, honestly grown. In addition it leads brokers to play both sides of the market to protect themselves against loss in such trades, with the result that the producer is forced to pay in the end, while the farmer loses likewise.

The report, while recognizing that the Exchanges in New Orleans and New York are necessary, does not mince words in criticising the New York Exchange. The report says:

The two great cotton Exchanges, New York and New Orleans, prescribe certain regulations under which future contracts must be bought and sold. Under these regulations a contract for the future delivery of cotton must be a "basis contract;" that is to say, the price agreed upon is the price of a certain basis grade, to wit, middling cotton, but on maturity of the contract the seller has the option of delivering to the buyer any one or more of a fixed number of grades of cotton at "differences" on or off (above or below) the agreed price of the basis grade.

The crucial point is the method by which these "differences" are determined. Parts I, II, and III pointed out the uneconomic character of the "fixed-difference" system of the New York Exchange. That Exchange arbitrarily fixes the relative values ("differences") of different grades of cotton to be applied in the settlement of future contracts for nearly a year in advance. It is on its face impossible to make successfully as long a forecast of future conditions of supply and demand. These differences will, therefore, often become incorrect. The seller of the contract, exercising his option, will, of course, select for delivery those grades which are at the time most overvauled by such incorrect differences. Therefore the prospective buyer of the contract discounts this danger of overvaluation by bidding less for the future contract itself than he would for "spot" (actual) cotton. Thus, fixed differences inevitably result in frequent depressions of the price of futures as compared with the actual market value of cotton. In 1906-07, when the New York differences greatly overvalued the lower grades, the future price fell as much as 200 points below the spot price of middling. Widespread practical injury to the cotton trade follows from such abnormay depressions.

In closing the letter to President Taft which accompanied his report, Commissioner Smith again takes occasion to reprove the New York Exchange. He says:

"After the publication of the earlier parts of this report the New Orleans and New York Cotton Exchanges established special committees instructed to consider the systems of their Exchanges and to co-operate therein with the Commissioner of Corporations. Conferences have been held by the Commissioner with both committees. On the part of New Orleans this co-operation was very complete, resulting in certain important improvements in the rules of that Exchange. After more than a year's investigation, the committee of the New York Exchange has not yet made any final report or taken any substantial action."

PEPPERMINT HIS AGE MAKER.

Better Than Liquor or Tobacco, Says John Kipp at 103.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, N. J., Dec. 5.—Asserting that peppermint is the best substitute he knows of for tobocco and drink, John Kipp, an inmate of the Warren County Almshouse here, is making preparations for the celebration of his 103d birthday to-morrow. It is said that he eats as much candy as all the other inmates of the almshouse combined and occasionally takes a smoke and chew.

With a memory as clear as though he weren't half his years, Mr. Kipp has been devoting much of his time of late in planning to obtain a part of Brooklyn, now thickly settled, which he says is his by inheritance.

Despite his advanced age Mr. Kipp is active and spry, the only infirmity being a slight lameness as a result of a fracture of his hip which he suffered a few years ago.

Until five years ago Mr. Kipp lived alone in a log house in Independence Township. Four acres of land connected with the property was tilled by this centenarian and in spite of his years he went into the uppermost branches of the fruit trees upon the place, that he might not leave any fruit to rot.

John Kipp was married twice and had five children by his first wife, from whom he has not heard in seven years. He thinks they are living in Middletown, N. Y., where his son, James H. Kipp, wrote him from 221 Worth street on March 5, 1902. His stepson, John Henry, is also an inmate of the almshouse.

TWO WOMEN'S TRUNKS HELD.

Inspectors Find Things In Them That Are Dutiable, They Say.

The five trunks of Mrs. Charles B. Wood, widow of C. B. Wood of Bridgeport, and sister of John C. Eno, who arrived late on Saturday night on the Hamburg-American liner Amerika, were sent to the Appraisers' Stores yesterday. Soon after her arrival she left the pier, leaving her maid to attend to the passing of her baggage.

Mrs. Wood had declared no dutiable goods. The inspector who examined her trunks found many gowns and other articles purchsed abroad. There had been no attempt to conceal the articles. As Mrs. Wood had left the pier and could not be questioned, her trunks were held.

Miss Eleanor Terradell, who also arrived on the Amerika, balked when articles purchased abroad. There had been in this country within two years. She sought to get in under the non-resident clause of the law. She said she had not been here since August, 1907. Deputy Surveyor John Raczkiewicz, after examinging her trunks and searching the records, said he was sure Miss Terradell was here on the Deutschland in 1908. He asked her to swear that she had not been here at that time, but she declined. Her trunks were sent to the Appraisers' stores pending a decision.

FOWLER ATTACKS CANNON.

Also Tells of His Proposed Bill for a Tariff Commission.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Representative Charles W. Fowler of New Jersey gave out to-night a statement outlining and commenting on the Tariff Commission bill, which he will introduce in the House of Representatives. It will provide that Congress shall fix the maximum and minimum tariff schedules and rates, and that the commission, consisting of fifteen members, shall, with the approval of the President, fix the actual rates to be paid at some point between the maximum and minimum rates so established by Congress. But no rate so fixed and approved shall become effective or operative for eighteen months after it has been promulgated by the President, in order that every industry affected by tariff changes may have ample time to adjust itself to the new conditions.

Returning to his attack upon the present control of Congress, Mr. Fowler declares it to be now perfectly clear "that unless the Republican party gets rid of Aldrichism and Cannonism, the people will get rid of the Republican party." Loss of the next House of Representatives, he says, can be avoided "only by emblazoning on our party banners these pledges:

First—We are against Aldrichism and Cannonism.

Second—We demand tariff revision hereafter by evolution and not revolution.

Third—We demand tariff revision based upon ascertained facts and not upon selfish trades and corrupt agreements.

Fourth—We demand a permanent, broad, and responsible tariff commission which shall ascertain these facts, obviate trade wars, and assist in securing and retaining the good will and friendship of all nations by wise, just, and advantageous trade treaties.

He asserts that the people's hopes have been turned to disgust and their faith to resentment, and he says he does not believe that they will permit Mr. Aldrich "to pick their pockets through the legerdemain of words." He prophesies "a thunderbolt of righteous indignation and punitive wrath" as about to "strike, shatter, and paralyze the Republican Party unless it utterly repudiates Aldrichism and its subservient complement, Cannonism."

AFTER SENATOR KEAN'S PLACE

Ex-Gov. Stokes and Murphy and Gov. Fort in the Race.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 5.—While the politicians are resting on their oars waiting for the Republican Senate and House caucus to ratify the legislative slates already made, the application of the new United States Senatorial primary law to the batile over a successor to United States Senator John Kean is occupying the centre of the political stage.

It is understood on reasonable authority that ex-Gov. E. C. Stokes, under whose administration this law was passed, will be the first to take advantage of it in his ambition to succeed Mr. Kean. Mr. Stokes will file a petition and make a campaign tour of the State previous to next year's primaries. The law is that of 1907, and provides that men desiring to be candidates for the United States Senate may be candidates before their party primaries. The people of the State are allowed to express their preference of candidates to the Legislature, and the Legislature is expected to act accordingly, though not obliged to do so.

In the field besides Mr. Stokes will be State Assessor David Baird, ex-Gov. Murphy, former United States Attorney General John W. Griggs, and possibly Gov. Fort, in addition to Mr. Kean himself.

TAFT LIKELY TO SEND MESSAGE ON ZELAYA

Continued from Page 1.

tended with any great show of ceremony. The members generally group themselves around a table, which is mopped at frequent intervals by a colored waiter in a snowy white apron, whose boast is that he can get more clinks out of an ice-filled glass than any other servitor, black or white, in the known world.

Debates are carried on in Spanish and in low tones. Once in a while some excitable member of the party will raise his voice, accompanying his high-pitched flow of language with fiery gesticulations and thumps on the table. Then it is that the "elder statesmen" of the Junta take charge of affairs.

"H-I-S-S-s-s-s-t-t-t-t," they say in unison, holding up admonitory fingers. "Carramba! It is not that this is a market place."

Thus checked, the fire eater generally puts a quick brake on his tongue and thrusts his head forward again into the circle, the conversation falling to a monotone that does not carry six feet away.

The Central American diplomats have much food for debate. According to one of them, they are torn by conflicting emotions. While none except the former representatives of the Nicaraguan government is disappointed at the action of the United States in aiding the movement to overthrow President Zelaya, all would like to know how far this government is prepared to go in its work of policing and regulating the affairs of Central America.

Secretary Knox's letter to Zelaya has been read and re-read by these diplomats, until practically every member of the Junta has committed it to memory. Around the guarded expressions of the letter, which are few in number, the debate in the Junta has raged, each member entertaining a different view of the State Department's implied intentions.

PREDICTS ZELAYA'S FALL.

Costa Rican Graduate of Cornell Gives Him Two Months More.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, Dec. 5.—P. E. Perez, a graduate of Cornell University and son of the leader of the opposition in the Costa Rican Congress, who arrived here from his home in Costa Rica to-day, says Zelaya has only about two months of power before him in Nicaragua.

"The revolutionist army," he said today, "is made up of men who are smarting under years of oppression. It has for one of its leaders a general whom Zelaya imprisoned for nine months in a cell too small to permit him to lie down. He was obliged to stand night and day, and was fed through a small window. Is it any wonder that an army made up of such men is determined?

"Zelaya has made himself immensely wealthy. To keep his power and suppress revolution he has resorted to the most extreme measures. Men have been tortured, imprisoned and killed. Even women have not been spared. The situation is similar to that in Turkey before the Sultan's overthrow.

"As a rule the Costa Ricans sympathize with the revolutionists. They know of the sufferings of their neighbors, but, because of the Washington treaties, the government is bound to keep out of the dispute and to recognize the existing government as long as it has a semblance of power.

"Eventually the United States will probably take the matter in hand and reorganize the Central American Governments."

José Rodriguez, son of the Spanish Consul General at Managua, from whom he has not heard in two months, is also here. He said to-day:

"I know Zelaya personally quite well, and he is a brave man, but he is a tyrant. He has friends who run and tell him of plots against him, for the purpose of winning his favor. He immediately throws the alleged conspirators into prison, where they are tortured.

"The two revolutionary Generals, Estrada and Chamorro, I know very well. They have visited at my father's house often. They are conservatives, and are backed by some of the best people in Nicaragua."

AMERICANS WITH ESTRADA.

Three Former Members of New Jersey Militia in Insurgent Army.

Word has been received in Newark that a wing of the revolutionary army in Nicaragua is commanded by ex-Lieut. William H. Peck, formerly in comand of Company H, First Regiment, New Jersey National Guard. With him are Sergt. Louis Geiger and Private O. S. Schechterle of the same company.

The three were among the best marksmen in New Jersey.

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That the gift chosen is one that will give pleasure, *second:*

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Judged from *both* these standpoints the PIANOLA Piano demonstrates itself practically the *ideal gift.*

There is no one possessing a spark of musical appreciation to whom the PIANOLA Piano does not appeal. Even those whose lives have previously been barren of music, soon become ardent enthusiasts of the PIANOLA Piano.

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Emperor William of Germany, Emperor Franz Josef of Austria, the King of Spain, the Tsar of Bulgaria, almost the entire English Royal Family, and scores upon scores of titled foreigners and well-known Americans have chosen PIANOLA Pianos or PIANOLAS in preference to *all* other instruments of this kind.

With the PIANOLA Piano you receive the benefit of all the progress that has been made in developing this new type of piano.

The *Metrostyle*, which insures an artistic interpretation; the *Themodist*, accenting the melody notes wherever they lie; the Graduated Accompaniment, that furnishes a variating back-ground to the melody; the Sustaining Pedal Device, which insures an artistic use of the piano's sustaining pedal, etc., are all improvements of vital importance to the Piano-player, and yet are exclusive with the PIANOLA and PIANOLA Piano.

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LA MARQUISE CIGARETTES

of a "vintage"

MR. WATSON FINDS SOME DEFENDERS

Serpent-Tongued Women Have Been Too Chivalrously Treated One Correspondent Writes.

POET FEELING CRITICISMS

Philadelphia Not Sure He Will Lecture There—Many Invitations for Him from Prominent New Yorkers.

William Watson, the English poet, was not very communicative yesterday in regard to the controversy which has arisen regarding his poem "The Woman with the Serpent's Tongue" and his application of it to women members of the family of the British Prime Minister. Mr. Watson made it evident that he was beginning to feel the avalanche of criticism which has been launched at his head since the publication in Saturday's TIMES of his statement identifying the Asquiths with the poem.

From Philadelphia last night came news that Mr. Watson may not after all lecture before the Contemporary Club there on Jan. 10. The discussion over the propriety of his conduct in disclosing confidential conversations with Mrs. Asquith and her stepdaughter, has already brought about a division of opinion in the club, and at a committee meeting this week the subject will be brought up.

The secretary, Roland S. Morris, explained to reporters yesterday that tentative arrangements for the lecture were made with Mr. Watson by cable, and that Jan. 10 had been mentioned as the date. Mr. Morris has written to the poet asking for a final decision in regard to the date, but so far has received no reply.

Mr. Watson seemed to be troubled most yesterday about the manner in which he had been quoted in the newspapers here. He was known at home for his bookish form of speech, the poet said, and had never descended to the common type of newspaper humor which so many decadent minds deemed pleasing.

After reading the remarks by Richard Le Gallienne about him in yesterday's newspapers Mr. Watson let it be known that he had reconsidered his intention of inviting the other poet to luncheon on Wednesday. Mr. le Gallienne's statements, Mr. Watson said, were too offensive for the consideration of decent people.

In spite of what he calls the "savage attacks" in the New York press, Mr. Watson is still receiving many invitations from prominent New Yorkers, and he may take comfort from the fact that among the letter writers to the newspapers he finds many defenders. Here are some of the letters received by THE TIMES yesterday—in addition to verse enough to fill a column—in regard to the incident.

Cat and Serpent Women Too Long Immune.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have been much interested in the criticisms of Mr. Watson's action in making public the circumstances that led to his writing "The Woman with the Serpent's Tongue," and am moved to his defense. To accuse him of a lack of chivalry seems to me absurd. Women of the serpent and cat variety deserve no chivalry, and have had too long immunity from punishment for the indiscreet use of tongue or claws, and it is high time some way were found to call them to account.

A man who made as mean remarks as those accredited to the lady who inspired Mr. Watson's poem would long since have had his head punched and some sense of discretion knocked into it, even if the malice could not be knocked out. But chivalry forbids that such appropriate rebuke be given to a woman, and the feminine part of the serpent family has been allowed to flourish unchecked.

I am a woman myself and proud of my sex, but I hail Mr. Watson as a deliverer from the type of which he writes. If these would only limit their own kind all would be well, but, unfortunately, their chief delight is to sting or scratch, according to their nature, "names that among the nobles are," and who scorn to retaliate in kind. STUNG.

New York, Dec. 5, 1909.

Thinks Mr. Asquith Is the Real Offender.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I do not know the great poet Mr. Watson, but I admire him exceedingly in every way, and I want him to know it. I consider that he has done a great good. He shows to the masses a great wrong.

To my mind the influence of women in high official places is to be deplored. I know whereof I speak. I know more than I dare openly write. Let us forget the issue so interesting to most people, as to whether it was cowardly, &c., after accepting tea, and deal with the real question. Why should a man holding a high official position be dishonest enough to permit a woman or women to influence him in appointments where only true merit should hold good? If the two ladies in question had not often discussed the subject with their husband and father many times with ironc, caustic tongues the words would not have tripped out so easily and bitterly to enlighten Mr. Watson as to their cruelty.

Mr. Asquith, to my mind, is the real offender, weak and wavering with his womankind, making his great work secondary, as in so many other cases. I am interested in politics, National and International, and I do not want to vote. But I do want to see the hearts and minds of men clean and upright doing their best and noblest for their country, and if they are too weak, too easily influenced by their women—at home or abroad—give others a chance. The ease with which the two women held up to ridicule a great man, and intimated a knowledge of dishonesty regarding speeches, &c., shows a great necessity for some one of equal power for good openly to reveal to the world such a corrupt condition.

There are great and powerful laws in operation. Mr. Watson is an instrument, I say, for great good, and I am very thankful for his timely poem, deploring at the same time the need for it. He is no more a coward than the men who kill in warfare to save other men, women, and children.

God bless Mr. Watson. GWYNNE.
New York, Dec. 5, 1909.

Watson Code Applied to Watson.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Three silent cheers and a fiddlestick for Saeva Indignatio Watson and his splintered lance! Watson, America hath need of thee! New Yorkers, in particular, have had their sparsity of chivalry cast so frequently into their teeth in the matter of "standing room only for ladies in the Subway," "equal disregard for men and women," and other timeworn truisms of New Yorkish ill-manners, that it is a positive relief to find a real live—let us not say Man, but Poet, from Merry England of the Round-Table Myth, who out-Watsons our own Watsons (and Smiths and Joneses and Boors) in churlishness.

There is one especially noble feature about the near-laureate's code of ethics: it is utterly altruistic. That is to say, it is one of those codes given forth by the inventor as good for all the rest of mankind, but he will have none of it.

What charming naivete in his explanation of his pseudo-Popeian shaft; where, in almost the same breath, he rails in rhyme (not of dictionary origin) at the Premier's daughter for her gossip anent the late lamented speeches of the still more lately lamented Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, and proceeds straightway himself to "blacken goodness in the grave" by raking up Swinburne's slavery to his rhyming dictionary!

The Premier's daughter, at least, could not be accused of professional discourtesy; she was only a woman, and never in anti-suffragette England a Premier. But the poet Watson—Verily, to become a poet one must first become a (peevish) little child! Likewise a little press agent. GNASH.

New York, Dec. 5, 1909.

Watson Evidently Not Chivalrous.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The young lady talked to the poet in a confidential way while she socially entertained him. And the strenuous efforts of both the ladies to apologize for the indiscreetness of the younger one when they saw that the talk was displeasing to the poet should have been accepted as an apology by any one with a forgiving nature. Not to do so, and to write an ugly poem about the woman was bad enough; but to make public the confidential conversation of the younger is not the part of a chivalrous nature. W. K.

New York, Dec. 5, 1909.

A Watson MSS. Poem to be Sold.

An original manuscript of a poem by William Watson, the English poet now visiting this country, will be offered for sale at the Anderson auction rooms at 12 East Forty-sixth Street next week. The manuscript is the first rough draft of a poem entitled "The Dream of Man," which has never been published. It was written by Mr. Watson in the Winter of 1891 and is in blank verse. It is part of the collection of Louis I. Haber, whose entire library will be sold on Wednesday and Thursday.

VASSAR GIRL DISAPPEARS.

Miss Margaret Doherty of Hughsonville Goes for Walk and Vanishes.

Special to The New York Times.

FISHKILL LANDING, N. Y., Dec. 5.—The village of Hughsonville, in Dutchess County, five miles from here, has been thrown into a state of excitement over the disappearance to-day of Miss Margaret Doherty, the eighteen-year-old daughter of the Rev. William H. Doherty of the First Presbyterian Church.

The girl left her home about noon today, telling her mother that she was going for a short walk before dinner. She wore a sweater and brown hat with a white plume. When she had not returned at 3 o'clock and all the neighbors' houses had been visited by her father, the alarm was given. In less than an hour nearly 300 men, women, and children were scouring the vicinity for some trace of her.

Sheriff Townsend and the Fishkill Landing police were notified and the Sheriff and Deputy Sheriff Manning Cleveland started for Hughsonville in an automobile with the bloodhounds, owned by Cleveland. At the Doherty home the hounds took the trail and followed it to a dense thicket nearby.

They carried the trail through the woods to a road which leads in one direction to Wappinger's Falls, and to Fishkill Landing in the other. Here the trace was lost as if the girl had been placed in a wagon. A search along the highway revealed no trace of her.

Miss Doherty was a quiet girl, caring little for the company of young men, and taking great interest in her studies. She was a student at Vassar College and was considered a bright student. When she came home for Thanksgiving she complained of being nervous, and her parents kept her at home for a few days. She was to return to college on Monday, and seemed very anxious to get back.

Mrs. Vanderbilt's Stable Going Abroad

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 5.—Next Thursday the horses and carriages of Mrs. Elsie French Vanderbilt will go to New York, and will be shipped the following Saturday on the Minnetonka for England, where Mrs. Vanderbilt and her son, William Henry Vanderbilt, will arrive this week to spend the Winter. It is Mrs. Vanderbilt's present plan to spend each Winter in London and to take her stable along. While Mrs. Vanderbilt is abroad improvements are being added to Harbourview.

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WOMAN'S INTELLECT BEST IN THE HOME

Dr. Eliot Says She Finds a Greater Field There Than in Man's Occupations.

SERVANTS AS A HINDRANCE

Keep Mothers from Solving Their Problems—Christian Nations' Supremacy Due to Respect for Women.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Dec. 5.—Charles W. Eliot, President Emeritus of Harvard University, believes that home-making should be the crowning desire of woman. In an interview to-day he said that for the normal woman the real intellectual existence was to be found in the exercise of her mind upon the problems presented by home-making, companionship with her husband, and the vital problems of the rearing of children.

"There is a common idea," said Dr. Eliot, "that to procure for herself an intellectual life, as distinguished from a life of sentimental or mechanical routine, a woman needs to have some occupation similar to those of men—that is, she needs to keep a shop, carry on business, have some trade or profession, be skillful in some art which has a commercial use, or be a professional artist or writer. The common life of women in bearing or rearing children and making a home for a family is not thought of as affording the wife and mother the means and opportunities for an intellectual development.

"I do not think this is a rational view. It does not conform to the real experience of a woman of good parts who marries at 24 or thereabouts and brings up a family of five or six children.

"There is no question that a woman who does not pursue the natural and common vocation of women may enjoy an intellectual life in employments similar to those which procure for men a large and enjoyable intellectual development. Many such exceptional women can follow with satisfaction the ordinary professions for men, keep shops, carry on business, labor for churches, schools, and charitable societies, and take an active part in the various social movements which are furthered by public discussion and the active stimulation of public opinion; but these exceptional women will as a rule, contribute far less to the real progress and development of man than the normal women whose intellectual opportunities they are apt to underrate.

"The normal girl, who learns to read, write, and cipher at school, and acquires there a little knowledge of history and literature and taste for reading, finds her means of intellectual development outside of the schoolroom in her practice of the household arts, in her study of clothes for herself and her family, in her enforced careful expenditure of money, in reading, and in her daily intercourse with father and mother, brothers, and sisters, companions and acquaintances. From these things much intellectual training can be extracted by a girl who thinks, and the girl who does not think before she is 24 is not likely to much at any time of her life.

"Suddenly this girl takes into her heart and brain the personality and interests of another human being, a young man. When courtship and marriage are taken thoughtfully, and neither as a matter of mere impulse and emotion nor as a business arrangement, there comes with them a strong intellectual stimulation, and in most cases a widening of the field of observation and thought. With the coming of children the mother not only experiences new joys and new anxieties, but also has many new things to learn and new difficulties to contend with.

"In imparting training to the children the mother herself practices keen observation, the comparative study of her different children, patience, and gentle decisiveness which is quite as much an intellectual as a moral trait. The mother of several children—four, five, or six—has better opportunities of developing her own intellectual life than the mother of one child or two children, because in a large family there are always differences of disposition and capacity among the children, and the children react on each other and on their mother in more ways and more interesting ways.

"So soon as the schooling of the children begins, numerous intellectual problems are set from day to day for the parents. Any mother who follows the mental development of five or six children will get herself a second schooling greatly superior to the first. If a son or daughter goes to college the sympathetic mother will find her own mind enlarged and informed. Again, when her children begin in their turn to mate, all the intellectual force the mother possesses will come into play. It is a lively and profitable mental exercise to keep in touch with the successively developed interests of a group of children from five to twenty years of age.

"Thinking of such subjects and working for such ends is an intellectual pleasure and a civilizing influence for the household and the neighborhood.

"It will be observed that the women who are most apt to lose their chances of obtaining their intellectual life as mothers and heads of families are those who are able to employ servants, nurses and governesses to do their work for them. They do not so surely secure the natural opportunities for mental growth which the direct and unaided care of children provides."

In conclusion Dr. Eliot said that when the name of any serviceable man or woman arises in conversation "we ask who was the mother, the one who in most cases is the guiding hand at the helm when knowledge and righteousness are instilled into the youthful mind which in later years blossom in the field of life and give forth good fruit. That the Christian nations are so successful to-day is because they have a higher estimate of the intellectual and moral capacities of woman and of the dignity and informing quality of her normal occupation."

Bookmakers Hard Hit at Juarez.

JUAREZ, Mexico, Dec. 5.—A big Sunday crowd saw the racing at Juarez to-day. Airs was the medium of a heavy plunge, and her victory was a severe blow to the bookmakers. She was backed down from 20 to 1 to 5 to 1, and at no stage of the six furlongs was the race in doubt, the mare winning by five lengths, pulled up. On Monday there will be no racing.

SUSPECT WARDLAWS OF MANY SWINDLES

Orange Police Think They Have Defrauded Insurance Companies for Years.

HOLD SUSPECT FOR MURDER

Prosecutor Says He Has Abundant Evidence to Connect Aunt with the Death of Mrs. Snead.

County Prosecutor Wilbur A. Mott, Police Chief James Bell, Commissioner Boettler, Detectives Riker and O'Neil and N. R. Haskell and W. L. Cummings of the New York Life Insurance Company spent all yesterdaw afternoon going through the bundles of papers and clothes belonging to the Wardlaw and Snead families which turned up in a Third Avenue drug store several days after Mrs. Virginia Wardlaw was held in connection with the death of her niece, Ocey Wardlaw Martin Snead, in a bathtub in East Orange. At the close of the investigation Prosecutor Mott said he had sufficient evidence to warrant holding Miss Wardlaw for the Grand Jury on the charge of murder.

"There is no doubt in my mind that Miss Wardlaw killed her niece, and that a desire to collect the insurance money was the motive of the crime," said Mr. Mott.

He refused to show the reporters all the contents of the bundles, saying that he did not wish to "expose his hand." He consented to show some of the less essential documents. Of these one was a document signed by F. W. Snead, the missing husband of the dead woman. It was written in pencil on a yellow paper bag about a foot long. It was apparently an assignment of his rights to his wife's life insurance in favor of her grandmother, old Mrs. Martha Elizabeth Wardlaw. It was undated. Here it is:

> Because of the large debts of my wife, Mrs. Ocey Wardlaw Martin Snead, to her grandmother, Martha Elizabeth Wardlaw, for years of support, education, training, and sums of money loaned by Mrs. Wardlaw to Mrs. O. W. M. Snead and to myself, I hereby state and reaffirm that I give my full, free, hearty consent and approval to the transfer and assignment to Mrs. M. E. Wardlaw of all right and titles, interest, and equities of said O. W. M. Snead in and to each and every policy of life insurance which has been issued in and to my wife, Mrs. O. W. M. Snead, and I expressly waive and give up to said Mrs. M. E. Wardlaw all right, title, and claim that I might have in or am supposed to have in said policies, now or at any time hereafter.
>
> F. W. SNEAD.

There were also some verses written apparently by old Mrs. Wardlaw, and a document of the Odd Fellows showing that F. W. Snead, the missing husband of the dead woman, had been made a third degree Odd Fellow in the Linville (Tenn.) Lodge on July 27, 1906, the initiation being approved by State Officers R. L. Gill and Virgil Compton of the order. In spite of Police Chief Bell's statement that he had seven letters written by the dead Mrs. Snead, Prosecutor Mott said yesterday that he had not as yet seen any of her handwriting. Prosecutor Mott seemed to imply that the handwriting question was of minor importance.

"All I have to do is to prove the killing," he said.

After the conference Police Commissioner Boettler said:

"I believe that these women have been working insurance swindles for ten or twelve years. I believe that they have done away with many people."

Practically all the East Orange police were busy yesterday in a vain search for a heavy, rope-bound bag which the accused Miss Wardlaw was seen to carry out of the East Orange house only two hours before she telephoned to the police that her niece was dead in the bathtub. She was seen to leave the house with the bag by a boy. Where she took it no one knows.

After disposing of it she apparently returned to the house and summoned the police. Scraps of paper in the bundle show that the missing husband of the dead woman stayed at the Brevoort House for the night on Nov. 23, but the hotel people don't remember anything about him. The family also seems to have lived at 28 East Eleventh Street and 26 East Twenty-eighth Street from the papers in the bundles. These are furnished-room houses, and have changed hands since the family's stay.

Dr. E. D. Lyon of Grand View, N. Y., a graduate of Princeton in the class of 1878, came to town yesterday and visited the Wardlaw women in the West Twenty-second Street boarding house. He paid the women's arrears and gave them some money. Then he went to East Orange and had a consultation with the accused woman's lawyer, Franklin W. Fort.

"The late John B. Wardlaw, who is a brother of the accused woman, and who died two years ago in the South, was in my class at college," he said last night at the Hotel Astor, where he is staying. "He was a brilliant fellow, and every one who was in Princeton in 1878 knew him. Among these are Chandler Riker of New Jersey, Moses T. Pyne, George B. Armour, Prof. Henry Fairchild Osborne of Columbia, Prof. Ormonde of Princeton, and John A. Campbell, President of the Trenton Banking Company. Wardlaw came from a fine old Southern family. They had money in those days, and I met at several Princeton college functions the woman who now, after all these years, is under arrest.

"Wardlaw excelled in literature and received the Literary Fellowship at Princeton in 1878. He entered the literary profession. I presume the family gradually lost money. There is not a word of truth in the present accusation against Miss Wardlaw. The whole trouble is caused by the reticence of the aged woman through family pride. I have already talked about the case with Chandler Riker, and will visit the Princeton Club to-morrow and enlist the interest of other Princeton graduates."

Franklin W. Fort, the son of Gov. Fort of New Jersey and the counsel of the accused woman, issued last night this statement after a consultation with Dr. Lyon and the accused woman's sisters and mother:

"Miss Wardlaw's innocence of the murder of her niece will be proved within a few days. The family silence up to the present has been due to pride. The whole case will be cleared up in forty-eight hour.

"All will be made clear by Saturday, and I expect that Miss Wardlaw will be discharged. As for the assignment of the policy by Snead, Mrs. Snead and her husband contemplated divorce proceedings some years ago. Snead felt that something was due his wife's grandmother for the financial aid she had given them, and assigned his interest in his wife's life insurance policies to her."

Prosecutor Mott and the East Orange authorities have consented to the burial of Mrs. Snead, and through Dr. Lyon and others the money has been found to keep her from Potter's Field. The funeral will take place on Tuesday at 11 A. M. The burial will be in Mount Hope Cemetery. The body was identified yesterday by Elizabeth Mogg, the nurse who took care of her for one day in the Flatbush house soon after the birth of Mrs. Snead's child.

"Dr. W. H. Pettit sent me to the Wardlaw house in Flatbush on Aug. 18," she said on leaving Kunz's Morgue, where the body lies. "I found that the family had not been there long. Mrs. Snead seemed weak, although not seemingly starved. One of the first things I did was to say that some milk and seltzer should be got for her immediately. The milk and seltzer wasn't obtained within the next half hour. I spoke to Miss Wardlaw, the accused woman, about it, and Miss Wardlaw told me she would get the milk and seltzer when she felt good and ready.

"There was more delay. Then Miss Wardlaw, the accused woman, and I started out together to get the milk. She remarked that the locality seemed lonely, and I answered that I had lived in it for many years. This latter statement seemed to surprise her, and she asked me to return to the house because 'the neighbors might recognize me.'

"I returned to the house. So far as I know the milk was never bought. The sick girl would press my hands and seemed constantly anxious to tell me something. But Miss Wardlaw, the accused woman, was always at my heels. I was told my services were no longer needed that same evening."

County Physician McKenzie said yesterday that he would not be able to tell for some time whether Mrs. Snead was poisoned or not.

"The brain shows no cerebral hemorrhage," he said. "She certainly could not have been taken ill in the bathtub and died in that way. The body is fearfully emaciated. Whether the girl was starved to death I could not say."

Mrs. Henry Kane of 13 Wakeman Avenue, Newark, the owner of the house in East Orange in which young Mrs. Snead was found dead, told this story last night as to the way the Wardlaw family rented the house from her last November. Mrs. Kane says she had advertised that her house was for rent early in November. On Nov. 5, returning home one afternoon, she found a note stuck under her door. It was signed by "Mrs. Snede" of 11 Clinton Street, and contained inquires as to the house.

Mrs. Kane answered the note, and a few days later found another note from "Mrs. Snede" stuck under her door. This note contained the single sentence: "Please let me know the exact size of the bathtub." Mrs. Kane then went over to 11 Clinton Street, wishing to see her prospective tenant personally. She found that no one by the name of Snede was living there, but a woman seemed to be taking "Mrs. Snede's" mail and forwarding it to her. Mrs. Kane says that when Miss Wardlaw subsequently visited the house she complained that the bathtub was "very small."

TIN PLATE STRIKERS QUIET.

Ohio National Guard Keeps Bridgeport Peaceful Under Martial Law.

BRIDGEPORT, Ohio, Dec. 5.—The situation at the Aetna-Standard plant of the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company, where for three days there has been intermittent rioting between strikers and guards, was quiet to-day. Fifteen hundred militiamen entered the town during the night, and, taking possession of the tin plate mills and adjacent property in the name of the State, placed the town under martial law. Fifty thousand sightseers from outlying points thronged the streets.

Vice Presidents Larkin and Lewis of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel, and Tin Plate Workers, representing the greater proportion of the strikers, arrived to-day and were closeted for hours with Joshua Bishop of the Ohio State Board of Arbitration. No statement was made concerning the conference.

It is believed that at least 1,000 of the troops will leave for their homes to-morrow, as the situation is now extremely quiet, and more rioting is highly improbable.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 5.—Acting on reports from Bridgeport that no trouble is expected from the strikers until to-morrow, if then, Gov. Harmon to-night ordered nine companies of the Ohio National Guard which had been held in readiness at their barracks, to be sent to their homes.

The mills of the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company will resume work to-morrow, and there may be some outbreaks then.

ROUGHS ATTACK POLICEMAN.

He Had Been Called to Quell Fight They Started at a Dance.

Policeman O'Neill of the Hamburg Avenue station house in Williamsburg was attacked early yesterday morning in a hall at Hamburg Avenue and Ralph Street, in the course of a fight between members of a so-called social club. There was a dance in the hall, and the fight followed the entrance of a gang of roughs who, it is alleged, annoyed the women dancers.

Policeman O'Neill arrested George Gueterich, a clerk, 19 years old, of 1,442 Pacific Street, who was pointed out to him as the ringleader. As he was marching the prisoner out of the place he was set upon in the lower hall by friends of the prisoner.

O'Neil held on to Gueterich's leg and tried to use his club, but it was taken from him. Some one telephoned to the Hamburg Avenue Police Station that a policeman was being killed and Capt. Becker sent out the reserves. They arrested Henry Wagner and Peter Kennahan of 250 Stockholm Street. The three prisoners were taken to the police station where Gueterich was held for assaulting the policeman and also for disorderly conduct. The other two men were also held for disorderly conduct.

EAST SIDE DINNER FOR TAFT.

President to be Invited to a Feast at Joseph Burger's Cafe.

It became known yesterday that William H. Taft, before he became President, promised to visit the lower east side and dine at Joseph Burger's café in Avenue C if he should attain that office. When the President was in this city last January he dined there as the guest of Secretary of State Samuel S. Koenig, in company with Congressman William S. Bennet, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury James B. Reynolds and other prominent Republicans.

After the feast Burger asked Mr. Taft if he would dine at his café after becoming President, and received a gracious reply in the affirmative.

Burger has had a portrait of the President painted by Antal Iiles, a Hungarian artist in Budapest, which has been hung in the café. A committee will go to Washington in a few days to see the President and ask him to fix the date for the dinner, which will be given under the auspices of the Federal Club of the Sixth Assembly District, of which Mr. Koenig is the leader.

HOLDS COURT IN DRUG STORE.

Kentucky Judge Promptly Holds Deserting Soldier for Trial.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Dec. 5.—Judge Shackelford Miller, senior jurist of Louisville and Chancellor of the County Bench, sat on a stool in a drug store to-night and held court.

The case was that of Frank Bebedick, a member of the First Kentucky Infantry, who previously in the day had led twenty uniformed soldiers, headed by a Captain, a mile chase through the business streets of Louisville. Bebedick was wanted for refusing to respond to military duty in connection with the internal row which is threatening the future of the First Kentucky Regiment.

While the cash register jingled and customers drank soda water, Judge Miller heard arguments and evidence and held Bebedick in $200 bond to appear on Wednesday before the regular Chancery Court.

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SANTA BANA, Perfecto size, box of 50, $1.50

UNITED CIGAR STORES

BOYS ESCAPE IN FIRE AT TRAINING SCHOOL

Four Disappear After a Suspicious Blaze in Brooklyn Institution Recently Investigated.

STARTS IN A PILE OF PAPER

Youngsters' Bucket Brigade Puts the Flames Out Before the Firemen Arrive.

Coincident with a fire which aroused the suspicion of incendiarism among the authorities, several boys of the Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School for Boys, on Eighteenth Avenue, between Fifty-seventh and Fifty-eighth Streets, Brooklyn, escaped last night.

The school is the one where disclosures of harsh discipline and mismanagement were made after a presentment by the Grand Jury of Kings County a few weeks ago. This led to the dismissal of the Superintendent, and John Haitney is in charge now as Acting Superintendent.

He and his assistants are now investigating the fire, which, had it not been discovered promptly, might easily have swept through the rickety old frame building. As to the runaway boys, the police of the Parkville Station say that the training school people gave them the names of four—Matthew Fields, Samuel Schumacher, John Malen, and Victor Olsen—but the authorities say that only Schumacher and Fields are missing. They escaped during the fire or just before it.

Albert Haywood, guard of the training school, saw smoke pouring from the one-story wooden frame wing to the four-story building of the school just as the 200 boys were assembling for dinner. He took one look through a window and saw that a big pile of paper in a corner of the washroom was blazing. Then he ran into the main hall, sent in an alarm, and tugged at the rope of the school fire bell.

The 200 boys, calm under the eyes of guards and monitors, fell into a column of twos, as trained to do, and quietly marched to the yard. There the older ones were formed into a bucket brigade. They worked smoothly, and just as the engines clattered up had the blaze out. Roll call instantly followed. Either two or four boys did not answer to their names, and they could be found nowhere. The police were then notified, and whether it was that two boys turned up later or what the names of four boys said to be at large were given to the police.

As for the fire and its origin, the school authorities cannot explain. They say the fact that papers were piled in the corner does not necessarily make the thing suspicious, for papers are often collected in that way, but they are of the opinion that the pile could not have caught fire by accident.

CITY LOSES YERKES GALLERY.

Pictures of Street Railway Man to be Sold—Hospital Will Benefit.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 5.—The City of New York will in all probability never get the art gallery from the Yerkes estate, provision for which was made in the will of Charles T. Yerkes. As a result of the failure of attorneys for Mrs. Yerkes and for the executor to agree on the value of the estate as appraised by Robert S. Iles, not only the Yerkes picture gallery, but all the personal property of the estate, will be transformed into cash.

After the payments of debts and of the widow's allowance, the residuary estate will go to the Yerkes hospital in New York City, another beneficiary of the will. When the attorneys met before Judge Rinaker on Friday to listen to the report of Mr. Iles the plan for disposing of the estate was discussed. It is proposed to utilize the two weeks' delay granted by Judge Rinaker in making a catalogue of all the works of art in the gallery. When the appraiser makes his report on Dec. 15 a request will be made for a court order to sell the pictures.

"Mr. Yerkes provided in his will that the Fifth Avenue house and the pictures it contained were to be given to New York City, to be known as the Yerkes Gallery," said Attorney Clarence Knight, to-day. "After the payment of the debts and the widow's share, whatever is left will go into the Yerkes Hospital, according to the will.

"The Illinois statutes do not provide expenses for the appraiser, and Mr. Iles gained his values from written opinions and from the inventory of the pictures, without ever having seen the gallery. Instead of $4,000,000 I am sure $1,500,000 is a fair figure of the value."

Mr. Yerkes, who died on Dec. 29, 1905, left to his wife $200,000 absolutely, the residence and picture gallery at Fifth Avenue and Sixty-eighth Street during her life, and one-half of his residuary estate. Upon her death the house was to be turned into the Yerkes Gallery, and out of the principal of the one-half of the estate left to Mrs. Yerkes $750,000 was to be given to the maintenance of the gallery.

It was also provided that out of Mrs Yerkes's share on her death not more than $800,000 was to be set aside to buy land and put up buildings in the Bronx for a hospital.

The complication over the pictures and the gallery will mean that the hospital will get considerably more for its maintenance than was at first thought. No advice was left about this hospital, except that it was to be situated in the Bronx and that it was to be open to all without reference to their race, creed or color; and that any man might call for treatment there whether he had means or not.

Spanish Reservists Ordered Home.

MADRID, Dec. 5.—Orders have been sent to Melilla for the discharge and return home of 4,000 reservists.

AUTO MISHAPS YESTERDAY.

Many Chauffeurs Arrested for Accidents and Speeding.

An automobile in charge of Bert Stevenson of 572 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn, and containing Philip Rosenthal of 519 Rockaway Avenue, Brooklyn, and Fannie Rosenthal, 21 years old, of 224 West Ninety-fourth Street, Manhattan, ran down Alfred Mason of 57 Ten Eyck Street, Williamsburg, an employe of the Bridge Department, on the north roadway of the Williamsburg Bridge early yesterday morning. Mason was a street sweeper, and did not get out of the automobile's path in time. He was not seriously hurt. The chauffeur was arrested.

After knocking down Kate Sullivan, an employe of the Longacre Hotel, at Forty-ninth Street and Broadway, yesterday afternoon, the chauffeur of an auto picked her up and drove to Roosevelt Hospital. There he left her and hurried away before the police arrived. Two witnesses followed the chauffeur to the hospital and gave the license number of the machine to the police. The woman was only slightly injured.

Four automobile drivers were held for trial by Magistrate Herrman in the Morrisania Court yesterday on the charge of exceeding the speed limit. One of the men, Harry S. Rogers, 24 years old, of 129 South Fourth Avenue, Mount Vernon, and who is employed by William F. Tilton of 19 Summit Avenue, Mount Vernon, was arrested after a chase of more than three miles by Policeman Nerney on a motor cycle.

Thomas Carey, 32 years old, of 106 West Sixty-fourth Street, who said he was employed by R. Sutro of 44 Pine Street, was held in $300 bail for trial on the charge of speeding and $100 for having no chauffeur's badge. He was arrested on the Boston Post Road for going twenty-seven miles an hour. William H. Browning, 44 years old, of 18 West Fifty-fourth Street, was held in $300 bail for trial. He was arrested by Policeman Remington on the Boston Post Road for going at the rate of twenty-eight miles an hour. Charles Samick, 29 years old, of 140 East Fifty-third Street, who said he was employed by Arthur C. James of 92 Park Avenue, was also held for trial in the same amount.

MAN KILLED BY AN AUTO.

Wife and Children See Him Run Down in a Jersey City Street.

Andrew Darcumowis, father of nine small children, who worked as a barber, died in St. Francis's Hospital, Jersey City, yesterday as the result of injuries he received when knocked down by an automobile owned by Nelson Vanderhoof, a coal merchant at Cole and Fourth Streets. His death occurred a few minutes after the accident.

Darcumowis lived with his family at 25 Brunswick Street, Jersey City. They were out for a walk and were homeward bound. The father watched his family safely across Fourth Street and then started to follow. Suddenly Vanderhoof's touring car turned from Cole into Fourth Street. Darcumowis saw it coming, but seemed unable to get out of its way. The nose of the machine struck him in the side and as he fell a mud guard struck his head, fracturing the skull.

The automobile was stopped and Mr. Vanderhoof lifted the injured man and his family into it and gave orders to hurry to St. Francis's Hospital. Life was ebbing fast and a few minutes after admission to the institution the injured man died.

In the automobile with Mr. Vanderhoof, who lives at 244½ Fourth Street, were his son Albert, who acted as chauffeur, and a friend, Harold Maypother. Young Vanderhoof was held by the police for examination to-day.

FOR UNIFORM AUTO LAWS.

Civic Federation Will Move Their Adoption at Washington Convention.

The officers of the National Civic Federation reported yesterday that the laws regarding the speed of automobiles would be taken up at the National Conference on Uniform Legislation in all the States to be held under the auspices of the federation in Washington on Jan. 5, 6, and 7. This statement was made on behalf of the National Association of Automobile Manufacturers:

"In fourteen States, as in New York, the maximum rate of speed allowed is twenty miles an hour, with a limit of ten miles an hour on closely built sections of towns and cities, fifteen miles an hour on other sections, and four miles an hour on bridges, curves, and steep descents. In seven States twenty-five miles an hour is the maximum speed allowed, with limitations ranging in accordance with the locality. In three States twenty-four miles an hour is the maximum. The maximum speed in one State is sixteen miles an hour, in five States fifteen miles an hour, and in one State eight miles an hour."

AUTO ENGINE FLIES TO FIRE.

Morristown Company Makes 13 Miles in 21 Minutes and Ends Peapack's Fire.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Dec. 5.—A fire that started in the general store of John M. Allen in Main Street, Peapack, this morning destroyed two other stores and two residences before it was checked. The loss was $50,000. The Peapack Fire Department, unable to cope with the fire with its gasolene pump, asked aid of neighboring towns. The fire companies of Far Hills, Bernardsville, and Mendham responded. Chief Engineer J. Fred Runyon, of the Morristown Department, was asked to aid. He took the automobile chemical engine to Peapack, covering the thirteen miles and being at work on the fire in twenty-one minutes.

The Morristown men relieved the country firemen, who were almost exhausted, and took a stream into the residence of Philip Todd, and after a hard battle stopped the flames at that point. The building of J. H. Allen, in which was the drug store of Joseph Shippey, with a hall above, was destroyed, as was William Van Ness's harness shop, his home and the barber shop of Harvey Moke.

Several firemen at work on the buildings were hurt, although not seriously.

Little Auto Fire Causes a Big Stir.

An automobile owned by Dr. J. Richard Kevin, surgeon of the Twenty-third Regiment, Brooklyn, took fire yesterday while it was standing in Gates Avenue, near Bedford, from defective insulation. The physician jumped out of the machine to get some sand to smother the blaze. Meantime some one turned in an alarm. Three engine companies and a hook and ladder company responded. As Bedford Avenue is the dividing line between two precincts, the reserves from the Gates and Classon Avenue precincts also hurried there in two patrol wagons. The fire was put out with a hand extinguisher, the damage being slight.

Packard MOTOR CARS

Packard Motor Car Co. of N.Y.
1861 BROADWAY

SAID SHE WAS HYPNOTIZED.

Police Arrest Spiritualist and His Wife on Girl's Complaint.

Police Captain Ryan of Newark and some of his plain-clothes men visited a spiritualistic meeting at 15 West Park Street, that city, last night, and arrested Oliver C. Meiter and his wife, who were conducting the meeting. They also took to the police station 17-year-old Blanche Neal, whose home is said to be in Trenton. She was paroled in the custody of a man said to be a prominent New York lawyer.

The police declined to give any information concerning the case of the prisoners who were put in a witness room instead of cells. From another source it was learned that the Neal girl said she was under the hypnotic influence of Meiter and had been unable to get out of the sight of the couple and that she had communicated her predicament to an outsider, who notified the lawyer and the police.

All the police would say was that the information they had would be given to Judge Hahn this morning. The Meiters, who arrived in Newark a couple of weeks ago, have been stopping with the Neal girl in a furnished room house at 26 Centre Street.

OLDEST ENGINEER HURT.

"Uncle Jake" Wildoner, 81, Falls While Jumping from Locomotive.

"Uncle Jake" Wildoner, who is said to be the oldest locomotive engineer in the United States still in active service, has admitted that he is not as young as he used to be. His former disdain of the Osler theory received a set-back a few days ago when, while in a hurry, he leaped from a moving locomotive and suffered a sprained leg.

At his home in Newark, N. J., yesterday, he said that the injury was trifling, and that if he was a bit younger he would be on duty again to-day. He will return to work the latter part of this week. He is 81 years old and has seen more than fifty years of service.

To Sell Trenton City Hall.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 5.—Trenton's present City Hall is to be sold at public auction within the next six weeks, but the purchaser will not be given possession until the completion of the city's new million-dollar municipal building. The old structure is expected to bring about $200,000.

8,000 FINEST GRADE
ORIENTAL RUGS
At Greatly Reduced Prices
THIS WEEK
A FEW OF THE SPECIAL VALUES:
Fine Caucasian Rugs, 5x3.6, $25 value, now.... $17.75
Brown Bokhara Rugs, 5.6x2.6, $50 value, now.. $24.00
Royal Yamoud Bokharas, 6x11, $175 value, now. $98.00
Persian Iran Rugs, 9x12, $300 value, now..... $190.00
Royal Kirmanshah Rugs, 9x12, $500 value, now. $275.00
EVERY RUG BEARS OUR GUARANTEE.
M. B. DONCHIAN,
38 East 23d Street.
NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE.

ARREST IN TONG FEUD.

Police Hold Suspect for Shooting Two Chinamen.

The efforts of the police to unravel the tangle of Tong intrigue which has recently resulted in several shootings in Chinatown, brought about last night the arrest of Chung Kuen of 33 Pell Street. He was locked up in Headquarters on the charge of shooting Lee Gong and Hong Chong, both merchants and both members of the Ong Leong Tong, on the night of Nov. 5.

According to Detectives Raphael and Donahue, who arrested Chung in the Bowery, the Chinaman is a member of the Four Brothers' Society, or the See Sing Tong.

Gong and Chong were shot just after they left the Chinese Theatre, in Doyers Street. They walked down to Chatham Square. At the corner four men, Chinamen, closed about them. Two drew revolvers with barrels about ten inches long. One, firing at Gong, brought him down with a bullet in his right lung. A shot fired by the other shattered Chong's thigh.

Lee Gong is still in Bellevue Hospital. Hong Chong is in the Hudson Street Hospital. The actual charge against Kuen, it is supposed, will depend on whether or not either of these men dies.

The shooting arose from the execution of three Hip Sings in Boston for the killing of an Ong Leong. They were convicted by the evidence of New York Ong Leongs. A short time after the Four Brothers affiliated with the Hip Sings, who were almost bankrupt.

COLBY MEN ADMIT DEFEAT.

Regular Republicans to Control the Newark Common Council.

It is practically certain that the regular Republican organization in Newark, N. J., will obtain control of the Common Council of that city to-night when the body organizes. William Pennington, who is candidate for President of the Council, is said to have a clear plurality for the office over Jerome Congleton, the Colby-New Idea candidate. Mr. Congleton has conceded his defeat.

The victory of the organization is expected to settle both the question of New Idea and German-American control of the Essex County Republican Committee, the chief Republican body in the State outside of the State Committee. Major Carl Lentz is the German-American candidate for the Chairmanship and Col. Austen Colgate is the New Idea candidate. County Chairman Alfred N. Dalrymple is a candidate for re-election, and his successful handling of the Common Council situation is said to have made his re-election reasonably certain.

Fancies

Do you fancy fancy mixtures? In clothing, the term is used to describe fabrics which are not, like oxford and black, in one shade alone. Fancy, not fanciful. Some of the fancy mixtures in our $19 overcoats are as refined as the most fastidious taste could wish.

We maintain our prices during the season because we set them right at the beginning. Overcoats, $13.50 to $50; suits, $18.50 to $45. No more attractive patterns; none more serviceable.

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CLOTHIERS. 4 CONVENIENT STORES.
279 BROADWAY, nr. Chambers St. 125TH STREET, cor. 3d Avenue.
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Yuletide Art and Literature
The New York Times
Next Sunday.

Men, women, and young people will find equal delight in the varied and interesting features of The New York Times Christmas issue next Sunday.

Two pictorial sections of eight pages each, printed on calendered paper, the first in half-tone and the second in color, will contain beautiful reproductions of striking and appropriate paintings.

Bright and stirring articles and stories reflecting the joyous spirit of Christmas and the New Year will enliven the pages of the Magazine Section, and, illustrated by well-known artists, will in themselves form a notable collection.

A two-page reproduction of Sigismund Goetze's powerful painting, "Despised and Rejected of Men," will perhaps be the most notable single feature of the issue. In this the supreme self-sacrifice of the Christ is contrasted with the blind self-seeking of a thoughtless and indifferent world in sublime fashion. There are also full page half-tone reproductions of Elsley's delightful "Good-Bye," Andreotti's "Rivals," and Zatzka's "Dance of the Nymph."

New Year's Eve in Times Square is the subject of an animated picture on the first page of the color section. This, together with full page pictures in colors of child life at Christmas, gives to the whole an added atmosphere of sympathy and good cheer which helps to make it the brightest, most joyous and in every way the most notable number ever issued by The New York Times.

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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The cloths are from the looms of D. & J. Anderson, William Anderson and other famous Scotch or English weavers—and there are literally hundreds of patterns from which to choose.

The workmanship is of the highest character, and the fit is guaranteed

PLEATED MODELS 50c EXTRA. DELIVERY IN 3 WEEKS

Broadway Saks & Company 34th Street

CHURCHMEN UNITED AGAINST THE LORDS

Anglicans, Catholics and Non-Conformists Apparently Unanimous in Favor of Budget.

TARIFF REFORM IGNORED

Campaign Turns on Pretensions of Upper House—Trouble Arises Over Collection of New Taxes.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—One striking development of the election campaign, so far as it has progressed, is the fact that the whole religious body of the country, Anglican, Non-conformist, and Catholic, appears to be against the Lords' pretensions. The Archbishop of Canterbury's abstention from voting in the division in the House of Lords and the Archbishop of York's frank denunciation of Lord Lansdowne's resolution undoubtedly had a great effect.

Following the manifesto issued by the National Council of Free Churches, which declared that the action of the House of Lords "makes reforms supported by Non-conformists impossible," The Church Times, the most influential and widely circulated church paper, together with The Christian World and the organs of the Methodist, Baptist, and Catholic sections, declares for the Commons in the struggle against the Lords.

If the plan of the Conservative leaders, as has been freely stated, was to force tariff reform to the front and to thrust the question of the Lords' veto into the background, it has already miscarried. The campaign, both in the press and from the platform, is being waged with a bitterness not seen in British politics in many years, but it is exclusively on the question of the action of the Lords.

All the election manifestos so far issued by the Liberal, Radical, Labor and Socialist parties, have put the attack on the Lords to the forefont, as have all the speeches from the Government side.

In the meantime neither Mr. Balfour nor any other Conservative leader has advanced any defined scheme for tariff reform or has given the slightest indication of how the Conservatives propose to find the money to replace the rejected budget proposals.

The Conservative Morning Post, in an editorial this morning, warns the party that the coming contest will be a critical and severe one and that if the Unionist cause is to triumph its adherents must display tactical ability as well as courage and vigor. It will be the height of folly, says the paper, to fight on ground selected by the Liberals, and the Unionists must remember that tariff reform is the only possible alternative to the rejected budget.

The Post's warning is timely, for the Unionist speakers and newspapers are mainly occupied in showering abuse upon their opponents' tactics.

Sunday was an off day in politics, and there were few developments. An official notice has been issued from Somerset House, where the public offices are located, that death duties may be paid either on the budget or the pre-budget scale, subject to rectification when the new Parliament has settled the matter. It is reported that a number of persons are preparing to protest against the deductions of the income tax from dividend coupons by the banks, while, according to The Liberal Daily News, trouble is arising at the Custom House through refusals to pay duties on tea, tobacco, and spirits.

JOKE WAS ON THE BURGLAR.

Some One Told Him Detective's Door Was Open and to Help Himself.

Arthur Hall, who was reported as a desperate negro burglar by Detective Rudolph Unger, his captor, late on Saturday night, told Magistrate Barlow in the Yorkville Court yesterday morning that he had been told on Saturday night at 11:30 o'clock to go on over to Detective Unger's house, at 240 West 134th Street, and take what he could find, since the door was open.

Hall does not seem to be very bright, and he is partly paralyzed. He said he went over to Unger's house and was trying to open the door when the detective rushed out after him, chased him, shot at him, and captured him at Fifth Avenue and 129th Street. He was held in $1,000 bail for examination, and was remanded to Police Headquarters, where the police hoped to get out of him the name of those under whose influence he was supposed to be working.

Detective Unger, on returning home Saturday night, shortly after 11 o'clock, was told by his wife that she had heard some one going around in the house. It was after a fruitless search through the house that Unger heard the noise at the door, and rushed out at the negro, who, though partly paralyzed, ran like a rabbit for several blocks.

Woman Dead by Road Not Murdered.

MUNSON, L. I., Dec. 5.—After thoroughly covering the ground of the at first supposed murder of Mrs. Julia Wallace here yesterday, Nassau County Sheriff Joseph Foster, County Detective Phineas Seaman, and Coroner Charles F. Gittens are unanimous in their opinion that the woman met death as a result of alcoholism and exposure. She was buried to-day at the expense of the town.

Larchmont Y. C. to Give a Dinner

The Larchmont Yacht Club will hold a dinner at the Plaza on Thursday in honor of Commodore Wilson Marshall, who is retiring after four years as Commodore. The dinner will be held in the South Room, and will be attended by all the prominent yachtmen in the vicinity of New York.

Ever try a

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Bread pudding?

It makes this homely old dessert a Dainty.

Comforts and delights Young and Old.

Many other recipes in the book:

"Tid-Bits made with Toasties"

Found in pkgs.—10c & 15c.

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PRIEST TO BE PROSECUTED.

Catholic Fight on French Schools to Have Airing in Court.

PARIS, Dec. 5.—M. Barthou, Minister of Justice, has instructed the Public Prosecutor at Grenoble to begin action against a local priest for placing a communal school under an interdict. This will be the first prosecution undertaken directly by the State in connection with the Church's campaign against the public schools.

The suits instituted by several teachers' associations against the archbishops and bishops who signed the pastoral letter issued by the French Episcopate in September last, warning Catholic parents that the teaching in public schools jeopardises the religious belief of their children, have been set for this week. In each instance the bishops have waived the preliminaries and demanded trials by jury. The authors of the interdicted textbooks have retained Senator Valle to commence suit against Mgr. Amiette, Archbishop of Paris.

A curious phase of the Catholic electoral movement is the attempt to enlist the sympathies of the workmen. Mgr. Amiette has issued a manifesto in support of the demands of the bakers for the abolition of night work, and at a political congress yesterday a priest made a speech in favor of the right of state functionaries to strike.

BUDAPEST WANTS PROF. LOEB.

Chair of Experimental Biology Offered to California Scientist.

BUDAPEST, Dec. 5.—The medical faculty of Budapest University has offered the chair of experimental biology to Prof. Jacques Loeb of California University.

Prof. Loeb lectured before the International Medical Congress at Budapest last September and delivered a course of lectures in Budapest University in June.

LAD SHOOTS HIS PLAYMATES.

Inexplicable Impulse Forces Boy of 14 to Pepper Comrades with Buckshot.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Dec. 5.—"I'm going to shoot both of you," said Clarence Lichty, a fourteen-year-old lad, to his companions, Donald Foster and Carl McCormick, each 13 years old, as the three were hunting here to-day.

"Blaze away," replied Foster and McCormick, not thinking he meant what he said. Lichty fired with buckshot and brought down both boys. Foster is in a critical condition, but McCormick is not seriously hurt.

Lichty, who is held by Probation Officer Miller, said that he was seized with a sudden inexplicable impulse to shoot at his companions.

LINER ROSALIND MISSING.

Sent Wireless Message Last Wednesday—Nothing Heard of Her Since.

Special to The New York Times.

HALIFAX, N. S., Dec. 5.—Apprehensions are felt here by those having friends and relatives on board of the Red Cross Line steamer Rosalind, which sailed from Halifax on Tuesday morning last for St. Johns, N. F. She had a fair-sized passenger list for the season of the year, but her cargo was very light.

Wednesday, when she was eighty-five miles from Halifax, a wireless message was received from her saying that there was a heavy head sea running and a great gale was raging. Since then nothing has been heard of her.

The fact that a heavy storm has swept the Newfoundland Coast and that the steamer has not been picked up by some of the wireless stations, adds to the anxiety. The agents here, however, think that the steamer has been hove to in the storm and that she will turn up to-morrow.

CHINA PROTESTS TO POWERS.

Says Russia's Claims In Manchuria Violate Treaty of Portsmouth.

PEKING, Dec. 5.—The Chinese Government has sent a circular note to the powers protesting against Russia's claims to the right of administration over the Manchurian railway zones.

The protest deals at length with the Russian communiqué which was sent to the powers on Oct. 8 and which was formally handed to the Chinese Foreign Board a month later by M. Kokovsoff, the Russian Minister of Finance. This communiqué had to do with the Russian intentions regarding the railway zones in Manchuria and the protest declares that these intentions are in violation of the Portsmouth treaty as well as the Harbin agreement of May, 1909.

SELOUS PRAISES ROOSEVELT.

Veteran Sportsman Says ex-President Is Becoming an Adept Hunter.

F. C. Selous, the famous hunter of big game who fitted out the Roosevelt hunting party and accompanied Col. Roosevelt to South Africa, arrived here yesterday on his way to California. Mr. Selous was a passenger on the American liner New York which reached her pier in the morning. He will spend a month in the West, returning to his home in Surrey, England in January. The New York had a stormy passage, but Mr. Selous's stories kept the minds of the passengers from the weather.

"I left Col. Roosevelt in July," he said. "He was then having a fine time and the party was in the best of health. The Colonel has taken naturally to the sport and he is one of the most enthusiastic hunters of big game.

"Not only is he enthusiastic but he is becoming expert. He shows great skill. In time he will become adept and one of the best of those who seek big game in the jungle. He will give the world some valuable knowledge on Africa."

Mr. Selous began his career as a hunter in 1860. Those were the days when the smooth-bore gun was used and elephants were hunted on foot. Once, he told those on board he built his hut about 100 yards from where another white man had a similar hut. Each hunter had two natives. Mr. Selous instructed his natives to keep him awake at night. The other man neglected to do this. One night a lion visited the other hut. The hunted was asleep at the window, his rifle beside him. The lion, stepping on a native who lay asleep at the entrance, with a jump entered, landed beside the sleeping hunter, struck him a blow on the side of the head which killed him. He dragged the man off and ate him.

On another occasion Mr. Selous was hunting elephants on foot. He was carrying two rifles. As the elephant charged, he fired at him but failed to stop him. Dropping his useless gun he took the other from the native, dropped on one knee and waiting until the elephant was near, pulled the trigger. It did not go off. The careless native had forgotten to load it. As Selous turned to run the elephant was almost on him. The race was so close that as the hunter jumped to clear a bush he felt the swish of the animal's trunk as it came within a few inches of his head. He managed to get away, and later killed his pursuer.

CONGO ATTACKS RESENTED.

Belgian Officials Ask England to Stop Campaign of Defamation.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 5.—A protest against the attacks made on the Congo administration, addressed to the newspapers of the world, has been issued by the members of the Cabinet, the Presidents of the houses of Parliament, the President of the Court of Cassation, the Archbishop of Brussels, and other dignitaries.

The protest declares that the attacks on Belgium are unmerited and appeals to England to stop the campaign of defama-

ROOSEVELT PLANS FOR HIS NILE TRIP

Ex-President Will Go by Train, Boat and Motorcar Beyond Entebbe, Uganda Capital

PLEASED WITH HIS TROPHIES

Skulls of His and Kermit's Elephant Each Carried by Relays of Eight Porters to Railway Line.

NAIROBI, British East Africa, Nov. 2.—Theodore Roosevelt and R. J. Cuninghame arrived at Naivasha on Oct. 20 from an extended hunt, both looking extraordinarily brown and feeling extraordinarily well. They were delighted with their expedition, and Col. Roosevelt said that both he and Kermit were very proud of having got their elephants, and especially proud that they had each got one, when they were unaccompanied by such experienced hunters as Cuninghame and Tarlton.

The skins of the elephants and the skulls and bones were brought in by porters, but as the loads were very unwieldy the progress of the safari was slow. The huge skulls were carried by eight porters, with reliefs of eight more every now and then. The loads were suspended from long poles. On arrival at Naivasha they were put aboard trucks at the railway station for transit to Nairobi by the special train which was to convey Col. Roosevelt to this place.

Sir Percy Girouard, the Governor of the protectorate, accompanied by his staff, was on his way to Uganda, and stopped to pay his respects to the ex-President. Col. Roosevelt was greatly pleased at the opportunity to meet the Governor, and discussed with him several difficulties which had arisen in connection with his Nile trip. The following day the Roosevelt party proceeded to Nairobi. There the station was crowded with officials and settlers waiting to greet Col. Roosevelt after his long absence, and they gave him a warm welcome. Lord Delamere was among those to greet the ex-President, and they stood for a few minutes discussing his proposed visit to Lord Delamere's ranch at Njoro on his return from the Guaso Nguisho. Later Col. Roosevelt drove to the McMillan house, which had been placed at his disposal during his stay here.

On Monday the 25th the party left again for Londiani, from which place the start for the Guaso Nguisho was to be made. Special carriages were attached to the settlers' train, and a number of people were at the station to wish Col. Roosevelt and his party good luck. On this trip the party passed over the "Mau Summit," 8,300 feet, the highest point on the railway. Thence it was a gradual descent to Londiani. The following day Edmund Heller, the zoologist; Kermit Roosevelt, and Leslie A. Tarlton, started for Eldama Ravine, and were followed shortly afterward by Col. Roosevelt. The journey to their shooting place will occupy one week, and they will spend three weeks shooting there. Col. Roosevelt's hunt at Njoro with Lord Delamere in December will end his first African hunting. Then on for Uganda and down the Nile to Cairo.

Edmund Heller, with Major Mearns and J. Alden Loring, the naturalist, have collected a great number of fine birds and mammals, some of the specimens being unknown to scientists. Major Mearns has now in his possession all of the known and several of the previously unknown birds of East Africa.

A party, including Mr. Cuninghame, proceeded from Nairobi to Entebbe, the capital of Uganda, in order to arrange for the Roosevelt party's safari down the Nile. The journey to Port Florence or Kisumu, which is the port of East Africa on the great Victoria Nyanza Lake, was delightful, and the advance guard arrived at Naivasha in time to see the conclusion of a cricket match between the settlers of Naivasha and Makuru districts.

Proceeding along the base of the rugged and beautiful Nandi Escarpment, a number of Kavirondo villages could be seen, with their men, women and children standing naked and unashamed outside their huts idly watching the passing train. The Mimosa thorn tree predominates here, and huge herds of cattle were everywhere, tended by infants. A few miles from Port Florence a view of the lake, with its marvellous scenery opened up. Soon the train reached its destination, and was backed out again and taken down to the pier alongside the steamer Clement Hill, which will convey Col. Roosevelt and his party over to Entebbe.

Col. Roosevelt will find that ample arrangements have been made for his comfort both on the trip up the lake and at Entebbe itself. At that place, one is struck with the cleanliness of everything and its beautiful vegetation. The Baganda people appear to be infinitely more intelligent than their East African neighbors. They are much more civil, too. At present nothing is definitely settled with regard to the arrangements, but it is believed that Col. Roosevelt and Kermit will arrive about Dec. 20. They will remain in Entebbe for three days, stopping at the Government house, and then will proceed by motor car to Kampala, which is twenty-three miles distant. Meanwhile the rest of the party will have gone on to Kampala direct to pitch camp and prepare for the start from that point. Everyone in Entebbe is looking forward with eagerness to Col. Roosevelt's arrival, and it is believed that he will be the guest of honor at a public banquet and reception.

H. Wunderlich & Co.

Rare Mezzotints

in black and white, and in colors.

Mezzotints in Colors by Edwards

Etchings

by REMBRANDT, WHISTLER, CAMERON, HAIG and other eminent artists.

220 Fifth Ave., bet. 26th & 27th Sts.

Greenhut and Company

Dry Goods

Tea is served without charge in the Lounging and Rest Room—Third floor.

An Open Letter to the Public

Especially interesting to our regular charge patrons and all those who care to open a charge account.

To induce early Christmas Shopping and prevent as far as possible the usual holiday congestion, all purchases made this week (Dec. 6th to Dec. 11th), will be billed to you February 1st, instead of January 1st.

To all alike, because of the generous spirit of the holiday time, gift-buying taxes the immediate condition of the purse. By selecting your Christmas presents this week instead of later on you will not receive your bill until February first—a reward for helping us to make it easier for our clerks, which helps you to solve financial conditions that always confront one at Christmas time.

Being in deep accord with a laudable movement that is being made by the press and different organizations for the amelioration of the arduous duties of salespeople in general during the holidays it is our earnest desire to assist as far as possible by spreading the Christmas shopping over a longer period instead of waiting for the trying rush that always comes the last ten days before Christmas.

We believe that by making an inducement that will at once appeal to all our regular charge patrons, we shall be able to lighten the burden of both shoppers and our clerks to a great extent.

Purchases made in December before the 6th and after the 11th will be charged to your December account and bill will be rendered January 1st.

If you are not a charge customer, we invite you to become one. We extend this privilege to all trustworthy people.

You will find a charge account a source of great convenience, especially during the holiday season.

Greenhut and Company

6th Ave., 18th to 19th St. Store formerly occupied by B. Altman & Co.

W. & J. SLOANE

REDUCTION SALE

Oriental Rugs

THOROUGHLY reliable qualities in genuine Mahal, Ferreghan, Guerevan, Kirmanshah, and India Weaves, suitable for Gifts.

Prices from $69 to $600; formerly $105 to $900.

Sizes from 10.9x7.11 to 19.3x17.6.

Smaller sizes, $8, $12, $18, $29, $57.

Intending purchasers will find it advantageous to see these rugs before buying elsewhere. They are all marked at extremely low prices.

Broadway & Nineteenth Street

James McCreery & Co.

23rd Street *34th Street*

SILK DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores.*

"McCreery Silks."

Comprising the latest weaves and colors in Plain and Novelty Silks and Velvets.

On Monday and Tuesday, December the 6th and 7th.

Ten Thousand yards of Double Width Crepe de Chine in a complete assortment of evening shades, also White, Cream and Black. 1.00 per yard former price 1.50

Satin Messaline, Liberty Satin and Taffeta for lining above. 55c per yd.

Purchases will, upon request, be suitably packed in boxes for presentation.

DRESS GOODS DEP'TS. *In Both Stores.*

On Monday and Tuesday, December the 6th and 7th.

Sale of Imported Dress Material, consisting of shadow stripe Prunella Cloth and Bedford Cord. A wide range of Autumn colors. 65c per yard former price 1.00

Black Dress Goods,—Imported Broadcloth, bright finish, sponged, shrunk and spot proof. Chiffon weight. 54 inches wide. 1.65 per yard value 2.50

James McCreery & Co.

23rd Street *34th Street*

James McCreery & Co.

23rd Street *34th Street*

On Monday and Tuesday, December the 6th and 7th.

BLANKET DEP'TS. *In Both Stores.*

Fine White California Wool Blankets, with pink or blue border. Double bed size. 4.75 and 5.75 per pair

Comfortables, with novelty silk or sateen tops, finished with plain silk border. New designs. 5.00 each

RUG DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores.*

Oriental Rugs at greatly reduced prices.

Extra Kermanshah Rugs. Average size 4 ft. 3 in. x 6 ft. 6 in. 57.50 value 75.00 and 87.50

Extra Shirvan Rugs. Average size 3 ft. 6 in. x 5 ft. 6 in. 20.00 usual price 30.00

Caucasian Rugs, various sizes. 12.00 value 15.00 to 20.00

Extra Mahal Rugs. Average size 9 x 12 ft. 150.00 usual price 225.00

LINEN DEP'TS. *In Both Stores.*

Decorative Linens at reduced prices.

Doylies, Centre Pieces, Tea Cloths and Scarfs, trimmed with hand-made French Cluny lace.

Doylies.....3.00, 5.00 and 9.00 doz.
Centre Pieces..2.25, 3.00 " 4.00 each
Scarfs.....4.50, 6.00 " 7.00 "
Tea Cloths.....7.00, 10.00 " 14.00 "

Satin Damask Round Table Cloths, with scalloped edge.

Size 2 x 2 yards.....3.50
" 2¼ x 2¼.....4.50
" 2½ x 2½.....5.50
Scalloped Napkins to match.....6.00 doz.

Double Damask Table Cloths.

2 x 2 yards.....3.00
2 x 2½ yards.....4.00
2 x 3 yards.....5.00
Napkins to match.....4.00 and 5.00 doz.

Hemstitched Huckaback Towels, with hand-embroidered white initials. 4.50 per doz. usual price 5.75

James McCreery & Co.

23rd Street *34th Street*

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINES ARE THE BEST

A SEWING MACHINE to be up to date and in any sense SATISFACTORY must be capable of performing MANY YEARS of PERFECT SERVICE. As regards Sewing Machines, cheapness in price is EVIDENCE of inferior quality. Be not beguiled by bombastic and extravagant ASSERTIONS. The

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE is built on honor and WARRANTED for ALL TIME. Inquire of any of its millions of thoroughly satisfied and happy users.

The one Holiday Gift to Wife, Sister or Mother that is not worn out and forgotten before Winter is over is a "NEW HOME" Sewing Machine. Call and see demonstrated its superior qualities, or write a postal to-day for illustrated catalog "No. 25."

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WOMAN owes it to herself, her family and posterity to be beautiful—well kept teeth lend an added charm of beauty to the face

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth, prevents tooth decay and imparts purity and fragrance to the breath.

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(Made in France.)

UNDERWEAR

Every ounce pure wool—of exquisite *softness*, being agreeable to the most sensitive skin.

Dermophile answers all of nature's requirements for ideal underwear. It is healthful, comfortable, economical, and delightful to wear.

Guaranteed unshrinkable or money refunded.

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JEWS PAY TRIBUTE TO RABBI ASHER

Leaders of the Church Join in Eulogizing the Memory of the Theologian.

GREAT LOSS TO THE FAITH

Prominent Rabbis Place Him Among the First Men of the Orthodox Religion.

Many prominent Jews of the city took part in a memorial meeting yesterday afternoon in honor of the late Rev. Joseph Mayer Asher, Professor in the Jewish Theological Seminary of America and rabbi of the Orach Chaim Synagogue, who died on Nov. 9. It was held under the auspices of the Jewish Community of New York City in the auditorium of the Hebrew Charities Building, at Second Avenue and Twenty-first Street.

All the officers and delegates to the Jewish Community of the city and the public had been invited and the hall was filled. The Rev. Dr. H. Pereira Mendes, President of the Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations of the United States and Canada, presided. Addresses were made by the Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman, for the Board of Jewish Ministers; the Rev. Dr. David de Sola Pool, for the Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations; the Rev. H. Masliansky, for the People's Synagogue, and Rabbi Mordecai M. Kaplan, representing the Jewish Theological Seminary and the Advisory Council of the Kehillah. All the speakers dwelt upon Rabbi Asher's influence on the Jewish orthodox religion in the city and his work as a Hebrew scholar.

"As men and women we may meet to honor a warrior or a philosopher," said Rabbi Mendes, "but as Hebrews we meet to mourn a scholar, one who tried to do his part with all his heart and soul and might and tried to lead others who loved their God with all their heart and soul and might.

"Rabbi Asher was with us but a few short years, yet in that time he gave me evidence of the power with which God had vested him and showed us what those powers might have done in this city and country for the welfare of our race. It is not for us to say that he was with us too short a time or was cut off in his prime. Rabbi Asher served as a community worker, therefore the community of the city feels his loss most grievously. He strove earnestly for the cause of orthodoxy of the Jewish religion."

Rabbi Schulman said it was with the most profound feeling of sorrow that he spoke of his dead friend.

"He was the very incarnation of youthfulness of the soul," said he. "The Jews of the city have taken his death deeply to heart. They keenly feel what they have lost in the death of this remarkable man. When a great man dies it is a means of reconcilement and atonement to God. It also serves as a means of effecting a unity in the community. Every son and daughter of Israel should unite in honoring his memory.

"Rarely have so many opposite qualities been united in one man. His moral courage enabled him to speak out the truth, while at the same time he was a man of moderation. He had great integrity of principles and at the same time he loved the ways of peace."

The Rev. Dr. Sola Pool paid a glowing tribute to Rabbi Asher's ability as a leader. Rabbi Kaplan saw in the early death of Rabbi Asher a calamity; for, as he pointed out, leaders of his character were needed in these times, when the religious Jews were facing a crisis—"a period of transition in the Jewish life."

"So great a calamity befalls Israel when a great man dies," said Rabbi Kaplan, "that even the ninety-eight curses of Deuteronomy or the calamity evolved in the destruction of a sanctuary do not express it. Rabbi Asher's death meant more than the destruction of a sanctuary. We greatly need a man of his aggressiveness and positiveness of character in these times."

Rabbi Masliansky delivered an address in Yiddish, after which the meeting closed with prayer.

NEW LIGHT ON JOHN BROWN.

Villard and Prof. Sanborn Speak on "Liberator's" Anniversary.

Prof. Frank B. Sanborn of Concord, Mass., who was associated with John Brown before the Harper's Ferry insurrection, delivered an address on "John Brown, the Religious Martyr" at the Free Synagogue yesterday. The address was commemorative of the fiftieth anniversary of John Brown's death. He compared Brown with Abraham Lincoln, pronouncing them the great martyrs of American history.

"Their plans and paths were unlike," he said, "but their purpose was the same, and it is worthy of notice that Lincoln, who never did quite justice to Brown, was compelled to follow step by step in the path of blood which Brown had marked out, and which had become, in 1850, the only practicable road to emancipation."

In an address on John Brown, before the Brooklyn Ethical Culture Society in the Aurora Grata Cathedral, Oswald Garrison Villard analyzed the career of the Harper's Ferry raider in the light of new information collected in the last five years. Mr. Villard pointed out that there are those who believe that John Brown single-handed, liberated Kansas and freed the slaves, and others who feel that he was nothing but a midnight assassin and horse-thief. The truth, the speaker said, lay between these two extremes.

In Kansas John Brown indubitably stained his hands with blood by ordering the murder of five pro-slavery settlers. The fact is no longer in dispute. The consequences of this crime were that Free Soilers and Pro-slavery men were set at each other's throats. Up to the time of John Brown's deed of blood the Free Soilers had done nothing to blush for. Thereafter there was a year of bloodshed and violence on both sides before Kansas began to be pacified. As a result of a most careful study of this period, Mr. Villard is convinced that John Brown did not decide the fate of Kansas, but by his policy of blood and war intensified that struggle.

CHANCE GONE, BINGHAM SAYS.

Ex-Commissioner Declares We Must Wait Four Years for Police Reforms.

Ex-Police Commissioner Bingham told the congregation of the Manhattan Congregational Church, at Broadway and Seventy-sixth Street, last night that they should take a greater interest in the government of this city and stand by and help the new Police Commissioner—that is, if he is an honest man.

He said New York's chance had gone for four years, but that it was not utterly lost, as the election of the new Board of Estimate was a victory for the citizens and a severe blow to Tammany Hall, although arrangements are being made to help Tammany before the present administration goes out of office.

In Chicago, he says, there is a committee of eleven citizens who meet and discuss with the Police Commissioner once a week any matter of importance to the citizens, and when the Commissioner is unjustly attacked that committee stands by him and helps him.

"I had nobody. I had nobody," said Gen. Bingham in a tone of regret. "That wasn't right. If your next Police Commissioner is straight and honest, have a little squad of men to stand by him. The Fire, Health, and Education Departments also need similar bodies to help and stand by them.

"The man in charge of the Police Lieutenants' Association," continued the speaker, "is a very shrewd schemer. He has just obtained for the lieutenants an increase in salary from $2,000 to $2,250 a year. While I think the increase is justified, yet it is not fair to the sergeants, but then they have not got such a smart schemer at their head. That man is the smartest man in that line in the force, and that's saying a good deal, but he should be watched very closely.

"Then there are the police magistrates. It was arranged that they should be appointed for ten years and get a larger salary. This was done to attract men of character to take the places. But you know that when there are such vacancies you don't get men of character. Do you think that when the Mayor appointed some of them he did his duty?"

HAD A DECOY TRANSFER.

Street Railway Sleuths Arrested a Man Who Picked It Up.

Frederick McNerney, a dentist at 352 Sixth Avenue, was arraigned before Magistrate Breen in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday charged by a special policeman from the Metropolitan Street Railway with having picked up a transfer ticket at Thirty-fourth Street and used it to pay his fare on a south-bound Sixth Avenue car.

McNerney said it was his own transfer that had been blown from his hand. Magistrate Breen remarked that that seemed a reasonable defense, when Henry J. Smith, a young lawyer who said he represented the railway, stepped forward and said:

"Wait a moment, your Honor. We can prove that this was not his transfer."

The lawyer called Special Policeman William F. Keller, also an employe of the Metropolitan, who testified to seeing the prisoner pick the transfer from the sidewalk.

"Well, but it might have been his at that," said the Magistrate. "He said his blew out of his hand."

"But, your Honor," broke in Smith, "we had been watching that transfer for over ten minutes."

"Oh, ho!" exclaimed the Magistrate. "It was a plant, was it? You planted it there and waited to grab anybody who should pick it up. I don't like that kind of business. The prisoner is discharged."

BUILD BURKE HOME SOON.

Work to Begin on the Gift Institution at an Early Date.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Dec. 5.—Following the death of John Masterson Burke at his town house, 18 West Forty-seventh Street, Manhattan, last week, comes the report from Bronxville to-day that work will be started immediately on the large institution at Bronxville to be known as the Winifred Masterson Burke Memorial Home for the Worthy Poor and Sick Persons of Manhattan.

Seven years ago, as told in THE TIMES recently, Mr. Burke conveyed to a corporation composed of ex-Mayor Abram S. Hewitt, William Hubbard White, Edward M. Shepard, Frederick H. Denman, Mr. Burke's Mount Vernon attorney, and Frank H. Sturgis, property valued at $4,000,000, the income to be used for caring for convalescents at Bronxville after his death.

Mr. Burke moved away from his mansion at Bronxville eighteen years ago, and his home has remained closed ever since, and has become known as the "Haunted House." The house is full of rare mahogany furniture, antiques, and paintings. It is said that the manor house will be a part of the Burke institution.

ARTIST SHOOTS HIMSELF.

J. K. Souther Leaves Note Declaring His Wife Will Do Better Without Him.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—While his wife and three little children were out walking, John K. Souther, an artist, committed suicide at the Hotel Grafton here about noon to-day by shooting himself in the head. Souther was 39 and lived in Erie, Pa., before he came to Washington nineteen years ago.

In a note Souther left for his wife, he said he had lost a good deal of money during the recent panic, and suggested that she would get along better without him. He requested that his body be cremated.

Poles Here Celebrate Revolt of 1831.

The Poles of the city celebrated the anniversary of the revolution of 1831 yesterday with a large commemorative meeting at Arlington Hall, 19 St. Mark's Place, under the auspices of the Polish Falcons' Alliance. Several civil and military bodies joined with the larger organization in honor of the occasion.

Elks Hold Memorial Service.

The Brooklyn Lodge of Elks held its annual services in memory of departed members at the Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon. So large was the attendance that some hundreds were unable to find room inside the church, and many waited without. Singing was provided by the Elks' male chorus, by Mrs. Wilson-O'Neil, contralto, and Mrs. Genevieve Fanning, soprano.

TALKING OF PARKER FOR NEXT GOVERNOR

Incipient Boom for Him in the League That Grew Out of the Saratoga Conference.

CONSERVATIVES FATHER IT

Edward M. Shepard, D Cady Herrick, and T. M. Osborn the Others Now in the Running.

It was learned yesterday that a movement had been started by members of the Democratic League to bring about the nomination for Governor of Alton B. Parker, should Mr. Parker, who so recently was his party's candidate for President see his way clear to accept the nomination.

Up to the present the League leaders who have shown any willingness at all to discuss probable Gubernatorial candidates they would advocate have talked chiefly of Edward M. Shepard, ex-Judge D Cady Herrick and Public Service Commissioner Thomas M. Osborn as the most available men. Mr. Osborn's following is chiefly up State, as was much in evidence at the Saratoga conference, where the Democratic League was launched.

The men who are advocating the nomination of Mr. Parker have wielded a potent influence in the affairs of their party in the State and the Nation during the days when Democratic victories were more frequent than they have been of late. It was said yesterday that the Parker movement, which is only in its embryonic stage yet, and is not known to many, did not indicate differences among the League leaders. Everybody connected with the Democratic harmony movement, it was said, would be willing to sink personal preferences and advocate the cause of the strongest candidate. Parker men in the League firmly believe they can make it plain that he would be by far the strongest candidate the League could present and that his position in the Democratic Party is such that the "regular" organization could not afford to refuse to accept him should his name be presented.

The men now intent on fostering the Parker sentiment are among the most conservative in the harmony movement. Developments at the Saratoga Conference foreshadowed a somewhat marked divergence among the men who launched the movement on questions of vital importance. The heated debate on the Federal income tax clause in the declaration of principles adopted by the Saratoga Conference was one of the salient features of that gathering. This debate followed speeches by D Cady Herrick and Edward M. Shepard. The latter advocated, the former sternly opposed, the sanction by the Legislature of this State of the proposed Constitutional amendment providing for the levy of taxes by Congress against the various States without appropriation in proportion to their population or representation in the National lawmaking body as the Congressional resolution provided, until the matter had been submitted to the people in an election where members for both houses of the Legislature were chosen. Judge Parker did not take part in the deliberations.

FIFTH AVE. 'BUS PROFITS.

Report to Utilities Board Shows Annual Returns of $144,700.

The first annual report of the Fifth Avenue Coach Company to the Public Service Commission, covering the year ending June 30, 1909, was issued yesterday. This company operates the electric stage coaches in Fifth Avenue.

The company has a total investment of about $400,000. Total revenue from passengers carried comes to $369,405; total expenses of bus operation to $225,566, leaving a gross income of, approximately, $144,700. There is marked off to depreciation about $65,595.

Your Floors Tell the Story

of the damage wrought by the old-fashioned, hard-wheeled caster. Their evidence is indelibly traced on your hardwood floors and rugs. Avoid this destruction. Equip your furniture with

FELTOID CASTERS AND TIPS

They cannot scar the most highly finished surface or mar the most delicate fabric. Ask your furniture dealer about FELTOID CASTERS and TIPS, and insist that all your new furniture be equipped with them.

If you cannot conveniently secure them, send your dealer's name, and write us now for free FELTOID Booklet.

THE BURNS & BASSICK COMPANY
Dept. 7. BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

COAST SHIPS IN KEEN RIVALRY

Contest for Winter Trade to Southern Resorts Already On.

Competition to Southern resorts among the steamship lines promises to be unusually keen this season. Bermuda is figuring prominently in this contest for trade and this Winter will see three steamship lines running out of this port to that island. Bermuda is to have an active competitor in the island of Nassau.

The big lines of the old Morse consolidation, gathered together under the name of the Atlantic, Gulf and West Indies Steamship Lines, are putting vigor into the fight. The railroads will have to figure them as factors in the fight for the trade of the Carolinas, Palm Beach, Miami and other coast resorts. These lines are also seeking to divert some of the Winter travel from Berumda to Nassau.

The intention of the consolidated lines to enter into the Nassau trade was made known yesterday by H. E. Cabaud, General Agent of the Ward Line, and confirmed by Arthur W. Pye, General Passenger Agent of the Mallory Line.

Two of the fastest Ward Line steamers are to call at Nassau on their way to and from Galveston. The vessels are the San Jacinto and the Denver. They will begin sailing on Jan. 5, the season continuing through March. Mr. Cabaud said that the Brazos, the largest vessel plying between American ports on the Atlantic, may be added to the Nassau route.

DIAMONDS GONE FROM BED.

Mrs. Siegel Put $2,000 Worth There—Empty Bag Found in Street.

A collection of diamonds worth $2,000 disappeared from the apartment of Benno Siegel, 1,479 Washington Avenue, in the Bronx, at noon yesterday. They were set in rings which had been in the family for years.

Yesterday Mrs. Siegel put the diamonds in a bag. They included a ring with twenty-five small diamonds, a large diamond shirt stud, two rings with three stones each, one with two stones, two large solitaires, and one ring with small stone. The bag she placed in an envelope, then, though the bed was not made up, she put the jewels under her pillow.

That was at noon. Half an hour later she returned to the bedroom. The pillows of the bed were lying on the window sill. The diamonds she could not find.

The servant, Hester Casterrick, told Mrs. Siegel that when she had gone to make the bed she had taken the two pillows from it and put them on the window sill.

Mr. Siegel began a search on the sidewalk. In the areaway, not quite under the window, he found the bag empty. In the ashcan in the corner of the areaway lay the empty envelope. Mr. Siegel notified the Bronx Detective Bureau and said he would give $200 for the return of the diamonds.

O'NEILL-ADAMS Co

Established 42 Years

TO-DAY'S NEWS

We Give Surety Stamps—or a 2½ Per Cent. Bonus

Women's Long Coats

Some at Almost Half

BOTH BUILDINGS

From one of the most noted makers in New York we have secured a splendid lot of 54 and 56 inch coats.

Now, coats at almost half is a more notable thing this year than it has been for a long time, particularly when those coats are coats like these—54 and 56 inches long and made of the very fine worsted that is worn. It has been a very fine coat season.

So to-day you will find about 500 coats in this lot, divided as follows:

$12.50 Coats for $7.50
$14.50 Coats for $9.50
$16.50 Coats for $12.50
$25 Coats for $18.50

There are some black coats in this lot, and you will find chevrons, diagonals, double-faced plaids, mixtures, cloth and caracal velours, besides the crushed plushes that some of you like so well.

We Give and Redeem Surety Stamps

Sixth Ave. 20th to 22d St. O'NEILL-ADAMS Co Sixth Ave. 20th to 22d St.

American News in Europe

The Attention of Americans About to Travel Abroad is Directed to

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For Entrances, Corridors or Floor-Spaces Exposed to Hard Service, Dirt or Wet

Cary's Everlasting Flexible Steel Mats

None so Clean, Durable, Economical and Sanitary for Hotels, Apartment Houses, Theatres, Banks, Stores, Restaurants, Kitchens, Laundries and Public Buildings. Made of the Best Rolled Steel, Rust Proof, round corners. No curling up, easy to clean and Will Last a Lifetime. Used and specified for all U.S. Government Buildings. Made in Rolls from 50 to 100 feet 18-24-30-36 in. wide. Also in various standard sizes from 16x24 to 36x60 inches. Special Sizes to Order.

Send your name and address on a card, or 'phone 1445 Worth, and our representative will call.

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Visit the pretty Tea Balcony on First Floor.

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A Great Business Devoted to

Artistic Oriental Goods

THIS policy of concentration has made Vantine's Specialists in "Objects of Art and Utility" from the Far East.

If you have never visited this Fascinating store—Do So Now!

The Extensive Display of Standard Oriental Goods, and the Moderate Prices Will Astonish You!

This list but hints at the many suggestions offered at Vantine's for CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

Carved Ivories
Picture Frames, Combs
Brushes, Shoe Horns
Paper Cutters, Figures
Toilet Sets, Puff Boxes

Oriental Jewelry
Pendants, Necklaces
Brooches, Earrings
Scarf Pins, Rings
Fobs, Bracelets, etc.

Carved Furniture
Teakwood and Japwood Chairs
Cabinets, Pedestals
Stands, Tables, etc.

Japanese Bronzes
Vases, Incense Koros
Umbrella Stands
Animal Figures in Lion, Tiger, Bear, etc.

Lacquer Ware, Cloisonne Enamels, Fans
Japanese Screens, Artificial Flowers
Oriental Rugs, Rare Embroideries
Japanese Kimonos, Jackets, and Gowns
Oriental Dress Silks and Real Laces
Umbrellas and Canes (mounted with Oriental handles)
Unique Leather and Embroidered Bags and Purses
Artistic Lamps and Shades
Oriental Perfumes, Condiments, etc.

Your visit is cordially invited, whether you purchase or desire to roam through this fascinating store.

A. A. VANTINE & CO.

BROADWAY, BET. 18TH AND 19TH STREETS

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Fifth Avenue Linen Store

We Open To-day

A New Department

For many years the name of KINSEY has stood for the best in the retail linen world—the best value and the highest quality.

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Hosiery for Men and Women

The Hosiery Department will take a very important place in Kinsey's Fifth Avenue Linen Store—offering our patrons the most attractive line of the best hosiery values to be found in New York.

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To introduce our Hosiery we offer the following unmatchable values:

Women's Lisle Stockings: Extra fine quality Black Lisle, double top, extra weight feet. Best wearing stockings made. 50c. quality. Opening price—35c. 3 pairs—$1.00.

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Announces the Continuation of the Important Sale of the

Books, Manuscripts, Letters and Prints

Collected by LOUIS I. HABER of New York City.

PARTS II., III. and IV.

To-morrow (Tuesday,) Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, December 7, 8, 9 and 10, at 2:30 and 8:15 o'clock

PART II., DEC. 7, 8. AFTERNOONS & EVENINGS. The Library (869 lots). Among the rare items will be found a remarkable Collection of FIRST EDITIONS OF EDMUND SPENSER; Milton's POEMS, PARADISE LOST and PARADISE REGAINED; Fine copies of Killigrew, Langland, Lilly, More, SHAKESPEARE, FOURTH FOLIO; Shirley, Puttenham, Taylor, Waller, Wither and others; a superb copy of the NUREMBERG CHRONICLE; a XIVth CENTURY MANUSCRIPT ON VELLUM. The Original Manuscript of one of THACKERAY'S ROUNDABOUT PAPERS. The Original MS. of OSCAR WILDE'S PICTURE OF DORIAN GRAY.

Autograph Manuscripts of Kipling, Stevenson, Swinburne, Longfellow, Lowell, Whitman and Whittier. FIRST EDITIONS and AUTOGRAPH LETTERS of Charles and Mary Lamb, Landor, Lowell, Sir Walter Scott, Poe, Parkman, Thoreau, etc. Tennyson's "Poems," 1833, with an inserted letter of three pages; Longfellow's "Outre-Mer," in parts, with a four-page letter in which he refers to it; Whittier's "Moll Pitcher," and "Mogg Megone," with important letters.

PART III., DEC. 9, 10. AFTERNOONS. LITERARY LETTERS AND AUTHORS' MSS. (394 lots) of Addison, Robert Burns, Lord Byron, Burke, Chesterfield, Gladstone, Hume, Johnson, Pope, Shelley, Thackeray, Dickens, the Brownings, Carlyle, Stevenson, Kipling, Jane Austen, Mrs. Thrale, Charlotte Brontë, Cowper, De Quincey, Lafcadio Hearn, Edgar Allan Poe, Holmes, Irving, Longfellow, Lowell, Parkman, Thoreau, Whitman, Cooper, Freneau, Doyle, Wesley, etc. LARGELY CHARACTERISTIC AND DEEPLY INTERESTING LETTERS.

PART IV., DEC. 9, 10. EVENINGS. COLLECTION OF PRINTS, Etchings, Mezzotints and Engravings (306 lots); Washington and Nell Gwynne by VALENTINE GREEN; Burns by S. COUSINS, Goldsmith by R. Sayer; Etchings by Haig, Buhot, Whistler, Hadon, Corot & Mary Cassatt; Woodcuts by Johnson and Kruell; Portraits, Stipple Engravings by Bartolozzi and his school & other rare prints.

EXHIBITION FROM DECEMBER 1ST, 10 TO 5 P. M.

Particular attention is called to the general high character of the books and autographs collected by Mr. Haber. Rarely have fine items been offered bearing such evidence of the care and pride of their owner. Important manuscripts with the text (when published) are finely bound with special title-pages and portraits; the extra illustrated books contain material of the best quality and the books are, on the whole, in fine bindings.

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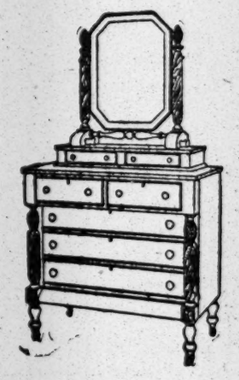

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¶ In these days of extreme shapes in footwear, many men will welcome the ease and restfulness found in the COWARD ORTHOPEDIC SHOE. It shapes itself to the natural foot, fits snugly where support is needed, yet allows free movement of the toes and joints.

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Exceptional opportunity to buy

Holiday Gifts Cheap

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Beg to give notice that they will issue, about December 7th, a catalogue fully descriptive of

Standard Sets of Books

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(This Catalogue will be mailed gratis on application.)

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Southwestern Limited

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Dr. C. W. Saleeby's Book "The Will To Do" *free.*

Write for copy to-day.

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506 Everett Bldg., Union Sq., N. Y.

TRADE BOOMS AGAIN MANUFACTURERS SAY

Business Already Back to Normal, with Predictions of a Future Increase.

DECRY TRUST AGITATION

Or Tariff Tampering—"Talk Prosperity and Look on the Bright Side," the Slogan.

In the December issue of American Industries, the official organ of the National Association of Manufacturers, will appear a symposium contributed by the 3,000 members of the association on the present conditions of trade in the United States and the probabilities for 1910. A large majority of the members of the association contributed to the symposium, a perusal of which shows that practically every important manufacturing industry in the country is represented.

The manufacturers were asked to answer three questions: First, present condition of trade, prospects for the future, and percentage of increase in the business, if any, over 1908. In addition to these questions, each manufacturer was asked to make brief suggestions which might tend to help in promoting the general prosperity of the country.

As a result of a study of all the answers a table was prepared which shows the present conditions in trade and the probabilities for the coming year. The table is as follows:

Industry.	Percentage of Replies Showing: Good Present Business Conditions.	Good Future Prospects.	Average Increase Per Industry Since Dec., 1908.
Ag. implements	100	100	31
Cement and clay products	85	100	30
Crock. and glassware	76	100	24
Drugs and chem.	94	97	33
Food products	87	78	22
Iron and steel	93	97	57
Leather and its manufactures	95	100	26
Lumber and its manufactures	94	100	34
Machinery	97	100	49
Paper and print'g	96	97	23
Textiles	94	98	32
Tools & h'dware	95	97	38
Vehicles	89	92	62

The first impression gained from a study of the table shows that a preponderance of opinions received indicates that business at present is good, and that the prospects for the future are equally, and in many cases, much brighter. It also discloses the fact that none of the businesses concerned show a percentage of decrease in the periods mentioned.

Steel the Trade Barometer.

Several interesting facts are disclosed, as for instance in the report of the vehicle industry, which shows the greatest percentage of increase in the past year, whereas in last year's report this industry was the only one that showed a decrease during the year 1908. It is stated that the explanation for this change for the better is that the automobile industry at the present time is enjoying an almost unprecedented prosperity. It is also cited that this industry was the one that suffered most in the "lean days" immediately following the panic of two years ago.

The production of iron and steel is regarded in business circles as a reliable barometer of trade conditions. "As pig iron goes, so goes the Nation's trade," is a commercial axiom. This industry, which includes the two metals, in a raw and semi-manufactured state, reports that business increased 57 per cent. during the year ended Dec. 1.

It is in food products that anything approaching pessimism is found. Manufacturers in this industry, which includes the great packing plants, the brewing and distilling plants, cereals and their immediate by-products, are not a unit in experiencing good business conditions, and only 78 per cent. of them believe that the immediate future holds much promise. The average increase in business in this industry during the last year is the lowest classified, being 22 per cent. The unsatisfactory showing of the industry, according to the replies, can be laid to the conditions now confronting the brewing and distilling interests throughout the country, a condition created by the prohibition movement.

An industry enjoying present prosperity and having confidence in the future is that devoted to the manufacture of agricultural implements. The trade increased its business 31 per cent., and every reply received in the canvass claimed good business conditions and good future prospects. The prosperity of this industry is directly connected with the highly favorable crop output.

Nursing Prosperity Along.

In reply to the request for suggestions which might help in promoting prosperity nearly all of the manufacturers replied, and it is noted that there is a strong desire on their part to decry the tendency to increase the price of raw materials; a large number of them believe that the tariff agitation should be avoided, while hasty or ill-advised legislation is deplored.

Some of the suggestions are interesting. The Standard Underground Cable Company of Pittsburg, among other things, says this:

> We believe that one of the most important things at this time (and indeed generally) is that manufacturers shall be content with a very moderate profit, and that both manufacturers and raw material producers should make every possible effort to prevent a "runaway market" in the direction of extreme high prices, whether for raw materials or manufactured products.

The John Simmons Company of this city, manufacturers of tools and hardware, through its President, says:

> With regard to suggestions, we can think of nothing except that it is the duty of all to preach conservatism and prevent, if possible, the wild speculation that was rampant in 1906 and 1907. This does not refer alone to Wall Street, but to real estate and business enterprises in general.

The American Gas Furnace Company of this city expresses this opinion:

> We discourage hasty legislation, either as regards a change in our monetary system or the control of trusts, and especially that, while we insist upon absolute impartiality in freight rates, we do not empower any commission appointed by the Government to fix the same arbitrarily, having a friendly regard for railroads, with whose prosperity the general prosperity of the country is inseparably linked.

William N. Crane, Secretary and Treasurer of the William N. Crane Company of this city, writes:

> If raw materials are not advanced—we think they are high enough at present—there is no reason why this country should not enjoy a wave of prosperity greater in length of period and more profitable than ever before.

The New York and New Jersey Lubricant Company of New York states:

> Our suggestion for promoting prosperity is that everybody talk prosperity and look on the bright side of things, and get out and get after business; stir it up, for the trade is there, and each line is more or less dependent on the others. If the general feeling is good business goes along.

Pleas for Business Peace.

The Gould Coupler Company, New York, F. P. Huntley, Vice President and General Manager, states:

> If the manufacturer is let alone by the lawmakers and "cure-alls" and given a peaceful opportunity to work, we believe that the conditions for the next three years will be the best that this country has seen for a long time.

The Westinghouse Machine Company, East Pittsburg, Penn., H. T. Herr, General Manager, says:

> The outlook for the coming year is very encouraging, there being every indication that in the year 1910 we shall do a larger business than has been done heretofore in any year of the company's history.

Other suggestions include a plea for the creation of an American Merchant Marine, to stimulate the export of American goods, and that inflation, overcapitalization and frenzy in financial matters be carefully avoided.

The Symposium concludes with an interview with John Kirby, Jr., President of the National Association of Manufacturers.

"It is quite within the bounds of conservatism," he says, "to say that to-day, practically two years after our so-called panic, the country has reached a condition of normal prosperity. By normal prosperity is meant, be it understood, a satisfactory state of manufacturing, selling and collections.

"This statement is not based upon unsupported optimism, but upon such unfailing trade barometers as the agricultural output, bank clearings, manufacturing, movement of freight, and other well-known indications.

"Indications of the immediate return of prosperity are such as to warrant a general feeling of contentment and hope; and this feeling necessarily includes the working classes as well as the employers."

HARVARD CLUB BARS PRINCESS

Russian Portrait Artist Not Permitted to Enter Its Doors.

The Princess Lewoff Parillagney of Russia, who stays at the Plaza and paints portraits, met with a rebuff yesterday from the Harvard Club in West Forty-fourth Street. She made a sensation when, in her landau with its gilded and colored crests, she drew up in front of the club in the early afternoon. The young men coming to the windows saw her epauleted and cockaded footman jump from the box and approach the door. He was met by a bellboy, who, after much expostulation, sent in for a member of the House Committee.

This member took from the hands of the Princess the visiting card of a club member, on which was written:

> Please allow the Princess to inspect the portraits in Harvard Hall.

The House Committee member said that was impossible. "If you will come on a ladies' day, Princess," he began.

"But," she said, "I have come to-day, and I am introduced by the card of a member."

"This is a man's club," said the member. "There are only men here."

"I understand," returned the Princess, "but I have not come to see the—I have come to examine your portraits."

By this time people had stopped on the other side of the street to watch the incident. Children were gazing in wonder at the brilliant coachman and footman, and people were looking from all the windows, so the Princess gave the word to her coachman and the glittering landeau wheeled about and rolled off up the avenue.

QUITS PULPIT FOR NEW FIELD.

The Rev. W. P. Shriver to Go Into Presbyterian Immigration Work.

The Rev. William P. Shriver, pastor of Northminster Presbyterian Church, 141 West 115th Street, announced to his congregation at the morning service yesterday that he had received a call from the Board of Home Missions of the Presbyterian Church to become Assistant Superintendent in its Department of Immigration. He said he desired to accept this call, and asked the congregation to join him in petitioning the Presbytery of New York to dissolve the pastoral relation. A meeting of the congregation was set for next Sunday.

The Department of Immigration is a new department in the Presbyterian Board of Home Missions. The board now has ten foreign speaking ministers at work in New York. At Hope Chapel, in a congested centre of the lower east side, a work will be conducted for three or four different nationalities. Mr. Shriver will have direct supervision over this work as a sort of pastor-at-large. He will also have general supervision of the men appointed by the board to labor among foreign speaking people throughout the country. The work in this city is in cooperation with the Home Missions Committee of the Presbytery, of which Prof. William Adams Brown is Chairman. It also has the co-operation of the Church Extension Committee.

Mr. Shriver said yesterday of his new work:

"It would poorly express our purpose to say that the sole end of this work is to make these foreign speaking people members of Presbyterian churches. We trust, indeed, to bring many of them into such helpful co-operation for the sake of the Kingdom.

"There is much undesirable immigration just as there are many undesirable citizens American born. But the mass of immigration coming to our country is not to be looked upon as alien nor treated as such. It represents a great force to be welded into the strength of an American society."

MAY OUST STETSONITES.

Republication of Mrs. Eddy's Letter Thought to Threaten Trustees.

Members of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, who have been wondering whether the Mother Church officials would follow up their excommunication of Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson by action against those of the trustees who championed Mrs. Stetson's cause, said yesterday that they did not believe the efforts of the Mother Church to eradicate "Stetsonism" have finished. They based this supposition on the republication in the Christian Science Sentinel, which reached here yesterday, of Mrs. Eddy's letter sent on Nov. 15 to the First Church trustees, advising them to stand by the Mother Church.

Those in First Church who are in close touch with the officials of the Mother Church, said yesterday that the republication of the letter at this time in the Sentinel was regarded as a further rebuke to the First Church trustees and as an indication that they had not carried out Mrs. Eddy's instructions. They say that the trustees, with the exception of Mrs. Susan Thomas, have made no attempt to apologise to the Directors of the Mother Church but have, on the contrary, shown a hostile spirit in many ways.

Few of the trustees were at the morning service in First Church yesterday. Neither was there any member of the Stetson household present. Most of the admonished practitioners were also absent.

EXPLAIN B. R. T. TRANSFER CUT

But South Brooklyn Residents Will Hold an Indignation Meeting Anyhow.

As the result of the expression of indignation on the part of the inhabitants of South Brooklyn over the action of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company in announcing the discontinuing of transfers on and after Jan. 1 between the Fifth Avenue elevated and the Fifteenth Street surface line, the officers of the company issued an explanation last night.

The explanation is to the effect that the B. R. T. officials consider the transfer point at Fifteenth Street and Fifth Avenue and at Kensington Junction serve the same purpose. The people using Sixteenth Street line, the statement says, and connecting with the old Culver Street line at Ninth Avenue and Twentieth Street can use the elevated trains at Thirty-sixth Street without any loss of time. Residents of the Bay Ridge and South Brooklyn sections will, however, lose the privilege of transfers from the elevated road to Hamilton ferry by surface lines.

The explanation did not satisfy the South Brooklyn residents, and an indignation meeting will probably be held this week.

Test the Rest Then Buy the Best

Santo Portable Vacuum Cleaner

If all the dirt and germs hidden away in rugs, carpets, furniture and mattresses were in plain view, what a rush there would be for Vacuum Cleaners!

Santo Sales Co

341 Fifth Avenue

Stores { Fifth Avenue and 33rd Street / Fifth Avenue and 59th Street

GAVE UP MILLIONS TO WED A BARON

Widow of Carl Schultz Agreed to Settlement of Estate in Children's Favor.

ON HER WAY HERE NOW

Accompanied by the Baron von Sievers of Hamburg—He Surrendered His Claim, Too.

When the widow of Carl Herman Schultz, founder of the mineral water concern bearing his name, returns from Germany this week it will be as the Baroness von Sievers, wife of Baron Richard von Sievers of Hamburg, Germany, who, as Consul to South America, represents the German Empire at Montevideo, Argentine Republic. The Baron, who has been honored both by the Court at Berlin and that of St. James's, will accompany the former Mrs. Schultz.

Although it had been stated that Mrs. Schultz, who is nearly 70 years old, had been married, it was not until the filing with the Clerk of New York County of a marriage agreement a few days ago that it was definitely known that the wedding had taken place. The agreement was signed only a short time before the wedding.

By the document the Schultz millions are secured for the children of the man who amassed them, and by its terms the objection that is said to have been made by the children to the nuptial arrangements has been removed. The agreement was signed only a short time before the wedding.

The document, prepared in this country places in the hands of the Schultz children as trustees the control of their father's estate in New York, in which the widow receives a life interest. It was the German law, which makes the husband the heir to his wife's estate, that caused the settlement to be made.

by ex-Attorney General John W. Griggs and drafted in London by R. Newton Crane, once a partner of the late Richard Watson Gilder in American newspaper ventures, is attested by H. Barie Dowline, Commissioner at Westminster for New York. Aside from the placing of the New York holdings of the Schultz estate in a trusteeship, the document also contains the Baron's full renunciation of any right he may have had to his wife's estate under the German laws. A similar waiver of her dower rights is signed by Mrs. Schultz, placating all interests. She retains, however, a large share of the income of the estate.

Nine children, two sons and seven daughters, survive the late Carl Schultz, all of whom live or have lived in a New Jersey suburb, Murray Hill, which Mr. Schultz founded and developed into a place of many attractions. The children built homes there near the estate of their father. Mrs. Schultz retains that residence, as well as a New York Winter home, a Summer home among the Thousand Islands, and another at Glen Cove Springs, Fla.

Since the death of her husband thirteen years ago Mrs. Schultz has spent most of her time traveling, and while in Germany met Baron von Sievers, who is several years her senior.

REVERSAL TOO LATE.

By the Time the Court Acted Schlessel Had Served His Sentence.

Nathan Schlessel, who was convicted in General Sessions in Novemebr, 1907, of violating the section of the Penal Code which makes it a misdemeanor to remove or conceal assets with intent to defraud a creditor, and who was convicted and sentenced to one year in prison, which sentence, less three months for good behavior, he has served, has obtained a new trial, the Court of Appeals having reversed the conviction.

The specific charge in the indictment against Schlessel was that in 1903 he had fraudulently transferred to his brother a check for $1,972.45, his alleged purpose being to defraud a creditor. Assistant District Attorney Train, assisted by lawyers of the Merchants' Association of New York, conducted the case for the State, while John R. Dos Passos defended Schlessel.

In writing the opinion, Justice Bartlett said that the proceedings had been characterized by considerable prolixity.

"The crime," he wrote, "is alleged to have been committed in November, 1903. The indictment was found in June, 1905. The defendant on June 28, 1905, interposed a demurrer, which was held under advisement over seven months, until Feb. 6, 1906, when it was disallowed."

Justice Bartlett also points out that an error was committed in the trial by admitting in evidence a petition in bankruptcy prepared by the creditors of the defendant. It is not believed that a new trial will take place, as Schlessel had served his sentence before his appeal was finally passed upon.

BRINGS A CURE FOR BURNS.

Dr. de Sanford Will Demonstrate French Remedy Here.

Dr. Barthe de Sandfort, a surgeon of Paris, who arrived yesterday at the Hotel Brevoort, has brought with him a new cure for burns said to relieve sufferers of pain and disfiguration.

The surgeon will demonstrate his cure soon before clinics in the Presbyterian Hospital in this city, at the Johns Hopkins University in Baltimore, and before the medical societies of Philadelphia and Boston.

The substance of the cure is called "aseptic and analyosic anhydrous thermine," which is a composition of wax, resin, and oils. It much resembles plum cake. This is heated until it is dissolved and applied to the injured surface at a temperature of 210 degrees. The effect is said to be soothing, and there is a saving of from 50 to 75 per cent. in the time required for the recovery of the patient.

Dr. de Sandfort, who came in on the American liner New York, brought with him 225 pounds of the stuff for demonstration purposes.

ARRESTED AT A PARTY.

Bricklayer Who Deserted His Wife Thought He Was Safe on Sunday.

Despite the fact that there was an indictment pending against him for deserting his wife and six children, John A. Weber, a boss bricklayer, couldn't resist the temptation yesterday to attend a birthday party for his aunt, Mrs. Mary Weber, of No. 298 Seventeenth Avenue, Astoria.

As it was Sunday and a birthday celebration, Weber thought the detectives took an unfair advantage and said so later when before Lieut. Carrol in the Astoria station house. Weber's wife and children live at No. 383 Flushing Avenue, Astoria. He was discharged from Police Court Sept. 28, on his promise to support them, but instead he left the State.

The Weekly Financial Review.

The full text, carefully revised, of the address of Senator Aldrich before the Economic Club of New York on Europe's banking systems, with respect to their efficiency in preventing panics, is printed in to-day's NEW YORK TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

To-day's number contains also a study of the summary which the Monetary Commission made of the information it got from the National and State, savings and private banks and trust companies of the country in answer to a long list of questions. For the first time we know how much money the American people have in bank, how much of the money the banks hold, and how the average American merchant gets credit.

The Rock Island-Frisco and Rock Island-Lehigh changes are fully discussed, as well as the big banking consolidations made and making in Wall Street.

New Mt. Vernon Church Opened.

The new Church of Our Lady of Mount Carmel, at First Street and Tenth Avenue, Mount Vernon, was formally opened yesterday. The services began with a blessing at 10:30 A. M. by Bishop Cussak, who preached in English. He was followed by the Rev. Alphonsus Parziale, rector of St. Peter's Church of Pittsburg, who preached in Italian.

IDEAL CHRISTMAS GIFTS

To those who have travelled,
To those who expect to travel, and
To those who cannot travel.

THE UNDERWOOD TRAVEL SYSTEM

Does for the Eyes What the Telephone Does for the Ear

Try it and enjoy right in your own home the genuine experience of seeing for yourself distant places. Prof. James H. Breasted, Ph. D., of Chicago University, says:

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are many quaint bits of oriental life. On the way is that world-wonder, the

Grand Canyon of Arizona—

a mile deep, miles wide, painted in rainbow hues. A Pullman takes you to the rim, where stands El Tovar Hotel, like a country club—Fred Harvey management.

The California Limited

between Chicago—Kansas City and Los Angeles, San Diego and San Francisco. You will enjoy the **Fred Harvey** dining-car service. This is the only Southern California train, via any line, exclusively for first-class travel. All others carry tourist sleepers and second-class passengers.

Santa Fe ALL THE WAY

Let me give you our de luxe California Limited and Grand Canyon booklets. Geo. C. Dillard, Gen. Agt., A. T. & S. F. Ry., 377 Broadway, New York City.

The Consumer's League says: "Do your Christmas shopping early in the Season and early in the day, thereby contributing to the Christmas of the Working Girl and all who serve you."

To take home small packages means shorter hours for the Saleswomen, Drivers and Delivery Boys.

One Xmas Gift must be a Box of

Huyler's Candies Of Rare Quality

Domestic and Imported

Fancy Boxes, Baskets and Novelties in large variety.

For Customers whose time is limited, we pack fresh daily 1, 2, 3 & 5 lb. Boxes which can be had at all Huyler's Retail Stores.

Huyler's will consider it a special favor on the part of their many patrons if they will place their CHRISTMAS ORDERS AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE, directing that goods be packed and delivered on any desired date. This will enable our giving more careful attention to the packing and delivering of goods, and avoid unnecessary late hours for our employees, which is bound to result if orders are placed at the last moment.

ON THE CHARACTER OF CANDY DEPENDS ITS FITNESS FOR GIFT MAKING.

If you should be disappointed in not being promptly waited on at any of our Stores, and fail to have your orders filled on account of rush of business, we would suggest your purchasing at any of our authorized Sales Agents.

We deliver to them Fresh Daily and guarantee the goods being perfect.

Furs for Holiday Gifts.

C. G. Gunther's Sons

Established 1820

FURS

Long and medium Coats of Seal, Mink, Broadtail, Persian Lamb, French Dyed Seal, Caracul, Etc.

Muffs and Neck Pieces of Sable, Mink, Lynx, Fox and other fashionable Furs.

FURS FOR CHILDREN.

391 Fifth Avenue at 36th Street.

A Rare Collection of Russian Sable and Silver Fox Skins

The overcoat question has many faces this year.

Will you be very smart and use for business and knock-about wear a rough fancy fabric with plaided reverse?

A rich dark coat for dress wear?

A woolen raincoat for threatening days?

A mackintosh for drenching days?

A fur-lined coat for frigid days?

A fur outside coat for motoring?

An ulster for blizzardy weather?

All ready for you to put on.

Our "Dollar Glove" illustrates our policy of "a dollar's worth and a little more for every dollar."

"A little more" in this case means nearly 50%, for our "Dollar Glove" is well up to usual $1.50 value.

We talk Schlichten Ramie in summer, because it's fine summer underwear.

We talk it in winter, because it's one of the finest winter underwears, thanks to the unique structure of Ramie Fibre.

How to be happy though bunioned—

Nothing simpler — our "Bunion Shoe" has cozy apartments for such nuisances, though to see the shoes you'd hardly guess it.

$4.

We face the hat question with smiles.

Derbies, soft felts, cloth hats, silk hats, opera hats, and all sorts of caps for motoring and golfing.

"Stars" for every stage of the game.

"Star" neglige shirts for business and general wear. $1.50 to $3.50.

"Star" flannel shirts with or without soft collars for sporting wear. $3.50 to $4.50.

"Star" white shirts for evening wear. $1.50 to $3.00.

Our Leather Goods Department has so many attractive novelties for Xmas gifts.

Leather bill cases; leather brush cases; clock novelties; jewel boxes; and dozens of other things men fancy.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores

at Warren st. at 13th st. at 34th st.

"FRISCO" made in 3 heights for particular Men

One of the newest Frisbie-Coon styles

Sets equally well on soft and stiff bosom shirts

Stays put in front

25 cents for Two

At all good Shops

GRACEFUL, EASY RUNNING, RELIABLE.

"40" $2,250 MIDLAND "35" $1,800

CARS

Phone Col. 4250—For a demonstration

J. MORA BOYLE, Pres., 1851 B'way.

CYCLISTS START ON WEEK'S GRIND

Big Tim Sullivan Gives Signal for Seventeen Teams to Go in Garden Race.

WILEY INJURES SHOULDER

Dislocation Due to Bad Spill May Put "Messenger Boy" Team Out of Contest—Old Favorites Cheered.

TWO O'CLOCK SCORE.

	Miles.	Laps.
MacFarland and Clark	48	7
Hutt and Stol	48	7
Root and Fogler	48	7
Lawson and DeMara	48	7
Walthour and Collins	48	7
Logan and Hardgett	48	7
Anderson and Vanoni	48	7
Mitten and West	48	7
Wiley and Drobach	48	7
Cameron and Krebs	48	7
Halsted and Lawrence	48	7
Hill and Stein	48	7
Pye and Hehir	48	7
Galvin and Keegan	48	7
L. and E. Georget	48	7
Shirley and Germain	48	7
Cunilo and Carapezzi	48	7

Former Record—50 miles, 1 lap, made by Lapourcade and Faber in 1908.

Former record, 25 miles 5 laps, made by Anderson and Vanoni in 1908.

While more than 10,000 people looked on, cheering madly, the pistol in "Big Tim" Sullivan's hand rang out and seventeen endurance cyclists, representing nine countries, started out on the seventeenth annual international bicycle race at Madison Square Garden at exactly 12 o'clock last night. From the top iron rafters, high up close to the roof, every available place in all the galleries, boxes, and inner inclosure of the track was jammed with bicycle enthusiasts. Previous to the start of the race each team, in suits of flaring colors and sombre hues, rode slowly about the track on dress parade while Announcer Harvey shouted out their names. Each team got a warm reception, especially the American and Italian riders.

The Dixie-Yankee team, Bobby Walthour and Elmer Collins, got big applause, and Walthour appeared to be one of the most popular men on the track. But many of the superstitious ones pointed to the fact that Bobby's number was 13 and were afraid that ill luck would be with him in this race as in last year's when he got a lap behind and was unable to make it up.

The following members of the different teams started out on the 142-hour trip: Clarke of McFarland and Clarke, Root of Root and Fogler, Hill of Hill and Stein, De Mara of Lawson and De Mara, Anderson of Anderson and Vanoni, Cameron of Krebs and Cameron, Mitten of Mitten and West, Rutt of Rutt and Stol, Cuniolo of Cuniolo and Carapezzi, Germain of Shirley and Germain, Leon Georget of Georget and Georget, Pye of Pye and Hehir, Keegan of Keegan and Galvin, Wiley of Wiley and Drobach, Halstead of Halstead and Lawson, Bardgett of Logan and Bardgett, and Walthour of Walthour and Collins. The seventeen riders started out at a fast pace, one or another of the riders going ahead occasionally.

The riders started out at a fast clip with Germain of the British-French team leading the way for the first lap. The men had pedaled but a few laps when Rutt slipped down on the steeply banked track and was heavily thrown. He was up in a jiffy and in the race again. Germain kept in front and finished the first mile in the lead in 2:29 1-5.

At 12:50 the crowd had its first thrill, when Carapezzi of the Italian team tried to pass the bunch on one of the steep turns and bumped against Logan. Germain, Wiley and Garvin were spilled and the two former were carried off the track. Wiley's shoulder was dislocated and the injuries will probably put him out of the race.

At the fifth mile Hill led the procession, making the distance in 1:57 2-5, which was smart traveling for riders who have a hard, grueling week of riding before them. Leon Georget was the second man to be spilled when his narrow tires slipped on the smooth track. After the seventh mile the riders settled down to a steady medium gait.

At the tenth mile Patsy Logan of the Boston-Buffalo team hit up a fast clip and led the bunch. The time was 23:50.

The top gallery was fringed with thousands of youthful faces, and from this horde of loud-throated fans came entreaties and words of encouragement for the different favorites. It was a typical crowd, just the same careless, excitement-loving mob which is content to stay out all night and watch the riders pedal round and round the saucer track in a monotonous procession, but they wait patiently, and know that at any time there is liable to be a burst of speed from some one of the riders as he jumps out and tries to get into the lead.

All around the track are the little canopied resting places for the different teams, fitted out with all sorts of liniments, bandages, cots, blankets, bottles, and little boxes of concentrated foods. There is the usual number of barking merchants, and the only decorations which cover the gallery railings of the vast auditorium are large whisky signs, and one tailor has up a big sign offering a suit to the losing team. The fans wondered how the two riders who finish last in the long grind are going to wear the suit at the same time.

Last night the Garden was opened up early, at 7:30, and the jam and rush of former years was avoided. The top gallery filled up quickly, and it was 11 o'clock before the other seats began to fill. The familiar nighthawks promenaded through the catacombs in the basement of the Garden, where the "hot-dog" constitutes all the different courses on the Six-day Bike Race menu.

CYCLIST BADLY INJURED.

Louis Owens In Serious Condition in Newark Hospital.

NEWARK, N. J., Dec. 5.—Louis Owens, 23 years of age, of 12 Grant Street, this city, is in St. Barnabas Hospital in a serious condition as the result of injuries received last night while riding in the third heat of the half mile amateur handicap in Madison Square Garden. Owens who went down in a spill and was ridden over by several wheelmen following, was not at first believed to be badly injured, but while on the way to this city he collapsed on the train and was removed from the Market Street Station to the hospital in an ambulance. It was found that his head and upper part of his body were badly injured.

Runner Sullivan Out of Hospital.

After having been under treatment for two weeks at Bellevue for bad sprains of two tendons in his right ankle, which he sustained after winning the Canadian five-mile championship at Montreal a month ago, James P. Sullivan, a member of the Irish-American Athletic Club, left the hospital cured last night and went to his home, 389 Lafayette Street, Brooklyn.

Hart's Operation Successful.

CHICAGO, Dec. 5.—James A. Hart, former owner of the Chicago National League Baseball Club and for many years a prominent figure in the baseball world, was operated upon here yesterday for appendicitis. The operation required two hours, but at a late hour last night Mr. Hart was reported from the hospital to have rallied from the ordeal. Mr. Hart's illness compelled him to postpone a long contemplated tour of the world, which he was preparing to begin when stricken.

Umpire Danihy Dies After Accident.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 5.—Maurice P. Danihy, who is thought to have umpired in more baseball games of minor leagues than any other man in the country, fell down a stairway Saturday night, fractured his skull and died this morning. He was 49 years of age.

COBB, BATTING CHAMPION.

Detroit Outfielder Leads American League with .377 Average.

Tyrus Cobb surpassed his best previous efforts last season and again proved himself the best batter in the American League, according to the official averages issued yesterday by President B. B. Johnson. The hard-hitting outfielder of the champion Detroit team batted better than ever and ended the season with the phenomenal figures of .377. Cobb participated in 156 games and made 216 hits. Not only was Cobb the leading hitter, but outclassed all the others in base stealing with a total of seventy-six thefts to his credit. Cobb and Triss Speaker of Boston tied for the honors in hitting home runs with seven each.

Eddie Collins of the Philadelphia Athletics finished second both in hitting and base stealing. Collins played in 153 games, or three less than Cobb, and made 198 hits for a mark of .346 and stole sixty-seven bases. Lapp of Philadelphia and Gardner of New York finished third and fourth in the batting, but played only twenty-one and twenty-two games, respectively.

Napoleon Lajoie of Cleveland landed fifth with .324 for 128 games, and Sam Crawford of Detroit was next with .314 for 156 games. Lord and Speaker of Boston and Baker of Philadelphia were the others to bat more than .300, making a total of nine above that coveted mark. Owen Bush of Detroit was the best sacrifice hitter with fifty-two successful efforts to his credit.

The Detroit champions led in team hitting with an excellent average of .267, and Boston was second with .260. The official averages for the leading batsmen and team batting follows:

INDIVIDUAL BATTING.

Name and Club.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Cobb, Detroit	156	573	116	216	.377
Collins, Philadelphia	153	572	104	198	.346
Lapp, Philadelphia	21	56	8	19	.336
Gardner, New York	22	85	12	28	.329
Lajoie, Cleveland	128	469	50	152	.324
Crawford, Detroit	156	589	83	185	.314
Lord, Boston	136	534	85	166	.311
Speaker, Boston	143	544	73	168	.309
Baker, Philadelphia	148	541	73	165	.305
Laporte, New York	89	309	35	92	.298
Gardner, Boston	19	37	8	11	.297
Carrigan, Boston	94	280	27	83	.296
Stahl, Boston	127	435	62	128	.294
Lelivelt, Washington	91	318	25	93	.292
Criss, St. Louis	35	48	2	14	.292
Birmingham, Cleveland	105	343	29	99	.289
Stone, St. Louis	86	310	33	89	.287
Heitmuller, Philadelphia	64	210	36	60	.286
Bailey, St. Louis	38	77	1	22	.286
Dougherty, Chicago	139	491	71	140	.285
Gessler, Bos. and Wash.	128	450	66	128	.284
Chase, New York	118	474	60	134	.283
Brockett, New York	26	60	6	17	.283
Hooper, Boston	81	255	29	72	.282
Murphy, Philadelphia	149	541	61	152	.281
Griggs, St. Louis	108	364	38	102	.280
D. Jones, Detroit	69	204	44	57	.279
Engle, New York	136	492	66	137	.278
Clarke, Cleveland	55	164	15	45	.274
Bush, Detroit	152	532	114	146	.273
Moriarty, Detroit	133	473	43	129	.272
Browne, Washington	103	393	40	107	.272
Hartzell, St. Louis	152	595	64	161	.271
Hartsel, Philadelphia	83	267	30	72	.270
Hoffman, St. Louis	110	387	44	104	.269
Lord, Cleveland	69	249	26	67	.269
H. Davis, Philadelphia	149	530	73	142	.268
Sweeny, New York	67	176	19	47	.267
Orth, New York	22	74	3	9	.265
Unglaub, Washington	130	480	43	127	.264
Keeler, New York	99	360	44	95	.264
Cree, New York	104	343	43	90	.262
Stanage, Detroit	77	252	17	66	.262
Shotten, St. Louis	17	61	5	16	.262
Parent, Chicago	136	472	61	123	.261
Easterly, Cleveland	98	287	32	75	.261

CLUB BATTING.

Name.	No. Games.	A. B.	Hits.	Pct.
Detroit	158	5,074	1,355	.267
Boston	152	4,995	1,301	.260
Philadelphia	153	4,909	1,255	.256
New York	153	4,989	1,239	.248
Cleveland	155	5,039	1,217	.242
Washington	156	4,982	1,112	.223
Chicago	159	5,013	1,109	.221
St. Louis	154	4,972	1,066	.214

CLAY COURT CHAMPIONSHIP.

West and South May Force National Committee to Arrange Event.

Lawn tennis players have rallied so enthusastically to the support of the project of the institution of a national clay court championship that the successful outcome is assured. Dr. P. E. Hawk of the University of Illinois, and Chairman of the National Banking Committee, has stood as sponsor for such a tournament from its inception. He is supported by three of the Executive Committee of the National Association. Ralph Holterhoff of Cincinnati, L. Harry Waidner of Chicago, and W. T. Scott of Atlanta. The Western players are organizing to put the championship through, taking the stand that nine-tenths of the matches in this country are decided upon clay surfaces.

The situation threatens to cause a disturbance at the annual national meeting, to be held inthe Waldorf-Astoria next February. Two years ago the West were outvoted by their own proxies upon their own proposition. It is planned this year to pool the vote of the West and South together with several of the big Eastern clubs. Such a move will split the control which has heretofore been exercised in the East, so that other important changes may be brought about. There are some sanguine enough to predict that it will split the Executive Committee to such an extent that a new official board may be elected.

Brooklyn Loses Cup Tie.

Replaying their game with the True Blues of Paterson at Marquette Oval, in Brooklyn, yesterday the Brooklyns were eliminated from the annual cup tie competition of the American Football Association, the National champions winning by the score of 3 goals to 1. The Jerseymen were the steadier throughout, while the Brooklyns at times played quite loosely. The half ended with the score at 2 goals to 1 in favor of the True Blues. The Brooklyns tried in vain to recover ground in the second period, and were obliged to concede the visitors one more goal.

At MacDonald Field yesterday the Clan MacDonalds of Brooklyn defeated the eleven of the Columbia Football Club in an Amateur League championship game by the score of 4 goals to 0. Hastie, Glen, and McCulloch scored for the winners in the first half, and in the second period Lyphtoe, a new player, got past the Columbia defense.

The Hollywood Inn Football Club eleven of Yonkers added to its list of victories in the annual championship series of the New York Amateur Association Football League by defeating the Arcadia Thistles at Visitation Oval by the score of 3 goals to 1.

In an Amateur League game at Macomb's Dam Park the Highbridge eleven defeated a team of the Brooklyn Football Club by the score of 6 goals to 0. At half time the score was 1 to 0 in favor of the home team, Bryce having shot the first goal. After the restart Bryce shot another, Newman tallied twice, and Lane and Edwards added one apiece.

After leading in the second half by 3 goals to 2, the Camerons were forced to divide the honors with the Astoria Independents in an Amateur League game played at Astoria. D. Scott, F. Marshall, and G. Bissett scored for the Camerons and G. Revie, T. Boylan, and A. McFadden for the Astorias.

The first game for the Clan MacDonald Cup this year was contested at Morris Park, Newark, yesterday, and resulted in favor of the Critchleys of Brooklyn by the score of 1 goal to 0. The tally was made by McFadden off a penalty against one of the home backs.

RUMOR IS BUSY WITH FOOTBALL

She Has Dartmouth, Cornell, Princeton and Penn Schedules Changed.

NEW COACHING PLANS, TOO

Some Interesting Figures on Yale's Career in the Great American Game.

If Dartmouth doesn't play football with Princeton it is said in some quarters that Cornell will be substituted for Dartmouth on the Orange and Black football schedule, and that the close relations which once existed between Princeton and Cornell in all branches of sport will be resumed.

Likewise it is said on the Hanover college grounds that if the football game with Princeton ceases to be one of the features of the Dartmouth schedule, then Michigan will be taken on for an annual affair, this game to be played in New York City. It is also very freely predicted that Dartmouth and Brown will again become football opponents, a state of affairs highly desirable to New England lovers of the sport.

Along with the election of Hart as the Princeton captain for 1910 there is considerable gossip relative to William Roper again becoming head coach at the New Jersey university. That Phil King, who has been at Princeton all this Fall and who is a member of the graduate athletic triumvirate, will go to Wisconsin now that Barry, the former Brown player, has resigned there as football coach, is a prediction frequently made by Princeton and Wisconsin undergraduates alike.

With this open coupling of Roper's and Hart's names as the 1910 Tiger leaders there is a very strong suggestion from Cambridge that it will not be Haughton who will be supreme at Harvard next year. Rumor is now constantly sounding "Dave" Campbell's name either as Haughton's assistant or successor.

The committee on football rumors always works overtime, so that it is not strange to hear it gossiped that Cornell and Pennsylvania will break, the impulse to this end coming from the Ithaca university.

A statistician cites some interesting figures in the number of points garnered by Harvard against Yale which show the strength of the New Haven defense not once or twice or three times but every year, regardless of whether or not the Blue eleven succeeded in defeating Princeton and Harvard.

In the last twenty-five years, including the seasons of 1884 and 1909, the football elevens of Yale have scored no fewer than 8,963 points, as against a total by all opponents of only 425, a ratio of over 20 to 1. Yale has played in this time just 300 games. Yet she has lost only twelve. Six of these defeats came from Princeton, four from Harvard, one from West Point, and one from Columbia. So that out of a total of forty-three different institutions Yale has met on the gridiron only four have been able to defeat her.

The following table shows just how many points her most frequent adversaries have scored against the New Haven university:

	Games.	Total Scores.
Wesleyan	37	1752— 9
Princeton	26	300—118
Harvard	22	251— 71
West Point	17	230— 48
Brown	16	247— 42
Pennsylvania	10	442— 21
Dartmouth	8	304— 0
Syracuse	8	169— 9
Columbia	7	196— 15
Carlisle	4	95— 14

The highest score that Yale has ever run up in any one game during these twenty-five years was against Wesleyan and the Blue made 130 points to her opponent's 0. Except for Princeton's 140 points against Lehigh's 0, this is the largest score ever run up by any Eastern team, if, indeed, it does not exceed any ever made by an eleven in the whole United States.

Princeton has made by far the best showing against Yale. She has a total of 4.5 points per game for an average, whereas Carlisle follows in second place with only 3.5 points a game. Harvard next with 3.2, then West Point with 2.8 and, fifth, Brown with 2.6 points.

FOOTBALL CONFERENCE.

Rumored That Camp and Haughton Will Meet Next Week.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 5.—That football will need all its champions to keep it in existence at Harvard is gradually broadening in strength here. That Yale also is vigorously demanding gridiron reform also adds to the fire here. The Harvard Athletic Association recently called a hurried meeting of its Executive Committee and instructed the Committee on Football Rules and Regulations to report to the main body of the association any suggestions of reform or revision that will make football a game to be played with less loss of life and limb.

This, it was asserted, may have offset a Faculty ultimatum against the sport, as it did several years ago. Dame Rumor has it that Walter Camp will run up from New Haven next week and talk over matters with Coach Percy Haughton; also that men high in the educational ranks of both Harvard and Yale and representatives of the student body will take part in the conference, which will be held either here or in Cambridge. What action, if any, this body will take will be eagerly looked for.

SPEEDWAY NEARLY READY.

Indianapolis Motordrome to be Completed This Week.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 5.—When a silver brick, gold plated, is laid this week the gigantic undertaking of paving the Indianapolis motor speedway with vitrified bricks will be completed. Besides laying the 3,500,000 bricks in concrete, they have been covered with cement, which gives the track a smooth, even surface.

The cost of the speedway to date is $700,000. Since the August meeting new stands, new garages, and an aerodrome have been added, and nothing has been spared to make the plant complete in every detail.

Record trials on the new track will be held Dec. 17 and 18, and Director of Contests E. A. Moross expects about thirty cars to be entered.

CLEVERLY STOPS RUNAWAY.

Policeman Fitzgerald Pulled from Saddle by Breaking of Stirrup.

A tinge of excitement was added to the Speedway racing yesterday morning when Thomas Russell's Luke, driven by his son, got beyond the youthful driver's control nearing the half-mile post. The runaway came tearing past the crowd of spectators, closely pursued by Policeman Fitzgerald of the mounted squad. He quickly overtook the runaway horse and pulled him down, but in stopping the animal was hauled from the saddle through the breaking of a stirrup. The work of Fitzgerald in stopping the runaway was as cleverly done as any that the Speedway devotees have ever seen, and he received an ovation when he passed back along the line of spectators.

The racing itself was of a high calibre, although there was not an overabundance of brushes. Those that did take place, lookers a good bit of sport. The event which gave the greatest interest came near the end of the racing, when Charles Welland's Sid Axworthy, 2:07¼, was pitted against Denver, owned by Nathan Straus and driven by Ted Sullivan. The first heat found the Welland entry an easy winner. The second brush found Denver in better fettle, however, and a close brush was the result. Sid Axworthy won by a narrow margin after the two horses had come down the stretch neck and neck. James A. Murphy, driving Kim, started just ahead of the other two in one heat and finished with a margin of several lengths' advantage.

Thomas Lawson's Jap started in several heats, but the usual success failed to follow the horse yesterday and for the most part it met with defeat, though Lawson did not seem to be trying to bring out all of its speed, driving with one hand in every brush. Rose Electrite, driven by E. Bottenus, twice took the honors from Jap, and Triphammer, driven by N. Grunzfelder, also showed to the front in a brush against the Lawson horse. A victory for Jap came when Lawson sent him against Hugh Riley's Lucy, the former winning handily.

There were two of the Huber horses on the course—Kalomia and Arnold Pandit. In one brush against Kalomia Arnold Pandit was the winner, being driven by Scott. A short time later Kalomia won from William Scott's Hyacinta, the latter finishing ahead of Arnold Pandit. S. B. Wolf's Minnie Albert showed against Kate Nelson, driven by E. J. La Place, taking two heats.

SCOTT WINS FOUR EVENTS.

Larchmont Y. C. Marksman Shoots Well at Weekly Meet.

Stuart Scott won four events yesterday at the weekly shoot of the Larchmont Yacht Club. Scott was in excellent shooting form, breaking 131 targets out of 145, and in addition secured a leg on the Sauer Trophy. Ideal weather conditions favored the marksmen and a big crowd of interested spectators watched the sport. W. J. Elias won the fifteen-bird shoot after a tie, while Dr. W. B. Short led for the Baudouine Cup and accumulative prize. J. Ross Collins secured a leg on the Halstead December prize. The scores:

SAUER PRIZE, HANDICAP; 25 BIRDS, UNKNOWN ANGLES.

	Hits.	Hcp.	Total.
W. J. Elias	19	2	21
G. C. Bostwick	15	3	18
S. Scott	24	1	25
G. F. Pelham	22	3	25
T. Lenane, Jr.	21	3	24
T. Durham	20	0	20
K. R. Hooker	18	3	21
W. B. Short	18	4	22
R. L. Spotts	22	2	24
J. R. Collins	18	4	22
A. B. Alley	18	4	22

Tie between Pelham and Scott; shoot-off won by Scott.

HALSTEAD CUP, HANDICAP; 25 BIRDS, UNKNOWN ANGLES.

	Hits.	Hcp.	Total.
W. J. Elias	22	2	24
A. C. Bostwick	16	3	19
S. Scott	24	0	24
G. F. Pelham	18	3	21
T. Lenane, Jr.	21	3	24
T. Durham	18	0	18
K. R. Hooker	18	3	21
W. B. Short	20	3	23
R. L. Spotts	24	1	25
J. Ross Collins	21	4	25
A. B. Alley	18	5	23
W. E. Bemis	16	5	21
David Rait	17	3	20
H. T. Shriver	18	2	20

Tie between Collins and Spotts; shoot-off won by Collins.

BAUDOUINE SEASON PRIZE.

25 Birds; Handicap; Unknown Angles.

	Hits.	H'cap.	Total.
W. J. Elias	22	2	24
A. C. Bostwick	15	3	18
S. Scott	22	0	22
G. F. Pelham	23	4	25
T. Lenane, Jr.	20	3	23
T. Durham	19	0	19
K. R. Hooker	22	3	25
R. L. Spotts	20	2	22
J. Ross Collins	19	3	22
A. B. Alley	17	4	21
W. E. Bemis	15	5	20
David Rait	21	3	24
H. T. Shriver	19	2	21
W. B. Short	21	4	25

Tie between Pelham, Hooker, and Short. Shoot-off won by Short.

ACCUMULATIVE CUP—HANDICAP.

25 Birds; Unknown Angles.

	Hits.	H'cap.	Total.
W. J. Elias	19	2	21
S. Scott	24	0	24
G. F. Pelham	19	2	21
T. Lenane, Jr.	20	3	23
T. Durham	18	0	18
K. R. Hooker	18	3	21
W. B. Short	23	3	25
R. S. Spotts	22	2	24
J. Ross Collins	19	3	22
David Bait	19	3	22
W. E. Bemis	12	5	17

TEN DOUBLES, SCRATCH.

Stuart Scott	15	R. L. Spotts	14
W. J. Elias	7	T. Durham	10
T. Lenane, Jr.	9	D. Rait	7
K. R. Hooker	11	W. E. Bemis	9
W. B. Short	13		

HIGH GUN FOR THE DAY.

Out of 145 Targets, Scratch.

W. J. Elias	111	K. R. Hooker	101
Stuart Scott	131	W. B. Short	113
T. Lenane, Jr.	111	R. L. Spotts	117
T. Durham	105		

15 Birds, Scratch, Unknown Angles.

W. J. Elias	14	T. Durham	14
A. C. Bostwick	10	K. R. Hooker	9
S. Scott	13	W. B. Short	10
G. F. Pelham	14	R. L. Spotts	11
T. Lenane, Jr.	12	J. R. Collins	13

Tie between Elias, Pelham, and Durham. Shoot-off won by Elias.

10 Birds, Scratch, Unknown Angles.

W. J. Elias	8	T. Durham	6
A. C. Bostwick	5	K. R. Hooker	5
S. Scott	9	W. B. Short	7
G. F. Pelham	8	R. L. Spotts	4
T. Lenane, Jr.	8	J. R. Collins	7

Soccer Teams in Tie Game.

The Camerons and the Maple Field Club elevens played a tie game at Van Cortlandt Park yesterday afternoon, the final score being 2 to 2.

M'GINN CAPTURES GLENCOE A. C. EVENT

Big Field Starts in Weekly Cross-Country Run Over 3½-Mile Course.

JOYCE THE RUNNER UP

Of Eighty-seven Contestants Only Six Fail to Go Over the Full Course —Jameson Third.

From a large field of cross-country runners yesterday H. McGinn of the Paulist Athletic Club took first place in the invitation weekly run of the Glencoe Athletic Club, 126th Street and Second Avenue, after a pretty race over the three-and-a-half-mile course. He led the pack to the line by a margin of about thirty-five yards, in 20:10, with F. Joyce of the Mohawk Athletic Club in second position. McGinn, Joyce, and Jameson fought it out over the entire distance. The first named, however, was the freshest when it came to the last few hundred yards, and he won with ease.

It was a large number of starters that the race brought out, there being eighty-seven athletes on the mark when the word was given. Of this number eighty-one went the full distance.

The summary:

Name and Club.	Time.
H. McGinn, Paulist A. C.	20:10
F. Joyce, Mohawk A. C.	20:20
H. Jameson, Glencoe A. C.	20:26
G. Durkin, New West Side A. C.	20:45
J. Bedell, Xavier A. A.	20:50
J. Robbs, Paulist A. C.	20:55
W. J. Williams, New West Side A. C.	20:59
A. Davey, Mohawk A. C.	21:00
E. Durtnell, Dominican Lyceum	21:02
A. Walsh, Xavier A. A.	21:04
C. Andrews, Xavier A. A.	21:06
G. Cueno, St. George A. C.	21:12

W. Fallace, Chelsea A. C., 21:15; J. Manning, H. E. H. S., 21:19; Charles Burris, St. Anu's A. C., 21:20; A. Moore, Xavier A. A., 21:39; H. Goodard, Glencoe A. C., 21:41; J. Connelly, St. Gabriel A. C., 21:45; S. D. Richman, Eighth Regiment, 21:53; J. Tighe, unattached, 21:58; W. Wilson, Hudson Guild, 22:00; P. Alexander, Mohawk A. C., 22:02; J. F. Dolan, Loughlin Lyceum, 22:04; G. Walsh, unattached, 22:05; J. E. Batchmann, Union Settlement, 22:06; H. Herrmann, H. E. H. S., 22:07; J. Lucy, Xavier A. A., 22:08; A. Gerst, Waverly A. C., 22:09; H. Sackman, Glencoe A. C., 22:10; J. Slattery, St. Ignatius A. C., 22:11; J. Concannon, Glencoe A. C., 22:12; Munsell, St. Lawrence A. C., 22:13; J. Walsh, Winfield A. C., 22:14; D. Brookman, American Sports A. C., 22:15; M. Plager, C. C. N. Y., 22:16; A. Speranza, St. Ann's A. C., 22:17; "Bill" Hogan, Dominican Lyceum, 22:18; E. Carney, McCadden Lyceum, 22:19; H. Morrill, Montana A. C., 22:20; William Brown, Sheridan A. C., 22:22.

EASY VICTORY FOR SHAW.

Leads Mott Haven Harriers Home with a Big Advantage.

J. Shaw won an easy victory in the weekly invitation cross-country run of the Mott Haven Athletic Club yesterday over a six-mile course in the Bronx. He beat out F. P. Devlin, who finished second, by a big margin. The winner's time was 34:00. The order of finish:

Name and Club.	M.S.
J. Shaw, Mott Haven A. C.	34:00
F. Devlin, Mott Haven A. C.	34:40
D. Dietrich, Loughlin Lyceum	34:44
P. Schroeder, Mott Haven A. C.	34:50
J Fineberg, Mott Haven A. C.	35:50
T. Hogan, Holy Cross Lyceum	35:51
P. Barney, unattached	36:00
J. Taub, Pastime A. C.	36:01
J. Kiernan, Mott Haven A. C.	36:42
T. Larque, Mott Haven A. C.	37:08
J. Levy, Mott Haven A. C.	37:10
F. Carney, Holy Cross Lyceum	37:37
C. Nella, Holy Cross Lyceum	37:40
T. Neuendorfer, Mott Haven A. C.	37:41
T. McNamara, Mott Haven A. C.	38:30
T. McAuliff, First Regiment	38:31
H. McGinnis, Bloomfield A. C.	38:46
P. Stiefel, Mohawk A. C.	38:48
D. Carnegie, Commerce A. C.	39:04
P. Radd, Mott Haven A. C.	39:14
A. Tora, U. S. I.	39:30
E. Smith, Mott Haven A. C.	39:40
M. Lutz, Mott Haven A. C.	39:45
P. Kelly, Commerce A. A.	39:46
A. Doyle, Fordham Catholic Club	39:48
A. Aronovir, Mott Haven A. C.	39:50
S. Benferto, U. S. I.	39:55
M. Schnabel, Mott Haven A. C.	39:57

Harris Wins Morris E. H. S. Run.

Thomas Harris, the colored runner, yesterday won the weekly invitation five and one-half mile cross-country event of the Morris Evening High School Athletic Association. Thirty-five men started, and nearly thirty covered the course. The order of finish of the first fifteen men follows:

Name and Club.	Time. M.S.
T. Harris, unattached	29:30
J. Freedman, Hillside A. A.	29:32
H. Norman, Hillside A. A.	30:00
T. Zachs, unattached	30:03
H. Autenreith, Morris E. H. S.	30:40
H. Stein, Morris E. H. S.	30:45
E. Rosenberg, unattached	32:45
M. Geoghan, Morris E. H. S.	33:00
J. Hasson, Hillside A. A.	33:30
W. Kieffer, Morris E. H. S.	33:34
F. Goss, unattached	34:00
J. Gallagher, unattached	35:00
W. Foster, Lenox A. C.	35:15
F. Plaszyk, Morris E. H. S.	35:15
D. A. Shunk, Morris E. H. S.	36:00

Taub Leads Schoolboy Runners.

For the second consecutive time W. Taub, the star cross-country performer of the Harlem Evening High School, captured the weekly handicap run from scratch, conceding handicaps from thirty seconds to two minutes and thirty seconds over the 3¾-mile course. He caught the leader about a half mile from home and won by a margin of eighty yards. The first ten finished as follows:

Name.	H'cap. M. S.	Ac. Time. M. S.
W. Taub	Scratch	20:45
T. Ost	0:30	21:27
A. Cohen	1:30	22:47
S. Sprigal	2:30	24:30
A. Gerber	2:00	24:17
V. S. Bloch	0:30	22:44
C. P. Grandguard	0:30	22:58
J. Franklin	2:00	24:47
J. Wolff	0:30	23:42
S. Sussman	2:30	25:49

To Give Harry Hillman a "Sendoff."

The committee which was appointed at the meeting of representatives of athletic, regimental, and civic organizations, held Thursday, in reference to taking action on Harry L. Hillman, Jr.'s departure from New York to accept his new position as athletic instructor of Dartmouth University, will hold their next meeting at the Irish-American Athletic Clubhouse on Thursday at 8:30 P. M., when the nature of the testimonial will be decided upon. The committee is as follows: James P. Sullivan, Chairman; W. L. Jones, Charles J. Dieges, C. Dalton, Paul Pilgrim, Major S. Grant, Dr. J. M. Braen, Robert Krammer, Everett J. Wendell, Ray Ewry, Lawson Robertson, Robert J. Kennedy, P. J. Conway, Thomas O'Brien, E. J. Gianinni, Sergt. McNevin, R. Earl, John J. McHugh, Matt Halpin, John Fleeson, C. Nelson, C.

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THE KAISER AND HIS PEOPLE.

Apparently the lot of the "weltschutzmann" is not altogether a happy one. Our readers will recall that at the opening of the dining season in this country Count BERNSTORFF, the German Ambassador, the personal representative of his Majesty the Emperor of Germany, took occasion to go over to Philadelphia from Washington and make a speech full of pacific sentiments and amical assurances, directed not so much to this country as to the world in general and Great Britain in particular, with the obvious intention of allaying the uneasiness so long felt as to the possible future policy of the Emperor. In the course of that very cordial and tactful address his Excellency made some pointed allusions to the utterances of the Pan-German Party in his own land, describing them as practically a nuisance to the Government and a source of unfounded apprehension to other nations who took them much more seriously than they could be taken at home.

It now seems that the leaders and organs of this party have taken deep umbrage at the remarks of the Ambassador and that they purpose not merely to call the Government to account in connection with the incident, but also to ask in the Reichstag whether the Emperor has again been guilty of mixing directly in the management of foreign relations without consulting with the Minister responsible for that department of the Government affairs. It is the incident of last year over again with this difference, that the Chancellor now in office is supposed to be far more intimately trusted by the Emperor than was Prince BUELOW, and less able, therefore, to intervene to save the Emperor from any criticism that may be offered. In this case, as in the former, the offense of the Emperor is that of casting disagreeable reflections upon a portion of his own people in order to placate the prejudices or soothe the sensibilities of foreigners. That is a line of conduct that may prove as embarrassing now as it did a year ago, and the Government is not in a position now to meet it as courageously as it met the former crisis.

The Government, indeed, has troubles of its own sufficiently serious to make added annoyance extremely unwelcome. It still has on its hands the difficult task of framing a financial scheme to fit the urgent demands of the situation that will secure the support of a majority in the Reichstag. The bloc, or combination, on which it relied at the last session was obtained only by temporary concessions that do not approach a satisfactory settlement of the financial question, and the continuance of its support cannot be counted on. The negotiations for a new combination will not be rendered easier by the interjection of a new and exciting question in which the conduct of the Emperor himself is involved. And while it is very likely true that the Pan-German Party is in fact a nuisance to the Government, and without much actual voting power in the Reichstag, the discussion of the fact in a foreign country by a diplomatic representative is calculated to be irritating. In the troublesome days after the Spanish war we should not have liked to have our anti-imperialists explained in public by our Minister to Spain. It happens that just now there is a strong opposition to the Government in the German Parliament which will be quite ready to use any club that may present itself to whack the Government with.

Moreover the recent elections in the States of the German Empire have shown a noteworthy increase in the strength of the Socialist Party, which in reality is more Liberal than Socialist, and this party is openly opposed to the Government finance policy, not so much on account of the taxes it proposes as on account of the expenditures to which they are to be voted, especially the increase of the navy at the rapid rate recently adopted. They will be reinforced by the position taken by Count BERNSTORFF as to the Pan-German Party. It will be awkward for the Government to press the navy increase while approving or failing to rebuke a stinging condemnation of the most strenuous supporters of that measure. And the navy is the nub of the whole situation. It would be easy to straighten out the finances if the demands for the navy were reduced to actual reasonable needs. It would also be easy to allay all important apprehension as to the sincerity of the Emperor's constantly protested desire to maintain peace by the same measure. As long as Germany continues by great expenditures to add to her armament on the water her financial difficulties will persist and the efforts of her Emperor to spread the belief that the chief passion of his life is to preserve peace will be taken with a certain degree of polite reserve in other lands.

THE DIPLOMATIC SERVICE.

President TAFT and Secretary KNOX intend to carry forward and extend the improvements in the Diplomatic Service of the United States initiated by President ROOSEVELT and Secretary ROOT. An Executive Order, accompanied by a letter of Mr. KNOX to the President, printed elsewhere in THE NEW YORK TIMES this morning, indicates that the Administration desires to build up the service and make it an attractive career for young men of good education. In the President's Order the Secretary of State is directed to report to the President, at intervals, the names of secretaries in the foreign service who have shown capacity for promotion to be chiefs of mission; it is ordered that efficiency records of every diplomatic officer shall be kept and promotions from lower offices secured only by merit; that appointments to secretaryships in the service from the outside shall be made only in the lower classes and vacancies in the higher classes shall be filled by promotion. A Board of Examiners is appointed and all applicants for admission to the Diplomatic Service will be subjected to oral and written examinations in international law, diplomatic usage, languages, history, and the statistics of commerce and trade.

An Executive Order similar to this, applying to the Consular Service, was issued by Mr. ROOSEVELT and is still in force. Both are sanctioned by Section 1,753 of the Revised Statutes, which authorizes the President to "prescribe such regulations for the admission of persons into the civil service of the United States as may best promote the efficiency thereof." The orders do not expressly prohibit the appointment to the higher offices in the Consular and Diplomatic Service of men who have had no training in either department. It is not to be expected that appointments for supposed fitness or as a reward of service in other offices will cease altogether. Many of the appointments of men of eminence to ambassadorships have been in accord with the popular conviction of their fitness for the posts. But with the building up of a permanent Diplomatic Service such appointments will inevitably become less and less common. A force of skilled diplomats will be created which will include men obviously better able to cope with the problems of international intercourse than the ablest man whose experience has been confined to legislative or administrative work.

If the country is willing the new Executive Order will in time become a fixed law, and upon it will be based a permanent diplomatic system which cannot fail to promote the interests of the Republic in foreign lands more effectively than the uncertain methods hitherto followed in diplomatic appointments. Such a system would be entirely free from the influence of party politics. Meanwhile the improvements in the lower offices of the service will be beneficial, on their own account, and doubtless many young men of good character and education will be attracted to the diplomatic career.

MR. BRYAN AND PROHIBITION.

We publish in another column a candid and serious letter from a correspondent in Hudson who takes exception to our opinion as to what the Federal Government has to do with prohibition of the liquor traffic.

We should be very sorry to convey the impression that we regard the evils of that traffic or any honest attempt to lessen or abolish them as a "mere matter for ridicule." On the contrary, we look upon the evils as serious and on the prohibition movement as equally serious, enlisting the unselfish devotion of great numbers of sincere and right-minded men and women throughout the country. Nor do we deny that the Federal Government, by its taxation of the manufacture and sale of liquor, and especially by its issue of tax receipts in prohibition States, exerts a certain influence which the Prohibitionists naturally resent. What we called attention to in the case of Mr. BRYAN'S new political project was that the prohibition of the manufacture and sale of liquor is something with which the National Government possesses no direct or inferred power to deal. For a Democratic politician, committed to the principles of the party as to the construction of the Constitution, to seek to make Prohibition a National issue—that is, to seek to have the National Government enact prohibition—seems to us to be an unreasonable, even an absurd and ridiculous, thing.

It is true that it is no more unreasonable than other doctrines advanced by Mr. BRYAN in the course his variegated career. We attach a good deal of importance ourselves to the restrictions and requirements of the Constitution. We think that it is a foolish and dangerous practice to evade or twist them. There is a manly, rational, and efficient way of dealing with all public questions under our form of government, which is for the people to change a Constitution they do not approve, but not to dodge it or "queer" it. Mr. BRYAN'S way is different, and, we think, is bad. In condemning it and in ridiculing it we had not the slightest desire to condemn or ridicule the Prohibitionist movement, which, we should say, deserves a better leader with better methods.

THE HOUSE OF GOVERNORS.

5.—Women's Political Issues.

Mrs. CLARENCE MACKAY, President of the Equal Franchise Society, declared at its meeting last Friday: "One of the first things that the women of the United States will do when they get the ballot will be to establish a uniform divorce law." As this is a State affair, not Federal, the women need only gain the consent of the individual States that they should vote, and that they should make their votes effective in the divorce issue. This may be said, also, of the whole class of questions relating to women, which concern the police power reserved to the States. They are proper subjects for consideration by the Governors who will meet in Washington next January to confer on uniform laws for the States.

In his pamphlet setting forth the advantages of a House of Governors Mr. WILLIAM GEORGE JORDAN says:

> If on the subject of, let us say, divorce, twenty-five members of the House were to agree on a general plan the twenty-five Governors thus concurring would suggest to their respective Legislatures in their ensuing messages the passage of a bill in accordance with the recommendation. The Legislatures, of course, would have absolute freedom to pass it or not as they deemed best, but the recommendation would have a greater dynamic effect and a stronger moral influence when each Legislature knows that twenty-four other Legislatures are considering the same proposed law. Let us assume that of the twenty-five States eighteen passed this bill, in the other seven were public sentiment sufficiently aroused and the people sufficiently united this question might be made an issue in the next campaign and those legislators elected who would be pledged to carry through the bill.

As described further, the effect would be continuous, cumulative, and persistent:

> At the next meeting of the House, with the prestige of the adoption of the law by eighteen States, ten new converts might be made among the Governors non-concurring in the first session, and so in the course of a few sessions we might have uniform State legislation on this vital problem without Federal action. A law thus finally passed by all of the States would more truly represent the sentiment of the American people than any law passed by the Federal Government, even if Constitutional amendment or new revised interpretation of the Constitution empowered the passing of the law.

The question of the suffrage, of course, is for Constitutional amendment by the States. The questions of divorce, uniform regulations for working women, and reforms affecting domestic life are for amendment of the statutes, and may be passed more quickly. With respect to both classes of legislation, the Governors adjourning from their conference next January would be qualified to speak to their States as, in their collective judgment, seems fitting. We think that all these questions may be settled without giving women the right to vote. But the issue of the ballot, like the other questions, is an issue to be decided, and it should be set properly before the people and their legislators for full and free discussion and for decisive action.

SHAW WILL NOT VISIT US.

On the whole we are inclined to congratulate our fellow-countrymen on GEORGE BERNARD SHAW'S refusal to visit us at Christmas. The threat of his coming has been hanging over us, and now that it is lifted our hearts should be appreciably lighter. Mr. SHAW, we are convinced, shows up better in perspective. While seas between us twa do roll, (between Mr. SHAW and the Republic of the United States of America,) Mr. SHAW presents to us an ornamental and agreeable appearance. We fancy that SHAW is keenly aware of that fact. To be sure, the intervening seas do not lend their aid to make the Republic seem picturesque or desirable to Mr. SHAW. He has a purged vision.

He sees all our faults and frailties. He says we are not free. We have suspected as much, but with so many theoretical Socialists, labor reformers, perfectionists, Anarchists, feminists, Wagnerites, Baconians, single-taxers, and Fletcherites making rules for the conduct of our life and art how can we be free? Mr. SHAW also says we are a century behind the times, and we fear he is right. In another hundred years, if our luck holds good, we shall be rid of all these nuisances. Meanwhile we must get along in our quiet way as best we can. The coming of Mr. SHAW would have been a disturbance. These English critics and poets and reformers when they invade our peaceful land upset us dreadfully. Ninety millions of human beings would lose sleep if BERNARD SHAW crossed the Atlantic.

In this town we already have too many distractions. In the Christmas season, too, most of us will need all the peace of mind we can secure this year. The prices of toys have gone up terribly and the decoration of the Christmas tree will demand the exercise of all our wits. There will be plenty of time for BERNARD'S visit when he gets a little older. We are not used to getting British "attractions" till they have become a trifle passé. Mr. SHAW is no chicken, of course, but he is still in his prime. He is not old, he is not young, this jester with a serpent's tongue.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A New View of That "Preventorium."

It is somewhat surprising to see that The Medical Record, while condemning as absurd Lakewood's fear of the establishment there of an institution "euphemistically and cacophonously called a 'preventorium,'" still criticises with some severity the disregard of public prejudice which has been shown by the well-intentioned promoters of a scheme in itself entirely admirable.

People, it says, have learned much in recent years about the infectiousness of consumption, but with this knowledge they have acquired an exaggerated notion as to the number and kind of precautions which the victim of it must take in order that he may not be a source of danger to others. They still lack confidence in his willingness or ability to take all of these precautions, and until they can be educated out of these easily comprehensible apprehensions, The Record thinks it well, whenever circumstances permit, not to select as sites for sanatoria places where local antagonism is sure to be strong. In other words, tact should be used, even in dealing with prejudice, and, in the opinion of The Record, it was a rather serious mistake to attempt to found, in a resort already popular with health-seekers of another sort, a home for children who, while not tuberculous, would still be suggestive of tuberculosis—of children who, unreasonably and yet surely, would be viewed as the forerunners of those who really did have the disease.

The thing for those having the project in hand to do, according to The Record, is to accept the offer that has been made to them, free of cost, of a tract of wooded land many acres in extent, conveniently located on the railway a few miles below Lakewood. The advice is probably good, and yet it might fairly be said, and probably will be, that thus to yield to unenlightened prejudice is as likely to perpetuate groundless fears of the effect on surrounding property and populations of tuberculosis sanatoria as it is to give those fears time to wear away. The policy of concessions, of taking the half-loaf when the whole loaf cannot be obtained, is often a wise one, but it is not always wise, and it is never pleasant for people who know that they are right and their opponents wrong.

A Great Strike of Women.

As usual during the progress of strikes, prophecies as to the result of that which the shirtwaist makers are conducting are contradictory, each side claiming to expect a speedy victory over the other and both presenting what seem to be facts supporting their respective contentions. It is not denied, however, that a good many of the employing firms are granting the demands of the strikers, and the demands themselves do not seem to be unreasonable, though one of them—that for strictly union shops—is of course disputable on various grounds.

The chief grievance of the strikers is apparently a curious system of what in the trade is called "inside sweating." The owners of the shops, instead of hiring and paying all the "hands" directly, do it through a comparatively small number of the workers, to each of whom is turned over several machines. These favored employés are in effect small contractors, or sub-contractors, and they naturally try to get as much work for as little pay as they can from those whom they hire to operate their extra machines. Such an evasion or division of responsibility cannot fail to have bad results, and it is no wonder that there has been rebellion against it.

The demand for a decrease of the working hours to fifty-two a week is fully justified, as is, also, the one that in the dull season the operatives be notified a day ahead of the amount of work there is for them to do, in order that they may make some use of their leisure time, instead of wasting it in waiting idly around the shops.

All these and other things like them, however, are probably but incidental details of the great grievance that the women, or a majority of them, or many of them, are underpaid—are not getting what can properly be called a living wage. By that term is meant, or ought to be meant, not merely a wage that will sustain life, but one that will enable the worker, by the exercise of reasonable industry and economy, to do a little more than maintain her place in the social structure. Less than this inevitably results, ultimately, in much greater expenditures for the support of paupers and the control of criminals, for one or the other status is sure to be reached, sooner or later, by workers whose economic condition is steadily growing worse instead of better.

Severity Seems Needless.

Whatever interferes to a measurable degree with the accuracy and speed with which postal clerks do their work is, of course, to be condemned as against public interests. It is asserted by the postal authorities of this and several other countries that just such interference results from placing on letters stamps designed, sold, and used for other purposes than the payment of postage fees. The British authorities have gone so far as to refuse to handle mail matter bearing Red Cross stamps, and doubtless we shall soon hear that they have put a special ban on the stamps which the suffragists are issuing. Whatever may be necessary for the safe and rapid forwarding of the mails must, of course, be done, but it does seem as if even the dullest of postal clerks—and we know only too well how dull, or how careless, some of them are—might distinguish between the real postage stamps and those by which such a good cause as the Red Cross has been largely and conveniently assisted.

And, surely, it would be enough for the postal authorities, instead of barring the irregular stamps altogether, to insist that they be affixed to the backs of envelopes. Many people do that already, and everybody would if the postal magnates said "Please!" If that did not prove sufficiently persuasive, the penalty of refused transmission might be announced and enforced against recalcitrants alone, without bothering those of us who are nice and amenable.

In Darkest Madison Avenue.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Madison Avenue, from about Sixty-sixth to Seventy-sixth Streets, has no street signs. It frequently happens especially in the evening, as it did last night with me, that one's peace of mind is entirely destroyed, and one's head nearly twisted off, in efforts to watch where one is getting to—I mean when riding on the street car. In getting off the car last night I said to the conductor: "Some one ought to write to THE TIMES about this," for I noticed that his difficulty was as great as mine. "I wish they would. It would help us a great deal," he said. So here's the letter. RUBBER NECK.

New York, Dec. 5, 1909.

A Gyroscopic Aeroplane.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I see that the Wright brothers are to "spring a new aeroplane on the public." I now take a "pot shot" guess and will bet my hat they are to gyroscope the aeroplane to preserve equilibrium and stability. H. P. G.

New York, Dec. 5, 1909.

LOWER RENTS IN MANHATTAN.

Believes This Will Result from Subway Accommodations to Brooklyn.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is one feature of the Subway problem which so far has not received attention, namely, What will be the effect on Manhattan realty with further subway connections with Brooklyn?

In some localities property owners already claim that both the Hudson Tunnel and the Brooklyn Subway have vacated their property and reduced rents.

It seems to be a reasonable proposition that if the business man can reach Brooklyn easier and quicker than the upper part of Manhattan and the Bronx that Brooklyn will have the preference. Moreover, as the accommodations there are cheaper than in Manhattan, this will also stimulate migration. It is evident therefore that further connecting subways are bound to equalize values between the two boroughs. Manhattan will lose and Brooklyn gain.

Unless, therefore, Manhattan property owners are willing to make the sacrifice it is time they took some way of protecting themselves.

The only practical way would be for the Legislature to confine the improvements of each borough to the amount of their taxes. This would be a fair proposition, and why not do it? C. C. HICKOK.

New York, Dec. 2, 1909.

Origin of the Favorite Roasts, Chops, and Steaks.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"Cuts of meat," whether considered in relation to the Beef Trust or in its old-time aspect of relation to the beef itself and the pocketbook of the consumer, form an interesting subject. Time was when it was not necessary to live abroad in order to know which cut one was eating, nor yet to be dependent on so soulless a thing as a trust in order to name the pieces we wish.

Another source of knowledge lies at one's door, which, by the way, is the school to which all teachers and housewives must go. That is the place where meat is sold. To be sure, not being Chinese, it is a bit disconcerting to adjust our images of the animal right side up to fit the quarters hanging right side down in the butcher's shop, but it can be done in time. Only yesterday the little butcher around the corner was bewailing the tendency of the times, which makes it necessary to deal in beeves, growing nothing but chops and steaks. Soup meats, stews, and roasts are under a ban simply because one must cook with gas, one must cook in a hurry, and one must be economical. Gas is responsible for the trouble, and all the native ignorance and commercial depression. It takes the place of the Democratic or Republican Parties as a scapegoat. The reasoning is plain; gas is quick, gas is dear; therefore we must cook with gas and use as little as possible. Here, as in other matters of life, a little thinking might upset our plans; therefore do not think. One gas burner costs a cent and a quarter an hour. The oven burns as much gas as all the burners on top of the stove. Stews and soups take a very slow fire for a long time, and would amount to about the same as the quick fire for a short time; therefore, save time and burn the gas till midnight all over the house.

This same little butcher spoke in fine scorn of a certain woman, the type of many others, who sauntered into his shop the other day, and seeing a breast of veal lying on the block, asked: "Is this what you call a prime roast?" "Prime roast" is a technical term, and can only be learned by studying the subject technically. Each one is responsible for his own knowledge or his own ignorance along technical lines, and no one can reasonably expect the Beef Trust to teach such things. One is expected to know, intuitively, however, that a cow has two sides exactly alike inside, and divided by a backbone, from which spring a definite and limited number of ribs. One need not go abroad to learn that much, and it would be almost as useless to go abroad to learn that there one never sees a Porterhouse steak. Of course not! The Porterhouse (capital P, if you please,) belongs to "Little Old New York" exclusively. Once upon a time, many years ago, when Fourteenth Street was "uptown," a man named Porter kept an eating house near the Battery, and chose to cut his beeves to suit himself. He conceived the idea of leaving the tender fillet in and giving a slice with each steak. The epicures of that benighted time appreciated the idea, and flocked in from far and near to eat one of Porter's steaks, and as a mark of respect called them after their inventor or discoverer or whatever he may be called. Why should one expect to find a piece of tender fillet in the steak in "gay Paree," when the fillet removed sells for a dollar and a half usually? The Frenchmen know a little arithmetic. Why pay one's passage over the "pond" to find steak without the fillet? It is sold here every day as the "Delmonico" cut, but whether it originated here or in Paris, I am not able to say.

But perhaps the most ridiculous fad is that of "Frenched" chops, which we embraced and worshipped because of their foreign origin. There are people who pay to have the chop trimmed, or rather pay because it is trimmed, and miss the whole point by thinking that the bone left as a sort of handle is a stick on which to hang the ingenious paper frill; but they have never progressed far enough to make out what the paper is for. The trimming from the chop finds its way into stews or the soup pot of the Frenchwoman.

BROWN-DOUGLASS.

New York, Dec. 3, 1909.

Bryanic Federalism.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I supply what appears to me to be a needed suggestion or two in your discussion of Mr. Bryan's espousal of National prohibition?

You say in your editorial "Bryanic Federalism" in to-day's TIMES, referring to prohibition: "A matter with which the National Government has nothing whatever to do, as to which the Congress has not a vestige of original or inferential authority," &c.

Have you forgotten that our National Government derives about $200,000,000, or more than one-fourth of its revenue, from the drink traffic? That included in this revenue is the tax of a dollar on every barrel of beer brewed, and $1.10 on every gallon of spirits distilled? That in order to secure this tax without fraud or evasion the Government has found it necessary to take possession of the keys of the brewery and distillery, and put weighers, guagers, and storekeepers in charge who watch the business day and night from the time that the first bushel of grain is delivered at the plant till the last drop of the product is ready for the market?

Necessarily the Government becomes a very much interested partner in the business of liquor making, interested both in its growth and in its perpetuation.

The liquor men, on their part, are so appreciative of the protection and prestige which this partnership gives them that they would regard the withdrawal of the Government from it as a calamity.

But what, perhaps, has stirred up Mr. Bryan more than anything to the espousal of National prohibition is the injustice which the National Government does the prohibition States in overriding their laws by selling its tax receipts to whomever may apply. Thousands of these tax receipts are sold in prohibition States at $25 each to men whose evident purpose it is to violate the sovereign law of the State.

Does not our National Government here again make itself a partner with criminals, conniving with and protecting them in their violation of the laws of sovereign States? Surely our National Government has a good deal to do with the question of prohibition, and Mr. Bryan's interest in the subject is very far from being a mere matter for ridicule.

JAMES McNEILL.

Hudson, N. Y., Nov. 30, 1909.

THE HOUSE OF GOVERNORS.

From The Philadelphia Public Ledger.

No demonstration would be needed to show that in the working out of our system of Government, with its distribution of powers between the States and the Nation, there is a lamentable weakness where uniformity of action in those matters which have been left in exclusive control of the States is concerned. The painful slowness in the progress of every movement heretofore looking to uniformity of legislation has only resulted in the multiplication of ingenious schemes to transfer to Congress by indirection powers which were plainly meant to be reserved to the States. This tendency toward lawlessness has been "viewed with alarm," but hitherto the remedy has not been suggested.

If by means of a House of Governors this lack in the efficient working out of the problems of Government can be remedied; if the hope of uniformity and sanity of legislation in such matters as marriage and divorce, insurance, child labor, commercial procedure, and the like, shall be strengthened, surely the experiment will be welcomed.

From The Birmingham (Ala.) Age-Herald.

A new factor in administration has step by step crept upon us unawares. The Man in the Jungle started the new-fangled branch of Government, and the desire of the forty-six Governors to be seen, heard, and felt at Washington is perpetuating the innovation. It bids fair to sit longer and longer each year, and after a while it will serve to be more forceful and less academic. It will not be content with inspiration, initiative, and influence—it will in some form seek actual participation in administrative work.

This House of Governors will inevitably in the course of expansion and development encroach upon the alleged power of Senators to speak for their respective States as such. The House of Governors will be sure to declare soon or late that it represents the States as States, and that no one else does. The Senators, they will say, represent the Legislatures which represent constituencies. A House of Governors, therefore, becomes necessary, they point out, in order to give the State as a State a chance to present State-wide subjects.

From The Hartford Courant.

Unless Mr. Jordan is mistaken, nobody had ever suggested such a yearly conference before. He mailed copies of the pamphlet to all the Governors, to other persons, and to President Roosevelt. This was in February, eight months later, President Roosevelt invited the Governors to come to the White House and confer with him about the country's natural resources; they did so in the following May. That was the President's idea, not Mr. Jordan's. The latter's idea is that the conferring Governors should always be like Congregational councils when they get thorugh heckling the candidtae—by themselves.

THE NEW YORK TIMES, we notice, leans strongly to Mr. Jordan's opinion on this point. It believes that the more or less sovereign States of this Union really need a House of Governors in their business and for their health. Perhaps they do; we keep for the present an open mind and willingness to be convinced.

COMPETITIVE WOOINGS.

They Are Very Puzzling to the Oriental Mind.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I sympathize greatly with the condition in which "Unclaimed Flower" finds herself. In my opinion the evil—for it is nothing short of an evil—from which she, and undoubtedly many others of her sisters, suffer emanates from that antenuptial state commonly called wooing. Even in your love affairs you Americans have introduced that spirit of fierce competition whose intensity is reducing gradually your family life to a state of anarchy. In the Orient, whence the present writer came, wooing is done by the parents. These, mellowed through a mature experience of many years, among numerous possibilities select the most approvable and acceptable one.

With this choice of the wisdom of his parents the younger one associates before his marriage with greater confidence. Of course errors and mistakes happen, but the positive knowledge that through the wisdom of your parents Providence has given you a soul who has communed with no other soul in this infinite universe of God will inspire you with power and fortitude in all the critical moments of your marital life. To this wisdom the writer attributes five-and-thirty years of a married life overflowing with unalloyed happiness and joy.

I confess your theories of "affinities" known and unknown, of free love, of competitive friendships between the sexes, and of many other kindred experiences bewilder and puzzle me; and judging from your columns they are puzzling yourselves much more. Why not go back to the more simple, and for that very reason, the more efficacious matrimonial method? AN ORIENTAL.

New York, Dec. 4, 1909.

BETTER OFF SINGLE.

Bachelor Concludes That His Feminine Friends Can Do Without Him.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

To have given other unconvinced bachelors like myself an opportunity to learn of the contentment "Benedick" has found in matrimony were indeed worth while. One case of marital felicity were worth a thousand prenuptial dreams of bliss. However, some of us are more difficult to satisfy than others. Among my friends are those who because of infirmity of temper on the part of the other party seem to me to be living the most unpleasant lives, yet take special pains to urge its joys upon me. My joys must be more real than that.

As to the woman who may be waiting to become my happy wife—were it not the height of egotism to imagine that to take a woman out of a comfortable, perhaps luxurious, home and ask her to share what is at best an uncertainty I could be the means of increasing her happiness? I have not so high an opinion of my own fitness for the exacting position of husband. I have on my list of feminine acquaintances several who are, theoretically, fitted to meet all the expectations of the most exacting husband, but I am not quite sure that, all personal considerations aside, I do not appreciate them too highly to offer them the worst end of what in more than 50 per cent. of cases—judged from any high standpoint—turns out to be a bad bargain. In cases of marital failure the woman almost always suffers most. So if I am better off single and my feminine friends are better off without me, where am I deserving of condemnation?

STILL UNASHAMED.

New York, Dec. 3, 1909.

Impoverished Southern Woman's Treatment.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Some years ago a little Southern woman, who had been impoverished by the war and unable to visit her old friends at Newport, was invited there by her friends. And having no other suitable clothes she came there in the costumes of the late sixties. Not a single person manifested the slightest knowledge that her costumes were, to say the least, odd, and she received the greatest kindness. I was presented to her on a Newport steamer as she was going home. She said, with tears in her eyes, that she could not imagine men more chivalrous to "a poor, queer old woman" than the men of the North. I would rather take her view of it than that of "Working Girl."

New York, Dec. 1, 1909. C. S. C.

NEW CIVIC CORPS TO OUST BEGGARS

National Organization Begins a War of Extermination in All Large Cities.

LONG LIST OF IMPOSTORS

Shopping District Here Already Well Cleared of Frauds Who Impose on Shoppers.

A comprehensive effort to deal on a National scale with the problem of mendicancy in all the large cities of the country, and in time, if possible, to stamp out the professional phases of it, as represented in the professional impostor and "charity fraud," is the work that has lately been launched by a newly formed organization, having its headquarters at 26 East Twenty-second Street, with James Forbes as its director and Secretary.

The society is practically an outgrowth of Mr. Forbes's own work in the mendicancy bureau of the New York Charity Organization Society, which was aimed at the same problem, but not upon so ambitious a scale.

The society, which is called the National Association for the Prevention of Mendicancy and Charitable Imposture, will cooperate with Police Departments, charitable organizations, and individuals in every one of the large cities of the country. It possesses 800 photographs of the most notorious professional mendicants in the country, showing them plying their "trade," and also 9,000 records of the history and the practices of mendicants, rogues, frauds, and knaves of every description.

These will be used as a bureau of information to enable Police Departments and charity organizations to deal intelligently with any mendicants and rogues who may be found imposing upon citizens.

The chief work of the society, however, will be directed to the "social police" work of assisting unfortunates and defectives who have been forced, either by physical or mental incapacity or real need, to beg in the streets. The method to be used, it is announced, is to find work or permanent aid in some form for the crippled and disabled.

Decoyed boys found begging for tramps will be sent home to their parents. For the most part, it is announced, the work with the mendicants will be preventive rather than repressive, and it is hoped, by a combined method of warning, advice, and assistance, to discourage many of those just entering the field and help them to earn an honest living.

One of the first efforts of the society will be to clear the streets of every large city of the country of the professional beggar. Work to this end has already been started in New York, and in the last six weeks Mr. Forbes, and A. P. Curtis, special officer of the society, have been rounding up professional beggars in the Sixth Avenue shopping district, where they had begun to concentrate from all parts of the country to reap the harvest of the Christmas season. Some of the most notorious beggars and impostors in the country were rounded up as a result of this search.

Among these celebrities were the notorious "Shivers," an old man whose specialty is to lie on the ground and give a horribly realistic simulation of an epileptic fit; Charles Berkowitz of Philadelphia, one of the unscrupulous blind beggars of the country, who in two days work had obtained $54.41 by the time he was arrested; Nina Salvatore, an old Italian "black hood," whose specialty is simply to look starving and hideous; Leon Lemaire, the French "crust thrower," whose special device is to throw a piece of bread in the gutter when he sees a charitably looking woman approaching, and then to pounce upon it and begin to gnaw it ravenously; old man Dublin, the "flopper," "Broken-backed Smiddy," whose appeal to sympathy is a dislocated hip; "Shenandoah Slim," who was working a deaf and dumb racket, and several others.

In all there were about sixty-five professionals who had been in the trade for years and earned a comfortable competence at it. Some of these were sent to the Workhouse; a few of them were shipped out of town; all of them have been cleared out of the shopping district so that women will be practically free from imposition and fraud during their Christmas shopping.

In explaining the object of the society, Mr. Forbes said that Police Commissioner Baker has been in full sympathy with the work, and while no mendicancy squads have been established, such as were formed by ex-Commissioner Bingham, Commissioner Baker has been assisting the new organization in every possible way. The society is still practically in a formative stage of organization. It will be supported by voluntary contributions, and efforts are now being made to obtain sufficient support to make its establishment secure. Several business houses have already made contributions.

Among the personal contributors and supporters so far are Mrs. Caroline Alexander, Bradley Martin, Jr., Edward T. Devine, Robert W. De Forest, Felix M. Warburg, Frederick B. Jennings, Mortimer L. Schiff, Otto H. Kahn, J. W. Seligman, B. Ogden Chisholm, Harris Ely Adriance, Peter T. Barlow, Homer Folks, Nelson Macy, Dr. Livingston Farrand, Col. Robert Grier Monroe, Miss Kate H. Claghorn, Leonard E. Opdyke, Mrs. F. S. Lee, E. Morgan Grinnell, Paul U. Kellogg, and J. R. Plauten, the Netherlands Consul General. Many of these individuals are expected to serve as a board of directorate.

An attempt is being made to raise not less than $10,000 to establish a corps of special agents and insure a year's continuance of the work.

OUT OF THE NASSAU HOSPITAL

Mrs. Belmont's Physician Resigns—He Is Interested in Her Hospital Chain.

Special to The New York Times.

LAWRENCE, R. I., Dec. 5.—It was learned here to-day that on Wednesday last, Dr. E. H. Perslin of this place, was elected to the regular surgical staff of the Nassau Hospital at Mineola, L. I., in place of Dr. Louis N. Lanehart whose resignation was presented to the Directors.

Dr. Lanehart was the leading spirit in the foundation of the Mineola Hospital. He is Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont's family physician. Both Mrs. Belmont and her physician became interested in the establishment of a chain of hospitals on the South side of Long Island which, in the natural course of events, is likely to prove a strong competitor to the Mineola institution. The directors are said to have held the opinion that Dr. Lanehart would be too busy to be able to serve both.

Spinal Anaesthesia — Communication from Dr. Corning.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In some of the accounts of my discovery of spinol anaesthesia recently appearing in the public press it has been made to appear by implication at least, if not by explicit statement, that I employed stovaine in my pioneer experiments. This, of course, is an error, the only local anaesthetic then available (1885-1894) being cocaine, whose advantages as a anaesthetic were brought prominently to the attention of the profession and convincingly demonstrated in operations upon the eye by Dr. Karl Koller (1884). Stovaine and indeed several other local anaesthetics appeared many years after the publication of my first and most significant communications regarding spinol anaesthesia.

J. LEONARD CORNING.

New York, Dec. 4, 1909.

MME. MELIS LEAVES THAIS TO MISS GARDEN

Hammerstein's New Prima Donna Says She Has No Desire to Repeat Cavalieri's Experience.

MASSENET PRAISED HER

Castelfranco Is Now Writing an Opera for Her Which She Hopes to Sing Here.

The new prima donna at the Manhattan Opera House is tall, dark, and beautiful. She is a Sardinian by birth, a Spaniard so far as family connections go, and is married to a Chilean. It may be seen that she has temperament and plenty of it, but she will not sing "Thais" this season here, although she considers it one of her best parts.

"I sang 'Thais' in Rome," said Mme. Carmen-Melis yesterday in her apartment on the fourth floor of Martin's, overlooking Madison Square, "and Massenet was kind enough to say very nice things to me. I wanted to sing it here. I asked Mr. Hammerstein, and he told me the story of the trouble last season between Mme. Cavalieri and Miss Garden. I love the part of Thais, and I should like above all things to be heard in it in New York, but I dislike intrigue and operatic squabbles, and if Miss Garden thinks the part belongs to her I shall not dispute her right. She can have it. I can sing something else."

Mme. Carmen-Melis has many other parts in her repertoire, and, although most of them are modern, the majority of the operas which she sings have been given here. Her operas include "Tosca," in which she made her original debut four years ago and her American debut last week, the contested "Thais," "La Boheme," "Faust," "Manon" (Massenet,) "Manon Lescaut" (Puccini,) "Pagliacci," "Cavalleria Rusticana," "Iris," "Madama Butterfly," "Andrea Chenier," "Adriana Lecouvreur," "Wally," "Mefistofele," "Otello," "Fedora," "Albatros," and "Hermes."

The last two mentioned operas are by young Italian composers, and the principal parts in them were "created" by Mme. Carmen-Melis at Genoa.

Another Italian composer, Cesare Castelfranco of Livroni, Italy, is writing an opera to be called "Melisende," the book of which is similar to Rostand's play "La Princesse Lointaine," which was played by Sarah Bernhardt.

"The opera is nearly finished," said Mme. Carmen-Melis, "and I hope that it will be ready for presentation next year. I should like so much to sing it for the first time in New York, and perhaps it will be possible.

"Now I am to sing 'Tosca.' After that perhaps 'Desdemona.' I hope to be able to sing 'Madama Butterfly' here this Winter. It is not in the repertoire of the theatre, but I may persuade Mr. Hammerstein and Mr. Gatti to let me appear in Leoncavallo's 'Zaza,' which I think is a tremendous opera. Mr. Sammarco will be heard in the rôle which he sang at the original performance of the work. Probably Mr. Zenatello will appear in the cast, too. Then it is likely that I shall be heard in 'Andrea Chenier' before the Winter is over.

"Butterfly is another of my favorite parts. Puccini saw me in it, and he has written some very nice things about me in my partition." Mme. Carmen-Melis held up her score of "Butterfly," in which was written a very glowing tribute from the Italian composer.

The career of this singer has so far been a brief one. She made her début in Novara, a small town outside of Genoa, in "Tosca." Since then she has sung at Rovereto in Austria, at the Constanzi Theatre in Rome, at Ferrara, at the San Carlo in Naples, at the Massimo Theatre in Palermo, in Venice, at the Khedival Theatre in Cairo, in Lodz, Russia; Warsaw, Odessa, Brescia, and finally in Geneva.

"In Cairo I sang before the harem of the Khedive," she said. "Not a single man was present. It was in the Khedival palace, and you can't imagine the queer feelings I had when I saw this assemblage of women before me, all with veiled faces. I sang an air from 'Butterfly' before them. The Khedive often came to hear me sing at the Opera."

This singer lives near Genoa, and has horses and dogs and automobiles. She finds in outdoor sports her principal amusements.

Of New York she knows little as yet. "I've scarcely had time to do anything but look out of my window," she said, "but I shall learn to love it before I leave."

McCORMACK BALLADS PLEASE.

Irish Tenor Captures the Audience at the Manhattan.

It is seldom that anything in a Sunday night concert at either of the large opera houses moves a hardened observer of musical doings in this town to serious attention, but Mr. John McCormack, in his Irish ballads at the Manhattan Opera House last evening, was one of the exceptions. The attitude of the audience demonstrated that in the future Mr. Hammerstein has only to announce Mr. McCormack on a Sunday evening to be sure of a crowded house.

After his first number he was recalled to sing another, and the audience then would not let him go until Arthur Hammerstein announced that as Mr. Sammarco was sick Mr. McCormack would take his place later in the programme. The tenor's place in the programme was a bad one, coming directly after the intermission, when the return of the audience to their seats continued until he had nearly finished his song, "The Snowy-breasted Pearl."

Mr. de la Fuente, in constructing the programme, made it entirely too long. Jascha Bron, a young violinist, played all of Saint-Saens concerto in B minor, and a number by Wieniwaski. Mme. Cavalieri appeared for the first time at a Sunday night concert at the Manhattan, singing an air from "Herodiade." She wore a gown of blue and green and gold, with a blaze of jewels which was startling. Others who appeared were Mmes. Trentini, Miranda, and Mazarin, and Messrs. Crabbe, Laskin, Devries and Vallier.

VOLPE SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

First Appearance of This Society This Season at Carnegie Hall.

The number of orchestra concerts this season which have already been announced is very large. In fact, it has been computed that it will be possible for the lover of orchestral music to hear nearly 100 symphonies—not all different ones, to be sure—during the course of the Winter. The Philharmonic Society, the New York Symphony Orchestra, the Russian Symphony Orchestra, and the People's Symphony Orchestra have already gotten under way. Yesterday afternoon at Carnegie Hall the Volpe Symphony Orchestra, of which Arnold Volpe is conductor, gave its first concert of the season.

This orchestra is almost entirely composed of very young men. With many of them their appearances with this society mark their debuts in the orchestral world. The society, therefore, could not be expected to play with a high degree of finish, even with a better conductor. However, it doubtless has a purpose and a public of its own. It attracted a very good-sized audience yesterday.

Mme. Arral, who has already appeared here, sang airs from "Alceste" and "Der Freischutz." The orchestra played Bach's Suite in D major, Beethoven's Fourth Symphony, the Overture to "Oberon," and Berlioz's Overture, "Carneval Romain."

BRIDGE FOR CHARITY.

One of the Biggest Ever Held Takes Place at the Plaza To-morrow.

One of the largest bridge tournaments on record will be given to-morrow afternoon at the Plaza in aid of the Night Camp, by means of which Dr. Holbrook Curtis is preventing hundreds of incipient cases of tuberculosis. Many persons well known in society will participate in this entertainment, and the public is invited to pay $5 a ticket, and watch the social luminaries at their favorite game.

Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt and Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt have given prizes—articles of English silverware, and their friends are all eager to add some of these costly trophies to their collection.

Frederick Townsend Martin is managing the entertainment, and expects the profits to be large. James B. Elwell is directing the tournament and heading off would-be entertainers not provided for on the programme. One woman wanted to recite Shakespeare between rubbers; another hoped to receive the commission of painting by hand all the score cards.

Correspondents inquired of Mr. Elwell whether Mrs. Phil Lydig has accepted because "I heard so much about her, and I have never seen her." Still another woman desired advance information about the presence on that afternoon of "any of the Mrs. Vanderbilts," giving as her reason "because I am so interested in bridge."

Among the prominent women who will take part are: Mrs. Frederick C. Penfield, Mrs. Austin Gray, Mrs. De Lancy Kountz, Mrs. W. Goadby Loew, Miss Louise Scott, Mrs. Norman Whitehouse, Mrs. S. S. Menken, Mrs. Schermerhorn, Mrs. Kernochan, Mrs. George Holt, Mrs. Trevor Park, Mrs. G. G. McMurtry, Mrs. Otto Kahn, Mrs. Jules Bach, Mrs. H. Gary, Mrs. Bradley Martin, Jr., Mrs Jefferson Seligman, Mrs. Archer M. Huntington, Mrs. William Salomon, Mrs. W. Trull, Mrs. Frederick A. Sherman, Miss Graham, the Misses Sands, Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Edmund L. Bayles, Mrs. John R. Drexel, Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont, Mrs. J. Lee Tailer, Miss Van Rennselaer, Mrs. H. de B. Parsons, Mrs. William Manice, Mrs. Hermann Celriens, Mrs. Archibald G. Thacher, Mrs. Frederick Martin Davies, Mrs. Bradish Johnson Carroll, Mrs. Harry T. Peters, Mrs. W. D Morgan, Mrs. Henri P. Wertheim, Mrs. John O'Neill, Mrs. Samuel D. Babcock, and Mrs. Oscar Richards.

MILLER-LAWRENCE NUPTIALS.

Ceremony Set for Dec. 23 at the Church of the Transfiguration.

Invitations have been issued for the marriage of Miss Margery Coolidge Lawrence, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Augustine Nicholas Lawrence, and Robert McMillan Miller, which takes place on Thursday afternoon, Dec. 23, at the Church of the Transfiguration. Miss Lawrence will have her sister, Mrs. Randall Haguer, as matron of honor, and the bridesmaids and matrons will be Miss Marion Miller, sister of the bridegroom; Miss Gertrude Montague Eyre, daughter of Mrs. Francis Beverly Eyre; Mrs. Eltinge Warner (Miss Ruth Eaton,) and Mrs. Joseph Carlton Berden, daughter of the Rev. James Merritt Steele, and Mrs. Steele.

Mr. Miller, who is a Columbia graduate, and a student of the New York Law School, has chosen Egmont Schermerhorn for best man, and his ushers will be Charles Jackson, Perry Bogue, Roger Bullard, Arthur Van Rensselaer Thompson, and Augustine N. Lawrence, Jr., brother of the bride.

Miss Lawrence will give a luncheon for the bridal party on Tuesday, Dec. 21, and Mr. Miller's bachelor dinner will be held on Dec. 20. The engagement was announced about a year ago.

Son to Dr. Lung and Mrs. Lung.

A son was born yesterday to Dr. George Augustus Lung, U. S. N., and Mrs. Lung (Miss Helen Van Cortlandt de Peyster,) at the home of Mrs. Lung's mother, Mrs. Frederick J. de Peyster. The child will be named George Augustus, for its father. It is the first grandchild born to Mrs. de Peyster, whose other married children are F. Ashton de Peyster and Mrs. William Brock Shoemaker.

WILL JOIN THE NEW THEATRE.

Matheson Lang, Engaged by Cable, Arrives on the New York.

Matheson Lang, an English actor, who is to be a member of The New Theatre company, arrived yesterday on the New York. Mr. Lang was engaged by cable while he was playing at the Lyceum Theatre, London.

Among the plays in which he has appeared are "The School for Scandal," "The Proud Prince," "Hamlet," "Othello," "Romeo and Juliet," "The Christian," and "The Manxman." He has never been in this country before.

The matinées of "Antony and Cleopatra" at The New Theatre to-morrow and on Dec. 13 will be for students. At these matinées the curtain will rise at 2:30 o'clock instead of 2 for the benefit of the pupils of the city schools.

YALE COMEDY CHOSEN.

This Year the College Players Will Present "London Assurance."

The Yale University Dramatic Association will make its annual New York appearances on Monday and Tuesday, Jan. 3 and 4, at the Waldorf-Astoria. The play will be Boucicault's comedy, "London Assurance," which has not been presented in New York for several years.

This play was selected because it has the same sort of old comedy sparkle and brilliancy as Sheridan's "The Critic," the piece presented by the Yale Association last Winter. It has been the policy of the association to choose a play of accepted standing for the annual production. Besides "The Critic," the association has given Goldsmith's "The Good-Natured Man," Ibsen's "The Pretenders," the Russian farce "Revisor," and Shakespeare's "The Merry Wives of Windsor" and "Henry IV."

Capt. Ted Coy of the football team is one of the candidates for the rôle of Max Harkaway in "London Assurance." The first performance of the play will be given at Meriden, Conn., and after a tour to Washington and other cities the actors will come to New York for the three performances before playing at New Haven.

The committee of graduates having charge of the New York performances includes Samuel R. Betts, Otto T. Bannard, J. Sanford Barnes, Jr., Harry Payne Whitney, Frank L. Polk, Sherman Day, Howard S. Borden, Payne Whitney, Thomas B. Clarke, Jr., Cortland D. Barnes, Raymond Ives, and Robert Mallory, Jr. The managers are George S. Chappell and Franklin Johnston.

HARVARD PLAY THIS WEEK.

Radcliffe Students Will Appear In Percy Mackaye's "Scarecrow."

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 5.—The Harvard Dramatic Club will offer this week as its annual play, "The Scarecrow" by Percy Mackaye, '97. The student actors, stage managers, supers and musicians and the young women who will take the feminine roles, have been rehearsing for over a month on the production, and the result of their efforts will be shown on Tuesday and Thursday at Brattle Hall and on Saturday at Jordan Hall, Boston.

With the exception of two instances last year, women have never taken part in a Harvard performance. It was only after many representations had been made to the faculty that the board agreed to permit Radcliffe students and alumnae to play the parts fitted for them.

Mr. Mackaye calls "The Scarecrow," "a tragedy of the ludicrous." Its plot is based on Hawthorne's "Feathertop."

J. C. Savery will take the leading part of Lord Ravensbane, Miss Marian Gregg, a Radcliffe alumna, will be the leading lady.

Beck Joins Brady in a New Play.

Martin Beck, the vaudeville manager, is planning to make his first venture into the field of legitimate drama in association with William A. Brady. A four-act play called "The Woman Who Knew," by C. N. Barnett, a physician of Louisville, Ky., has been accepted for production about March 15. Helen Grantley, who is now appearing in vaudeville in a sketch called "The Agitator," will be starred at the head of a cast of thirty-four. Mr. Brady will stage the production.

BISHOP GOODSELL DIES IN HIS HOME

Succeeded the Late Bishop Fowler in New York Methodism Two Years Ago.

AUTHORITY ON MARINE LIFE

And an Extensive Traveler—Once Asked the Church to Lift Its Ban on Dancing and Theatres.

Bishop Daniel Ayres Goodsell, the Bishop resident in New York of the Methodist Episcopal Church, died yesterday morning at 6 o'clock at his home, 15 St. Nicholas Place. He had been ill for two or three weeks of diabetes, and had suffered also from a carbuncle. The end came while he was sleeping peacefully.

Bishop Goodsell was in his seventieth year. He was born at Newburg on Nov. 5, 1840. His father, the Rev. Buel Goodsell, was an influential member of the New York East Conference. The son, after being graduaetd in 1859 from New York University, entered the same conference at his ordination in the same year. The following year he married Miss S. F. Loweree. She, with their two daughters, Miss Anna and Miss Bertha Goodsell, survives him.

Till 1888, when Mr. Goodsell was elected a Bishop, his work lay in the churches of this section of the country. In turn he was a minister in Wereton, Conn.; at the New York Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, and at the First Church of New Haven, Conn.

Outside of his church duties his chief interests lay in scientific pursuits. He became an acknowledged authority in marine life and fossils, and made a valuable private collection of the latter. It was told of him that as he was visiting one day a fishery at Shortbeach, near New Haven, some fishermen showed him a fish which they had just caught. It was quite unknown to them. Mr. Goodsell immediately identified it rightly as a fish from the Bay of Biscay, which had in some way or other found its way across the Atlantic.

He was a member of the General Conferences of 1876, 1880, 1884 and 1888, and for seven years from 1880 was the literary editor of The Christian Advocate. He was serving as Secretary of the Board of Education of the Methodist Episcopal Church when he was chosen Bishop.

He was only 47 years old, and was at the time of his election the youngest of the Methodist Bishops. In the course of his official duties he traveled to many parts of the globe, including China, Japan, Korea, Italy, Bulgaria, Switzerland, Germany, Scandinavia and Finland, and also visited nearly every part of the United States.

Bishop Goodsell before he came to New York was a resident of Brookline, Mass., but was transferred here to succeed Bishop Charles Fowler, who died two years ago. Last April he celebrated his jubilee in the ministery, and by particular request presided at the session of the New York East Conference, of which he had been a member.

He is particularly remembered as a Bishop for the work he did as Chairman of the Joint Commission of the Methodist Episcopal Church and the Methodist Episcopal Church South, which issued in 1905 a Hymnal. Two years ago at the General Conference at Baltimore he proposed repeal of Section 248 of the Methodist Discipline, which forbids to members of the Church certain amusements such as dancing, theatres and card-playing. The Bishop did not in any way commend these pursuits, but declared that he thought it was wiser to leave the question to individual consciences.

Bishop Goodsell was an author of some note and published two books, "Nature and Character at Granite Bay," and "The Things which Remain." He received the degrees of S. T. D. from Wesleyan University, D. D. from New York University, and LL. D. from Dickinson University.

His funeral will be held to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the Madison Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church at Sixteenth Street.

THE NEW YORK SYMPHONY.

Joseph Malkin Soloist at the Concert in The New Theatre.

At the fifth of the New York Symphony Society's Sunday afternoon concerts, given yesterday in The New Theatre, a very good-sized audience heard a programme of music that was made out of Schumann's third symphony, called the "Rhenish," the variations that Haydn wrote as a movement for a string quartet on his Austrian national hymn, (which Mr. Damrosch had played by all the strings of his orchestra except the double basses,) and Goldmark's Scherzo, for orchestra, Op. 45. The solo performer was Joseph Malkin, violoncellist, a newcomer. He played the concerto for his instrument in D major, by Haydn, that is still retained in the repertory after a little furbishing up by Gevaert, though it unquestionably sounds a little old-fashioned to-day. The freshest movement is the last, which has more of the characteristic geniality of Haydn than either of the others. Mr. Malkin is a player well worth hearing; a finished and conscientious artist, if not an impassioned genius—and, of course, the qualities of impassioned genius would not necessarily appear in this not very stirring composition of Haydn's. He plays with an excellent fluent technique, with very correct intonation and plenty of dexterity in the bravura passages that are necessary even in a violoncello concerto, though they so ill become the instrument. His tone is agreeable and sufficient; it did not seem yesterday either very powerful or of noble quality. His performance of the concerto was a truly artistic one, and it met with uncommonly enthusiastic demonstration of applause.

The playing of the symphony was excellent. The orchestra sounds still better, heard again in the new inclosed scenic arrangement of the stage. It was good to hear the symphony again—it is vital ad appealing music whose romantic savor is potent. Goldmark's Scherzo is not familiar; it is brilliant and melodious, with certain reminiscences of Mendelssohn in musical idea and treatment. The orchestration has the skillfulness that is a characteristic of Goldmark's work, with its suggestions of brilliancy and richness. It is by no means deep music, it does not penetrate far beneath the surface of things; but it is diverting and interesting. It was uncommonly well played.

'Dick Whittington' Rehearsals to Begin

The principals of the cast that is to appear in "Dick Whittington" have been called for rehearsal this week. Among them are Louise Dresser, Dorothy Webb, Irene Dillon, Katy Eleanor, Edward Favor, Alexander Clark, A. Hill, Mostyn Hope, H. Clark, the three Keatons, and Cook and Lorenz. Miss Dillon, who is to have the role of Dick, has played in this sort of productions under J. C. Williamson's management in Australia, and is comparatively unknown in this country. She has never appeared in this city.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Orme Caldara will have the role of Frederick Brent in "His Name on the Door," when that play moves to the Garden Theatre to-night. Mr. Caldara originated the role when the play was first produced.

The Shuberts announce that they have arranged for two special matinees of Kate Jordan's new play, "Mrs. Dakon," at the Hackett Theater on Tuesday and Wednesday, Dec. 14 and 15, for the benefit of the Association for the Aid of Crippled Children.

Vaughan Glaser's production of "St. Elmo" will come to the Academy of Music on Dec. 13. The dramatization of this Augusta Evans Wilson novel is by Willard Holcomb.

The Century Theatre Club and The Camera Club will both have theatre parties at the performance of "The Fourth Estate" at Wallack's Theatre to-night. The members of The Camera Club will come as guests of Tom Hadaway, who has the role of Sylvester Nolan in the play.

Mrs. Lillian E. Bradley, the soprano, is starting rehearsals of a farce comedy sketch with a grand opera feature, written by Adolph Bernhard and Harry Lewis. Mathew Bauman will be a member of Mrs. Bradley's company.

For the entertainment to be given by the executive board of The Dixie Club at the Lyceum Theatre to-morrow afternoon William Farnum will come to New York to play the leading role in "The Mallet's Masterpiece," a one-act play which is to be a part of the programme.

ACTRESS TO REWED HUSBAND.

Annie Ward Tiffany and Charles C. Green Are Tired of Divorce.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 5.—Annie Ward Tiffany, better known to old-time theatregoers as Biddy Ronan in "The Shadows of a Great City," is to be remarried to her former husband, Charles C. Green, the theatrical manager, from whom she was divorced some months ago.

Thirty years ago the couple were married, and their married life seemed to be happy. Green was a promoter of theatrical enterprises, while his wife continued in the old stock company at Wallack's Theatre, New York.

Nearly five years ago she retired and settled down in her cottage at Buzzard's Bay, close to the home of the late Joseph Jefferson. Just as she was retiring her friends were surprised to hear that her husband had left her and gone to South America.

"It is true," declared Mrs. Green yesterday, "my husband and I have decided to take this step. It is now the thirtieth anniversary of our first marriage, and what time could be more appropriate? We shall be married here in Buzzard's Bay and shall reside here."

Saratoga Dinner Imports Saratogans.

The annual dinner of the Saratoga County Society will be held next Wednesday night at the Waldorf-Astoria. Covers will be laid for 100, and ex-Judge William D. McNulty will preside. Among the speakers will be Senator Edgar T. Brackett, Edward M. Shepard, George Barry Mallon, and Justice James W. Houghton of the Appellate Division. Twenty-five men now living in Saratoga County will attend the dinner.

HENRY A. WILLARD DEAD.

Washington Property Owner Dies a Month After His Wife, at Age of 87.

WALPOLE, N. H., Dec. 5.—Henry Augustus Willard, the last of the three Willard brothers of Washington, D. C., died here last night, aged 87. He had been in feeble health for some time, and the death of his wife last month hastened his end.

Mr. Willard was the owner of a great deal of property in the business section of Washington. The funeral will be held here on Wednesday afternoon.

Samuel R. Beardsley Dead.

Samuel R. Beardsley, President of the Vulcan Detinning Company, and Director in the Haile Gold Mining Company and the Worcester Salt Company, died suddenly of heart disease yesterday afternoon, at his home, 11 West Eighty-first Street. He was in his 66th year. Mr. Beardsley lived in Newark at 120 Clinton Avenue. His house on Eighty-first Street had been occupied a few weeks as a temporary Winter home. He leaves a widow, who, before her marriage, was Miss Marshall of New York.

Prof. Joseph Warren Dies.

CHICAGO, Dec. 5.—Dr. Joseph Warren, assistant professor of history at the University of Chicago, died to-day of blood poisoning due to an ulcerated tooth. He was 33 years old, and graduated from Harvard in 1897. He is survived by his widow.

Prince Enrico Ruspoli.

ROME, Dec. 5.—Prince Enrico Ruspoli died to-day at his chateau at Nemi. He was born at Rome in 1877, and on March 2, 1901, at Washington he married Mrs. Enfield Bruton, widow of a wealthy manufacturer of Nashville, who was Miss Eugenia Berry, of Oak Hill, Ga.

Prince Enrico Ruspoli was the second son of Prince Luigi Ruspoli and cousin of Prince Francesco Ruspoli, the head of one of the oldest and most famous Italian families. An uncle, Prince Paoli, married Miss Rosalie Van Zandt, of New York.

Obituary Notes.

ARTHUR M. PRIME, stage manager of the Gaiety Theatre in Brooklyn died at his home, 350 Hooper street, Brooklyn, on Friday. He was born in Brooklyn sixty-two years ago and became a stage manager's assistant as a young man. He had been stage manager at the Novelty Theatre and later at the Star Theatre, in Brooklyn. For twelve years Mr. Prime had been with the Hyde & Behman Amusement Company. He was a member of the Theatrical Managers' Association.

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SCHUMANN-HEINK ILL.

Contralto Unable to Appear at Metropolitan Concert.

Mme. Schumann-Heink had been announced to appear at the Metropolitan Opera House last night, but late yesterday afternoon the contralto sent word that she would be unable to sing, owing to illness. Mme. Meitschik was substituted at the last moment, and bills were posted in the lobby conveying the news to those who had gathered for the concert. As a result the audience was not large.

Besides Mme. Meitschik the soloists were Mme. de Pasquali, who sang an air from "I Puritani" and a valse by Venzano; Umberto Sancarli, who sang the "Siciliana" from "Cavalleria Rusticana" and "E Lucevan le Stelle" from "Tosca," and Robert Blass, who was heard in an air from "Der Freischütz" and the catalogue song from "Don Giovanni." The orchestra, under the direction of Max Bendix, played Goldmark's overture "Sakuntala," "L'Arlesienne" suite, the Vorspiel to "Die Meistersinger," and the march from Gounod's "Queen of Sheba."

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BARUCH.—Nov. 28, to Mr. and Mrs. Z. Baruch, a son.
BECKER.—Nov. 28, to Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Becker, a son.
KORONES.—Nov. 29, to Mr. and Mrs. Karl Korones, a daughter.
MAYER.—Dec. 4, to Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Mayer, a daughter.
RONSHEIM.—Nov. 29, to Mr. and Mrs. David Ronsheim, a son.
WITTE.—Nov. 29, to Mr. and Mrs. Max Witte, a daughter.

Married.

BAER—LAUBER.—Nov. 27, Bella Lauber to Simon Baer.
BEACOME—VAN NESS.—Dec. 1, Mabel Van Ness to George Beacome, Jr.
CARSON—HESSE.—Nov. 29, Estelle J. Hesse to Henry H. Carson.
CRANE—HARMAN.—Dec. 3, Gertrude Harman to Lester S. Crane.
HIRSCH—BENDHEIM.—Nov. 28, Henrietta Bendheim to Benjamin Hirsch.
KAPLAN—DICKERS.—Dec. 1, Margaret Dickers to Leo Kaplan.
LEVIN—COHENNO.—Dec. 1, Hattie H. Cohenno to Nathan Levin.
McGOVERN—DORMAGEN.—Nov. 28, Anna C. Dormagen to George W. McGovern.
MOOS—HOLZER.—Nov. 28, Minnie Holzer to Joseph Moos.
PADDOCK—KRAHMER.—Nov. 29, Amy E. Krahmer to Percy E. Paddock.
PECK—BEZZINI.—Dec. 3, Marie Bezzini to Otto Peck.
PERRY—ROBERT.—Dec. 4, Margaret Robert to Walter Perry.
SANTA CRUZ—REINHARDT.—Dec. 4, Evelyn M. Reinhardt to Carlo Manuel Santa Cruz.
SLOCKBOWER—SCHERMERHORN.—Nov. 29, Gertrude Schermerhorn to James W. Slockbower.
SOMERVILLE—WALTERS.—Nov. 30, Louise A. Walters to Frank A. Somerville.
VAN CAMP—BUTT.—Dec. 1, Augusta M. Butt to Charles T. Van Camp.

Long Island.

SCOTTON—HARRISON.—Dec. 1, Ozone Park, Flora Harrison to Merritt S. Scotton.

New Jersey.

BATAILLE—HANSON.—Nov. 29, Newark, Mary Hanson to Frank Bataille.
BERNING—JOHNSON.—Nov. 29, East Orange, Hazel Johnson to Harry Berning.
CROWTHER—LAYTON.—Dec. 1, Newark, Grace Layton to William Crowther.
HOWATT—OSBORN.—Nov. 30, Newark, Maud A. Osborn to David Howatt.
LENNON—DUPRE.—Dec. 1, Orange, Martha Dupre to John F. Lennon.
MENTZ—WINTER.—Dec. 1, Orange, Gertrude Winter to John J. Mentz, Jr.
SINN—WILSON.—Nov. 27, Newark, Jennie Wilson to Adam Sinn.

Died.

ANDERSON.—On Dec. 3, 1909, Mabel E., daughter of C. Edgar and Mary H. Anderson. Services at 4 Mount Morris Park West on Monday morning at 11 o'clock.
ATKINSON.—Suddenly, at Key West, Fla., Dec. 5, in the 82d year of his age, George O. Atkinson. Funeral services and interment at Albany Rural Cemetery.
BEARDSLEY.—Suddenly, Sunday afternoon, Dec. 5, 1909, Samuel R. Beardsley. Notice of the funeral hereafter.
BROWN.—Saturday evening, Dec. 4, at Nyack, N. Y., Mary J., widow of Charles S. Brown and eldest daughter of the late John Tooker. Funeral services St. Mathew's P. E. Church, 84th St., near Central Park West, on Tuesday Dec. 7, 10:45 A. M.
BUCKLEY.—At his residence in Albany on Friday, Dec. 3, Thomas, son of the late Phineas Henry and Phoebe Buckley. Funeral service at St. Paul's Church, Troy, on Monday, Dec. 6, at 2:30 P. M.
BURNISTON.—On Friday evening at 7 P. M., Anthony Stoutenburgh Burniston, son of the late William C. Burniston, died at his late residence, Marlboro-on-Hudson, N. Y. Funeral on Tuesday, Dec. 7, at 2:30 P. M. Carriages will meet 1:39 train at Marlboro. W. S. R. R. train leaving Weehawken 11:50 A. M.
CAULKINS.—Suddenly, at Detroit, Mich., on Sunday, Dec. 5, Sara Fairchild Platt, beloved wife of Edward Burns Caulkins, in her 35th year.
COHA.—On Dec. 4, August Coha, aged 62. Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 23d St., (CAMPBELL BUILDING,) Tuesday, afternoon.
CROCKER.—At his residence, 1 East 64th St., Saturday, Dec. 4, 1909, George Crocker, in the 55th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at St. Thomas's Church, Tuesday, Dec. 7, at 10 o'clock A. M. Please omit flowers. Interment at convenience of family in California.
DAY.—At Rochester, N. Y., Dec. 4, 1909, in his 51st year, Mahlon Day, son of the late Edward M. and Charlotte Seymour Day. Funeral services, Christ Church, Rochester, Monday, Dec. 6.
HENSCHEL.—Entered into rest, Lizzie, beloved daughter of Mrs. Ernestine and the late Joachim Henschel, and beloved sister of Albert, Alexander, Joseph, Mrs. J. M. Stettiner and Flora. Funeral from her late residence, 53 West 130th St., on Monday at 10 A. M.
HENSCHEL.—Entered into rest, Lizzie, beloved daughter of Mrs. Ernestine and the late Joachim Henschel, and beloved sister of Albert, Alexander, Joseph, Mrs. J. M. Stettiner, and Flora. Funeral from her late residence, 53 West 130th St., on Monday at 10 A. M.
HUBER.—On Dec. 3, after a long illness, Emile Andrew Huber, beloved husband of Ethel Buckingham. Funeral services at the residence of Dr. John B. Huber, 441 Park Av., corner 56th St., on Monday, Dec. 6, at 11 A. M. Interment private.
ISELIN.—At New York, Saturday, Dec. 4, 1909, Louise Caylus, wife of Adrian Iselin, Jr. Funeral at St. Patrick's Cathedral Tuesday morning, Dec. 7, at 10 o'clock. It is requested that no flowers be sent.
IVES.—On Dec. 5, after a lingering illness, Ralph Olmsted Ives. Funeral at his late residence, 117 West 58th St., on Wednesday, Dec. 8, at 10:30 A. M.
JENKINS.—At Englewood, N. J., Thursday, Dec. 2, 1909, Augustus S. Jenkins, son of the late William L. Jenkins. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Transfiguration, East 29th St., New York, on Monday, Dec. 6, at 11 o'clock. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.
KLAUSER.—On Saturday, Dec. 4, at her residence, 51 East 90th St., Ellen, widow of William Klauser. Funeral from Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, 84th St. and Park Av., Tuesday, Dec. 7, at 11 o'clock.

Died.

LINDER.—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Saturday, Dec. 4, 1909, Louis Linder. Funeral from 19 Ludlow St., Yonkers, N. Y., Monday, at 2 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.
McCORMICK.—On Friday, Dec. 3, Michael McCormick. Funeral from his late residence, 110 East 110th St., on Monday, Dec. 6, at 10 A. M.; thence to St. Cecelia's Church, East 106th St. Interment at St. Raymond's. San Francisco, Cal., and Harrowgate, England, papers please copy.
NELSON.—On Sunday, Dec. 5, Giffard Arthur Nelson, son of the late Dr. S. Giffard Nelson and husband of Bertha J. Hills, in his 34th year. Services Tuesday, Dec. 7, at 2 o'clock at the chapel of Emmanuel Baptist Church, Lafayette Av., and St. James Place, Brooklyn. Interment private. Boston papers please copy.
NIGHTINGALE.—On Saturday, Dec. 4, 1909, Julia Stuart Nightingale, in her 59th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 277 Halsey St., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Tuesday, Dec. 7, at 10 o'clock A. M.
OGDEN.—At her home on Friday, Dec. 3, Ellen Lewis, wife of Robert C. Ogden. Funeral services at the Central Presbyterian Church, 57th St., between Broadway and 7th Av., on Monday, the 6th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. Interment at Kennebunk, Me. Kindly omit flowers.
PEET.—Maud Banning, wife of Robert A. Peet and daughter of the late David Banning, on Sunday, Dec. 5, of pneumonia. Service at her home, 97 Hamilton Av., Englewood, N. J., on Tuesday, Dec. 7, on arrival of the 3:25 P. M. train from Erie station 23d St. Burial at Old Lynne, Conn., Wednesday, Dec. 8, on arrival of the 10:02 A. M. train Grand Central Station.
QUINN.—Dec. 3, Bridget Quinn. Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (CAMPBELL BUILDING,) Monday afternoon.
SALTUS.—At Paris, Saturday, Dec. 4, 1909, Elsie Welsh Saltus, daughter of Edward A. Smith, M. D., and Rebecca M. Welsh. Notice of funeral hereafter. Philadelphia papers please copy.
SERRA.—Dec. 5, 1909, Therese Serra. Body lying in THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (FRANK CAMPBELL BUILDING.)
TITUS.—Suddenly, on Sixth Day, (Friday,) the Third inst., Mary T., wife of George P. Titus, in the 72d year of her age. Funeral from her late residence, East Williston, L. I., on Third Day, (Tuesday), the Seventh inst., at 2 o'clock. Carriages will be waiting at East Williston Station on arrival of train leaving East Thirty-fourth St., New York, at 12:20.
UNDERHILL.—On Sunday, Dec. 5, 1909, at his residence, 66 8th Av., Brooklyn, Stephen, husband of Cornelia Underhill. Notice of funeral hereafter.
WILLIAMS.—On Sunday, Dec. 5, 1909, of pneumonia, Mary, wife of Joseph Williams and only daughter of the late Joseph A. and Mary Little Jackson. Funeral services will be held at her residence, 533 West 142d St., on Tuesday, Dec. 7, at 10 A. M. Interment private.
WOOD.—Dec. 2, 1909, at her residence, 2,038 Spring Garden St., Philadelphia, Isabella Penman, wife of the late Thomas Wood. Funeral services Monday, Dec. 6, at 2 P. M. Please omit flowers.
WOODS.—On Sunday, Dec. 5, at

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Pianos for every purpose and every purse; player pianos with free music roll exchange; many fine bargains in used pianos $100 up; very easy terms; the Pease name for 65 years has guaranteed fair dealing; Renting—Exchanging; Write for catalog.
OPEN EVENINGS.

CALL AND SEE THE POPULAR
O. W. WUERTZ PIANOS
sold at factory prices on easy payments. Players, self-playing pianos. Open evenings. 1518 Third Av., near 86th St., Manhattan.
2,929 Third Av., near 151st St., Bronx.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.
Christmas bargains; $80 Steinway & Sons, $3 monthly; $125 Gabler upright $4 monthly; open evenings. Goetz & Co., 81 Court St., one block Borough Hall Subway Station, Brooklyn.

STEINWAY upright and baby grand pianos for sale cheap. 35 West 14th St.

INSTRUCTION.

NEW YORK—Manhattan.

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES
MADISON SQUARE (1,122 BROADWAY.)
Harlem Branch.....343 Lenox Av., near 125th St.
Brooklyn " .....218 Livingston St.
350 BRANCHES IN ALL LEADING CITIES.
Lessons at School or Residence. Day and Evenings. Teachers Sent to Neighboring Places.
SUPERIOR NATIVE TEACHERS.
Free Conversation Circles and Pronunciation Courses. TRIAL LESSON FREE.

FOUNDED 1870. STERN'S SCHOOL OF
LANGUAGES
961 Madison Av., Near 75th Street;
200 WEST 72D ST.
Languages taught in classes or privately.

BERKELEY SCHOOL
72d Street & West End Avenue

THE ITALIAN SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES
315 5TH AVE., COR. 32D ST.
Pupils use only the new language from the very first lesson.

G. D'Orelli will teach French or Italian at residences. 243 East 38th St., care Ernest.

MUSICAL.

VAN BAAR'S OLD GUARD ORCHESTRA MILITARY BAND.
Charles L. Van Baar, Musical Director and Bandmaster, 102 West 57th St. Tel. 4200 Col. From Pianist to Orchestra or Military Band of 100 Men.

FOR SALE.

ELECTRIC NOVELTIES Motors, Electric Railways, Etc. Circular mailed FREE on application. J. H. BUNNELL & CO., 20 PARK PL., N. Y.

SLIGHTLY USED office furniture, desks, chairs, time clocks, cash registers, adding machines, typewriters, safes, filing cabinets, multigraphs, neostyles. Nathan's, 4 White.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES. $10 to $50; rented, bought, repaired. Eagle T. Co., 79 Duane St.

WINTER RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL RUDOLF
Atlantic City. Open all year.
American and European plans. No extra charge for sea or fresh water baths. Special Winter rates now in effect.
A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr. JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.
N. Y. booking office, Tyson's, 1,122 Broadway.

SEASIDE HOUSE
Directly on the Ocean Front.
Sea water baths. Open all the year.
F. P. COOKE'S SONS.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Josiah White & Sons Company.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAKEWOOD
Among the Pines of New Jersey
Season October to June.
Offers exceptional attractions for the enjoyment of outdoor life. Ideal conditions for motoring.
LAUREL HOUSE
NOW OPEN. A. J. MURPHY, Manager.
LAUREL IN THE PINES
NOW OPEN. FRANK F. SHUTE, Mgr.
These hotels are favorably known for their standard of excellence.
Reached via New Jersey Central.

NEW JERSEY—Montclair.

A Mountain Beauty Spot
THE MONTCLAIR
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Apply Am. Hotel Bureau, 1122 B'way, N.Y.

FLORIDA.

ONLY SUNSHINE AND CONTENTMENT on the East Coast of Florida.

AUCTION SALES.

$25,000 STOCK OF IMPORTED
HOLIDAY GOODS
NOVELTIES
Expensive Travelling Outfits
Gold and Silver Mounted and Inlaid
TOILET SETS
2,500 French and German Ebony Frame
BEVEL MIRRORS
Manicure Sets, Smoking Sets, Sewing Sets, Silver Mounted and Jeweled Collar and Cuff Boxes,
500 Expensive Shaving Sets
PLAYING CARD OUTFITS
From $5 to $75 per Set,
and numerous other very expensive articles.
L. Preiser & A. Tisch, Aucts.,
By Benyovits & Sternbach,
Sell To-morrow, (Tuesday,) 10:30 A. M., at 348 East Houston St.,
above elegant stock of a prominent importer.
Inspection To-day (Mon.) All Day.
Auct. Tel. {L. Preiser, 3659 Orchard. {A. Tisch, 2712 Orchard.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY, GAS and Electricity, Room 1536, Nos. 13 to 21 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity at the above office until 2 o'clock P. M. on
TUESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1909.
Borough of Brooklyn.
No. 1. For furnishing, delivering, storing, and trimming 50,600 gross tons of semi-bituminous coal.
For full particulars see City Record.
JOHN H. O'BRIEN,
Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity, The City of New York, December 1, 1909.

AUCTION SALES.

SAMUEL GANS CO.
ON THURSDAY, DECEMBER 9TH, 1909, at 10 A. M., at our Salesroom,
186-188 Wooster St., New York City
We will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION the balance Salvage Stock
of Messrs. Wertheimer & Co.
New York City
Importers and Manufacturers of
High Grade Kid and Lined Gloves,
Consisting of over
$100,000.00 worth
OF LADIES' AND MISSES'
Kid Gloves
in their Majestic, Carlton, Prince of Wales, Gainsboro, Somerset, and other well-known shades.
Including
8 and 10 button Mousquetaires.
16-20-24 Button Suede Gloves.
We wish to announce that this sale is without a doubt the best of all our previous Glove Sales and consists of the select lot of Gloves which were impossible to get in our last sale, and gives the buyer an opportunity to supply the demand for the Holiday Trade.
Stock on Exhibition day before sale, with descriptive catalogue.
Lots will be divided to suit buyers.
Terms of sale cash.

$50,000 WORTH OF HIGH GRADE
CLOTHING
CONSISTING OF
Men's Suits and Overcoats
Young Men's Suits and Overcoats
Pants, Single Coats, etc.
Stock is all this season's production and positively most staple stock sold this season.
J. FRENKEL, Auctioneer
SELLS WEDNESDAY, DEC. 8, 10:30 A.M.
At Salesrooms, 23 Walker St.
the above up-to-date stock in trade lots.
NOTICE
This sale should attract attention of entire retail and jobbing trade. Tel. 2438 Franklin.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY, GAS and Electricity, Room 1536, Nos. 13 to 21 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity at the above office until 2 o'clock P. M. on
TUESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1909.
Borough of Brooklyn.
No. 2. For furnishing, delivering, storing, and trimming 6,296 gross tons of broken size Anthracite coal, 24,420 gross tons of pea size Anthracite coal, 60,330 gross tons of No. 1 buckwheat size Anthracite coal.
For full particulars see City Record.
JOHN H. O'BRIEN,
Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity, The City of New York, December 1, 1909.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES.
Sealed estimates for obtaining a supply of oils and grease, (Contract 1,208,) and for obtaining services of horses and drivers for carting coal and ashes to and from Municipal Ferryboats, (Contract 1,203,) will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier A, Battery Place, until 12 o'clock noon December 10, 1909. (For particulars see City Record.)

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES.
Sealed estimates for furnishing and delivering lumber and piles (Contract No. 1,206) will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier A, Battery Place, North River, until 12 o'clock noon December 16, 1909.
(For particulars see City Record.)

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES WILL BE received by the President of the Borough of Manhattan, at the City Hall, Room 19, until 3 o'clock P. M. on
TUESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1909.
No. 1. For regulating and repaving with asphalt block pavement on concrete foundation the roadway of East Forty-first Street, from the wall to east side of Second Avenue.
No. 2. For regulating and repaving with asphalt block pavement on concrete foundation the upper roadways of Forty-second Street, from the wall to the east side of Second Avenue, and Prospect Place, from the north side of Forty-second Street to south side of Forty-third Street.
No. 3. For regulating and repaving with asphalt block pavement on concrete foundation the roadway of Sixtieth Street, from west side of Amsterdam Avenue to east side of West End Avenue.
No. 4. For regulating and repaving with asphalt block pavement on concrete foundation the roadway of Sixty-first Street, from the west side of Amsterdam Avenue to the east side of West End Avenue.
No. 5. For regulating and repaving with sheet asphalt on concrete foundation the roadway of Catharine Street, from the north side of Oak Street to the north side of Monroe Street.
No. 6. For regulating and repaving with sheet asphalt pavement on concrete foundation the roadway of Renwick Street, from north side of Canal Street to south side of Spring Street.
No. 7. For regulating and repaving with sheet asphal tpavement on concrete foundation the roadway of Christopher Street, from the west side of Greenwich Avenue to the east side of Waverley Place.
No. 8. For regulating and repaving with sheet asphalt pavement on concrete foundation the roadway of Fifty-eighth Street, west side of Madison Avenue, to east side of Fifth Avenue.
For full particulars see City Record.
JOHN F. AHEARN, President.
The City of New York, December 3, 1909.

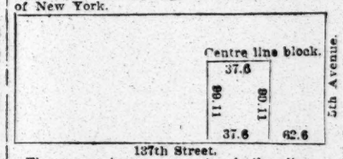
DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY, GAS and Electricity, Room 1536, Nos. 13 to 21 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity at the above office until 2 o'clock P. M. on
TUESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1909.
Borough of Richmond.
No. 5. For furnishing, delivering, and laying water mains and appurtenances in Center, Court Moore, and Tyson Streets; Clark, Garretson, Huguenot, Rossville, Sea View, and Staplevin Avenues; Terrace Court; Fresh Kills, and Woodrow Roads.
No. 6. For furnishing, delivering, and laying water mains and appurtenances and removing existing water mains and appurtenances in Westervelt, Beechwood, Bismark, Madison, Monroe, Tompkins, Hamilton, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Crescent and St. Pauls Avenues; Jersey, Henry, Belmont, Church, Nicholas, Vine, Fifth, and Wall Streets; Carroll, St. Marks, Egmont, Holland, (Curtis,) and Fort Places; Richmond Road, Daniel Low Terrace, Daniel Low Circle, and Richmond Turnpike.
For full particulars see City Record.
JOHN H. O'BRIEN, Commissioner.
The City of New York, December 1, 1909.

BELLEVUE AND ALLIED HOSPITALS, Department, New York City. Twenty-sixth Street and First Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.
SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the President of the Board of Trustees in the Staff Room of Bellevue Hospital (entrance No. 411 East Twenty-sixth Street), until 3 P. M. on
TUESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1909.
For supplies for the year 1910, as follows:
No. 1. Meat, fish, milk and poultry.
No. 2. Alcohol, plaster, cotton (absorbent), hospital gauze and lint (absorbent).
No. 3. Canned and bottled goods, bread, ice, butter, eggs, groceries, vegetables, fruits, provisions, soaps, hay and oats, etc., crockery, glassware, hardware, plated ware, granite ware, muslins and dry goods, rubber goods, uniforms, harness, electric lamps, miscellaneous, etc.
No. 4. Engineer's supplies, lumber, paints, glass and oils.
For full particulars see City Record.
JOHN W. BRANNAN,
President of the Board of Trustees, Bellevue and Allied Hospitals.
Dated November 30, 1909.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES.
Sealed estimates for building pier at 33d Street, Brooklyn, (Contract 1,202,) will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier A, Battery Place, until 12 o'clock noon December 13, 1909. (For particulars see City Record.)

REMOVAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—JOHN STAUDT, as Executor under the Last Will and Testament of Joseph Huber, deceased, Plaintiff, against SAMUEL SCHENKER, and others, Defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 12th day of November, 1909, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 7th day of December, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by BRYAN L. KENNELLY, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:
ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, in the County of New York, bounded and described as follows:
BEGINNING at a point on the Northerly side of 137th Street, distant sixty-two feet six inches Westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of said Northerly side of 137th Street with the Westerly side of 5th Avenue; running thence Northerly, parallel with 5th Avenue ninety-nine feet eleven inches to the centre line of the block between 137th and 138th Streets; thence Westerly, along said centre line of the block, thirty-seven feet six inches; thence Southerly, parallel with 5th Avenue, ninety-nine feet eleven inches to the Northerly side of 137th Street; and thence Easterly, along the Northerly side of 137th Street, thirty-seven feet six inches to the point or place of beginning.
Dated New York, November 12th, 1909.
LAUREN CARROLL, Referee.
GUSTAV LANGE, JR., Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & Post Office Address No. 237 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street Number is 3 West 137th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.



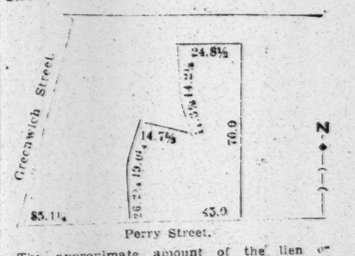
137th Street.
The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is Thirteen thousand, three hundred forty-two and 32-100 dollars ($13,342.32), with interest thereon from the 12th day of November, 1909, together with the costs and allowance amounting to Three hundred and seventy-eight and 03-100 dollars ($378.03), with interest from November 12th, 1909, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is One thousand, seven hundred thirty-five and 95-100 dollars ($1,735.95) and interest.
The premises will be sold subject to a first mortgage, now a lien on said premises, to secure the payment of the sum of Twenty-six thousand dollars ($26,000), with interest thereon at the rate of five per cent. (5%) per annum from September 17th, 1909.
The premises will also be sold subject to whatever right, title and interest the Raiser Heating Company may have by virtue of a notice of conditional sale or chattel mortgage No. 85,103, and filed against the premises above described, together with other property, and Cohen and Bramfield as vendees, in the office of the Register of the County of New York on December 7th, 1908.
Dated New York, November 12th, 1909.
LAUREN CARROLL, Referee.

ASSIGNEE SALES.

KRESS, HENRY G.—In pursuance of an order made by Hon. Irving Lehman, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County, on the 9th day of August, 1909, notice is hereby given to all the creditors and persons having claims against HENRY G. KRESS, lately doing business in the City of New York, in the County of New York, that they are required to present their claims, with the vouchers therefor, duly verified, to the subscriber, the duly appointed Assignee of the said Henry G. Kress, for the benefit of his creditors, at his place of transacting business, the office of Foulds & Galland, Room 726, No. 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 19th day of February, 1910.
Dated New York, December 1st, 1909.
FREDERICK W. LORCH, Assignee.
FOULDS & GALLAND, Attorneys for Assignee, 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—JOHN H. VOUGHT and WILLIAM G. VER PLANCK, as substituted trustees, &c., Plaintiffs, against JACOB KATZ and others, Defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 9th day of November, 1909, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 9th day of December, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon, on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:
All that certain plot, piece or parcel of land, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, bounded and described as follows:
Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Perry Street, distant eighty-five (85) feet one and one-fourth (1¼) inches Easterly along the same from the corner formed by the intersection of the Easterly side of Greenwich Street and the said Northerly side of Perry Street; and running thence Northerly, along the Westerly face of the Westerly wall of the building on the premises herein described, twenty-six (26) feet two and one-fourth (2¼) inches; thence Northerly, parallel with Greenwich Street, nineteen (19) feet one-fourth (¼) inch; thence Easterly, at right angles to Greenwich Street, fourteen (14) feet seven and five-eighths (7⅝) inches; thence Northwesterly, along a line which forms on its Westerly side an angle of sixty-six (66) degrees fifty-five (55) minutes and ten (10) seconds with the last course, seventeen (17) feet three and seven-eighths (3⅞) inches; thence Northerly, along a line which forms on its Easterly side an angle of one hundred seventy-six (176) degrees twenty-one (21) minutes and forty-five (45) seconds with the last course, fourteen (14) feet two and one-fourth (2¼) inches, more or less, to a point in a line drawn parallel with and distant seventy (70) feet Northerly from the Northerly side of Perry Street; thence Easterly, parallel with Perry Street, twenty-four (24) feet eight and one-half (8½) inches; thence Southerly, part of the distance along a fence and along the Easterly face of a stone retaining wall, and along the Easterly face of the Easterly wall of the building on the premises herein described, seventy (70) feet to the Northerly side of Perry Street; and thence Westerly, along the said Northerly side of Perry Street, forty-five (45) feet to the point or place of beginning;
Said premises being now known by the street numbers 113 and 115 Perry Street; and being one of the parcels which was conveyed to Jacob Katz and Max Wimpie, by Jacob Kottek and wife, by deed dated May 26, 1904, and recorded April 19, 1905, in the office of the Register of the County of New York, in Liber 137, Section 2 of Conveyances, at Page 239.
Dated New York, November 11th, 1909.
CHARLES L. HOFFMAN, Referee.
HENRY A. PRINCE, Attorney for Plaintiff, 149 Broadway, New York City.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 113-115 Perry Street.



Perry Street.
The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $17,640.00, with interest thereon from the 9th day of October, 1909, together with costs and allowance amounting to $340.40, with interest from November 9th, 1909, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $1,810.50 and interest.
Dated New York, November 11th, 1909.
CHARLES L. HOFFMAN, Referee.

Business Opportunities of the better sort.
See Page 17.

How the World Has Been Remade in Fifty Years

The Christmas Number of The New York Times

SUNDAY, DECEMBER 12

The last half century, according to Dr. Charles W. Eliot, has virtually seen the remaking of the world. This statement, made in a recent address of his, so interested The New York Times that it set about the task of ascertaining what the recognized leaders in every department of human thought and activity had to say about it.

Their answers will be presented to the readers of The Times in Christmas Number. It will be one of the most remarkable symposiums that has ever been collected in a single issue of any newspaper or magazine. What the world has done in every branch of art, literature, science, etc., will be presented to The Times's readers by the authoritative spokesmen in each field.

The following is a list of the contributors to this symposium:

LORD AVEBURY (SIR JOHN LUBBOCK)
PROF. CLEVELAND ABBE
WILLIAM A. BORING
GEORGE F. BECKER
ALICE STONE BLACKWELL
REV. DR. FRANCIS E. CLARK
MRS. DANSKE DANDRIDGE
PROF. KUNO FRANCKE
ADMIRAL CASPAR F. GOODRICH
PROF. HERBERT A. HOWE
BOLTON HALL
ROSSITER JOHNSON
REV. DR. CARLOS MARTYN
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HENRY ARTHUR JONES
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WILLIAM CAREY POLAND
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PHILIP H. GOEPP
EDWARD HARRIGAN
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THE LATE GEN. O. O. HOWARD
MARGUERITE MERINGTON
GEN. ARTHUR MURRAY
EDWIN MARKHAM
REV. SOLOMON SCHINDLER
OSCAR G. SONNECK
HORACE TRAUBEL
EX-AMBASSADOR CHARLEMAGNE TOWER
PROF. PAUL VAN DYKE
PROF. CHARLES WALDSTEIN
SENATOR MOSES E. CLAPP

The Pictorial Section

of The Sunday Times has won such a place among lovers of good pictures that it is not necessary to enter on any description of its merits. But it will interest those who have learned to look forward to it weekly to know that the Christmas Number will surpass anything in the pictorial way that The Times has ever offered to its readers.

There will be three full-page pictures in color, one of New Year's Eve in Times Square and the other two Christmas pictures. There will be a great double-page reproduction of Goetze's painting, "Despised and Rejected of Men," one of the most terrible indictments of modern society that has ever been conceived by an artist. Several other fine paintings will be reproduced in full-page illustrations, and there will be the usual large number of photographs of timely interest.

The demand for the Christmas Number of THE NEW YORK TIMES will be very large. To make sure of getting it every reader should order it in advance. It will be safer for you to place your order with your newsdealer to-day.

Wm. A. Read & Co.
Bankers
Members of the New York, Chicago & Boston Stock Exchanges
25 Nassau Street, New York
19 Congress Street BOSTON
240 La Salle Street CHICAGO
203 East German Street BALTIMORE
Investment Securities
Deposits received and Interest allowed on Balances, subject to Draft at sight.
Commission Orders executed in all the principal Markets.

Booklet for Investors
Our Booklet No. 117 treats the subject of investment in simple phraseology. It explains the different forms of bonds, sinking funds, how bonds are paid for and delivered, how the interest coupons are cashed, etc.
5 Per Cent. Bonds
Our Circular No. 119 describes a carefully selected list of bonds yielding about 5%. In our judgment, it is practically impossible in these days to purchase bonds combining safety of principal and a reasonably broad market at prices to yield in excess of approximately 5%.
Spencer Trask & Co.
William and Pine Streets
New York

KISSEL, KINNICUTT & CO.
37 WALL ST., NEW YORK
Foreign and Domestic Bankers
Bills of Exchange
Cable Transfers
Collections made on all European Points
Investment Securities

J.K.Rice, Jr.& Co.
FOR SALE:
100 American District Tel. of N. J.
50 Bliss (E. W.) Com.
19 Borden's Milk Com.
100 Bush Terminal Com.
100 Chic., Rock Island & Pacific
100 Crocker-Wheeler
500 Int. Continental Rubber Com.
50 Internat. Silver Pfd.
100 Int. Smelting & Refining
12 National Saw Pfd.
100 Northwestern Commercial
25 Safety Car Heat & Light
50 Sen-Sen Chiclet
100 Standard Coupler Com.
100 Texas & Pacific Coal
100 Western Pacific
We have good markets in unlisted and inactive securities and respectfully invite inquiries.
J.K.Rice, Jr.& Co.
'Phones 7460 to 7466 Hanover. 33 Wall St., N. Y.

Seasoned Bonds
Constitute the most convenient and dependable form of investment. We offer to bond buyers, regardless of the amount of their funds, a superior service based on ample experience and facilities. It will pay you to know about this service. Inquiry invited.
N. W. Halsey & Co.
BANKERS
49 WALL ST., NEW YORK.
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omestic and Foreign Bankers
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Travelers Letters of Credit

Bertron, Griscom and Jenks
BANKERS
40 Wall Street, New York. Land Title Bldg., Philadelphia.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

The influence of the various developments of the week affecting the financial situation was plainly restrictive upon the securities markets. There was little incentive to speculation and much less to investment in the uncertainty which surrounds the recommendations to be made by the President in his message to Congress, and the presence in that body of the small but active group of legislators commonly designated as "insurgents," whose avowed purpose to forward innovations in tariff, corporation, and financial legislation, constitutes a source of trouble, as the financial community views it, which must be taken into any reckoning of the future. A great part of Wall Street's time last week was given over to unprofitable guesswork regarding the character of Mr. Taft's message. Washington advices that the President's recommendations would be radical were followed by other advices in the form of denials, and these denials being in turn controverted or sustained a situation was created, so far as sentiment was concerned, which might properly enough delight those who have nothing but an academic interest in the country's welfare, but which could do little but make uneasy those who are responsible for the maintenance and further growth of its industrial and commercial life. It is a fact, of course, that Presidential recommendations are, so far as legislation is concerned, only recommendations, to be accepted or rejected at the pleasure of Congress, but Mr. Taft's utterances at the present time have wide interest for the reason that a great body of the business men of the country are looking to him for the establishment of a different order of affairs than that in vogue under his predecessor, and also because having just returned from a long journey covering every section of the United States and bringing him into contact with a multitude of its citizens his words are expected to reflect in some measure at least the popular attitude toward many of the perplexing problems of the day.

There was also instituted during the week a strike on the part of a large body of the employes of the Northwestern railroads, which, if prolonged or extended in its scope, bids fair to prove costly to the country's transportation lines and to manufacturers. Its immediate effect, in a stock market sense, was found in the weakness of the stocks of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific, roads directly affected by the troubles, and in the heaviness of St. Paul and the shares of other roads which are already involved or which will become so if the strike spreads. The results will have much broader application than this, however. Already, owing to the difficulty of securing transportation, the output of the great copper mines in Butte has been curtailed, and the flour manufacturers of Minneapolis have likewise found it necessary to cut production. Estimates have it that to the milling interests of Minneapolis alone the loss involved in the strike will amount to not less than $5,000,000 weekly. Commercial bodies are discussing the advisability of appealing to President Taft to use his influence before the trouble spreads to the great Chicago railroad centre, but the most satisfactory feature of the situation is found in the action of the Brotherhood of Trainmen in Duluth and Superior, which has decided to return to work and to maintain a neutral attitude. It is an open secret that it was practically a Mr. Roosevel's behest that wages of railroad employes were not reduced during the period of depression immediately following the panic of 1907, and it therefore bears hard upon the railroads now that a demand for higher wages enforced by a strike should follow so closely upon the heels of their generous attitude during a difficult period. The rise in the cost of living forms, of course, an argument favoring the demands of the men, but the railroads too have a cost of living to consider, and the advance in it has been fully as great. So far the losses entailed in the Northwest strike have been confined to the immediate territories in which the railroads operate. Elsewhere business activity, making due allowance for the season of the year, is as great as at any time in the past. Last week evidence to this effect was furnished by the compilation of November bank clearings, which made a new high record for that month by comparison with all other years, and by a series of excellent railroad earnings statements. An examination of these statements discloses an application of the larger revenues received which can hardly encourage demands for higher wages by employes. Of a gross increase of $757,000 in the month of October the New York Central spent in betterments and improvements and in operating expenses $560,000; its net return showed a gain of only $196,000. The percentage here is that with a great many other roads, and is no more than is required to offset the economies practiced during the lean months of the post-panic period. In the railroad world two changes of note came to light. The Rock Island released its control of the St. Louis & San Francisco, which went back to its original owners, and at the same time three representatives of the Rock Island were named to succeed present Directors of the Lehigh Valley Railroad. This latter move appears to foreshadow an eventual connection between the Rock Island system itself and the Lehigh Valley and an entrance by the Inland system to the Atlantic seaboard. Aside from its importance in a purely railroad sense, this is of wide interest as the first change in the long-established trunk line field.

In the local money market the influences at work were identical with those operative for seeveral weeks past. Losses on routine transactions with the Government, comprising customs payments and the taking of gold for shipment to South American points, once more on London account, offset in large measure the receipts of currency from interior cities, particularly Chicago, where New York Exchange ruled at the unusually high premium for this season of the year of 45 cents. Banking institutions of Chicago and of cities in the Northwest were buyers of commercial paper here and were also lenders of money on call, a fact which prevented rates exceeding 6 per cent. in spite of the financing involved in the heavy Dec. 1 disbursements. These factors are expected in banking circles to retain their control over the money position here until after the turn of the year unless an unlooked-for change in the English money market intervenes. The Bank of England made on Thursday last the strongest showing noted by it at this season of the year in over a decade, but the somewhat more liberal attitude reflected in its release of gold during the week is not expected to lead up to a reduction as it now is in England, and while the question of heavy temporary financing by the Government to bridge over the Parliamentary recess is still open.

THE MARKETS OF EUROPE

ELECTION AFFECTS LONDON.

Prospects Are for Dearer Money and Little Market Activity.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 5.—Early in the week the condition of the money market was such that the Stock Exchange looked for a reduction in the bank rate, forgetting that the financial crisis caused by the rejection of the budget, and not the international monetary situation, was the reason why the Bank of England had refrained from reducing the rate.

The consequences of the rejection of the budget were not well understood in the City. For three or four months London is likely to be at a disadvantage as compared with other great centres, so it is idle to pretend that this will not have the effect of making money dearer in London. At all times a general election takes a considerable amount of money out of London, and it will be odd if the approaching election does not take more than usual. Besides there are many causes combining to make money scarcer.

The electoral issues are so great that people are growing painfully excited, and they have little time or inclination for attending to Stock Exchange operations, so it is reasonable to suppose that the market will continue more or less lifeless until the result of the election is known.

FAIR ACTIVITY IN BERLIN.

Speculative Trading in Copper While Shipping Shares Attract Attention.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 5.—On the Boerse here fair activity prevailed throughout the week. Negotiations for Union Copper interests continued to give the speculative element inspiration and trading on a more or less lively scale was the result.

Shipping and electric shares attracted most attention. Bank issues were weak owing to the uncertainty over the nature of the new laws relating to deposits.

PARIS PRICES IMPROVE.

Tone of German Speech from Throne Has Perceptible Beneficial Effect.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 5.—The liquidation at the end of November passed without increasing the monetary tension. Indeed, the situation in that respect continues to improve. The highest interest rate on the Bourse was 3¼ per cent., which at this season is almost exceptional.

During the week there was a distinct bettering of prices. The tone of the speech from the throne in Germany had a perceptibly beneficial effect upon Government issues. The market all around was firm and there was healthy activity in African gold mines. Copper stocks, however, declined during the week with only a slight recovery. Rio Tinto lost 20 francs, closing at 1952.

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100 Northern Colorado Power Pfd.
200 Virginia Ry. & Power Com.
100 Virginia Ry. & Power Pfd.
55 Sen-Sen Chiclet
200 Western Power Com.
200 Pacific Gas Com.
$8,000 N. Y. & Cuba Mail S. S. 5s
200 Kirby Lumber Com.
$20,000 Niagara Falls Deb. 6s, 1910-11-14
$10,000 Niagara Falls Power 5s
100 Niagara Falls Power Stock
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25 Amer. Light & Traction Com.
100 Amer. Light & Traction Pfd.
100 International Silver Com.
200 Central Colorado Power Pfd.
50 Texas Co.
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Speculative Unloading Absorbed with Little Effect on Quotations.

BESSEMER SALES A RECORD

Three Months' Total of 477,300 Tons Never Before Touched in Pittsburg Market—Rushing Ore Down Lakes.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 5.—The pig iron market in the Central West has withstood two weeks of selling by speculators who were compelled to unload, with scarce a break by the furnace interests in prices quoted. Shading of prices by holders of re-sale iron has affected the trade less than had been imagined. Furnaces are sold up into the first quarter and consumers have their requirements well covered until the beginning of February, while the low priced tonnage now being offered by the speculators must be taken up at once, the banks and the furnace interests having compelled them to move it. In fact, there is a well grounded suspicion that the compulsory dumping of some of the speculative iron on the market under the present conditions was engineered by the furnace interests themselves.

Notwithstanding the offerings of spot iron, both No. 2 foundry and basic, at $17, Valleys, the furnaces are holding their quotations at $17.50 for all deliveries next year. The Bessemer market has not been affected at all by the present movement. The Republic Iron and Steel Company took another 10,000 tons of Bessemer this week at $19, Valleys, making 20,000 tons this one company has taken of Bessemer in the open market in ten days' time. The Republic's total purchases of Bessemer since Sept. 1, in the Pittsburg market aggregate 90,000 tons.

The average flat sale price of Bessemer iron during November, on all actual transactions of more than 1,000 tons, was $19; the average on basic sales for the month was $17.42, Valleys, which is $18.32 Pittsburg—though this basic average is nearly all on sales for next year's shipment. The tonnage of Bessemer iron that changed hands in the three months end-Nov. 30 broke all records for Bessemer sales in the Pittsburg market for a three-month period. The total was 477,300 tons, of which 85,000 tons was taken by mills east of the Allegheny Mountains. The Steel Corporation furnaces for the month of November produced a total of 1,180,000 tons of all grades of pig iron, 55,000 tons short of the October record, which was the high mark in the combine's history. The merchant furnaces, however, are thought to have broken the October record. The figures on the total output are not yet available. By the middle of January the Pittsburg district's furnace capacity will have been increased by 2,000 tons a day—four new stacks at the new plant of the Jones & Laughlin Company at Aliquippa being due in by that time, the first having blown in last Friday, while one additional stack of the Steel Corporation at Steubenville, Ohio, and a rebuilt stack in the Valleys are due to go in before the holidays.

In an effort to break 1907's record for Lake ore shipments, the Lake season has been held open a week longer than usual, insurance companies granting extensions on belated cargoes from the upper Superior ports. The last of the independent cargoes was loaded on Thursday, and the last of the Steel Corporation cargoes will get away from Duluth next Tuesday, if the weather remains favorable, and will dock about the 10th. It is not likely that the record of 1907 will be equaled, however, the lake carriers having nearly a million tons to make up at the beginning of November.

Furnace interests have been making heavy reservations for ore for next year, subject to the new prices, which have not yet been fixed. An advance of about 50 cents is expected. Some time ago the Lake ore interests promised that the new price would be announced by Dec. 1, but it is said now that the price agreement may not be reached until after Jan. 1. The Lake season has been very late, and the ore men have had no time to get together.

As an indication of the view taken of the crude steel market, announcements of the letting of contracts for two new open hearth steel plants and four extensions to present plants have been made during the past two weeks by independent concerns. The prospect of an easing up of the crude steel market depends wholly on new capacity installed, for the present capacity in this district is fully engaged until well through the first half.

Coke is quieter, and one contract for the first half of 1910 is reported at $2.85, which is 5 cents below the hitherto quoted price. The coke operators are showing their confidence in the situation, however, by proceeding with their plans for an announcement of a wage increase to take effect the first of the year. The Dunbar Furnace Company, employing 1,200 coke workers, was the irst to make this announcement. Its employees will get an advance of 10 per cent., beginning Dec. 15. The combine interest—the H. C. Frick Coke Company—is virtually committed to this wage, and its action will govern all the independents in the Connellsville field.

Pig iron producers complain that the advanc prices of ore and coke will take practically all the margin they receive from the price advances on pig iron over the low points of last winter and spring. The trade still looks for $20 pig iron soon after the first of the year, when the furnace interests begin paying advanced prices for raw materials under their new contracts.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Vacuum Cleaning Machines Held to be "Manufactures of Metal."

Vacuum cleaning machines are held by the Board of United States General Appraisers to be dutiable properly as "manufactures of metal," with a tax of 45 per cent. on their value. The case, which is the first one to arise under the tariff since these articles have been on the market, stands in the name of Wilfred Schade & Co.

It was the contention of the importers that the machine should be granted entry at 35 per cent. as being "manufactures of wood," but this claim General Appraiser Fischer, in his decision for the board, disallows. The decision says that the firm has been dealing in these machines less than a year and that the witnesses before the board appeared to have no knowledge of the relative values of the component materials entering into the manufacture of the machines. The imposition of the metal rate is therefore affirmed by the board.

The board has overruled a protest filed by E. R. Thieler regarding the classification of glasses with metal covers. It is held that the articles fall within the bottle paragraph of the tariff. A few claims for duty at 45 per cent. under the metal schedule are sustained, however.

BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

Market Governed by Rumors—Many Properties Increase Production.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 5.—Copper stock prices have shown great variation this week, moving up and down with the rumors concerning the merger. As for copper itself, a reduction continues with unabated activity.

Speaking of the merger, negotiations are said to have been pending for the acquisition of the Miami by the Cole-Ryan interests. It is understood that the asking price is $25 per share for 100,000 shares.

First National Copper reports for October 1,117,408 pounds of copper, produced at a net cost of 9 cents per pound.

Butte Coalition is enlarging the Rarus air shaft and will sink both the tramway and the Rarus to greater depths.

The Hamilton shaft of the Cactus Development property is in sulphides running from 2.75 to 4 per cent.

The management of South Lake calculates on finding the lake lode about 500 feet south of the lake company's boundary, and will set a diamond drill at work there. The drill on the Evergreen has cut two lodes, but neither has shown copper in commercial quantity.

General conditions in the Copper Range Company's Champion mine are reported better. Between 70,000 and 75,000 tons of rock are being shipped each month, and the copper produced is likely to be a record amount.

Operations at the Mass mine are not resulting as was expected in the so-called Mass lode, and the Butler and Knowlton lodes are not very encouraging.

Shannon's shipments in November were 1,400,000 pounds of copper.

It is understood that the Lake Copper Company will begin regular shipments of ore to the mill next week.

Weather In Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Forecast for Monday and Tuesday for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina—Fair, colder Monday; much colder at night. Tuesday fair, colder in eastern portion; moderate west to northwest winds.

South Carolina—Partly cloudy Monday; colder in western portion; much colder at night. Tuesday fair, colder; moderate west to northwest winds.

Georgia—Fair, colder Monday; much colder at night. Tuesday fair; colder in eastern portion; light to northwest to north winds.

Eastern Florida—Local rains Monday; colder in northern and central portions. Tuesday fair; colder in eastern and southern portions; light winds, becoming northerly.

Western Florida, Alabama, and Mississippi—Fair, much colder Monday. Tuesday fair; light north to northeast winds.

Louisiana—Fair Monday; colder in eastern portion. Tuesday fair; warmer in western portion; light to moderate northeasterly winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair, continuer cold Monday. Tuesday fair, slightly warmer; moderate northeasterly winds.

Western Texas—Cloudy Monday; rain in southern, rain or snow in northern portion at night or Tuesday.

Utah—Snow in southern, rain or snow in northern portion Monday. Tuesday generally fair.

Oklahoma—Fair, continued cold Monday. Tuesday rain or snow.

Arkansas—Fair Monday. Tuesday increasing cloudiness.

Tennesee and Kentucky—Fair, much colder Monday. Tuesday fair.

Ohio—Fair in southern, snow in northern portion Monday; much colder with high westerly winds. Tuesday fair.

Indiana—Fair, colder Monday. Tuesday fair; diminishing westerly winds, becoming variable Tuesday.

Illinois—Fair, continued cold Monday. Tuesday fair; diminishing westerly winds, becoming variable.

Lower Michigan—Snow and much colder Monday. Tuesday partly cloudy, with snow flurries in western portion; high, westerly winds.

Upper Michigan—Snow and much colder Monday. Tuesday local snows; high westerly winds.

Wisconsin—Fair in southern, snow in northern portion Monday, with brisk to high northwesterly winds. Tuesday generally fair, continued cold.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCKS IN THE WEEK ENDED DEC. 4—TOTAL WEEK'S SALES, 4,811,546 SHARES.

Range for Year 1908. High.	Low.	Range for Year 1909. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Closing Saturday, Dec. 4. Bid.	Ask	Week's Net Change	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid. Date.	Per Cent	Period.	Range for Week Ended Dec. 4. First	High	Low	Last	Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended Dec. 4, '09.
16⅜	5	18⅞	Aug. 3.	12¾	Feb. 24.	15⅝	16	..	**Allis-Chalmers Co.**	100	$19,820,000	.....	..	..	15⅞	15⅝	15	15½	15⅛	6,020
52⅜	14	51½	Nov. 17.	38	Feb. 24.	54¾	55	— ⅝	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf.	100	16,150,000	Feb. 1, '04.	1¾	..	53½	55	52½	54⅞	49	4,100
88⅝	45⅛	96⅞	Nov. 19.	65	Feb. 26.	87⅞	88	+ 1⅛	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	153,287,900	Nov.29, '09.	50c	Q	86½	88	83⅝	87⅛	8.8⅝	598,800
35	13	50	Aug. 12.	33½	Jan. 5.	45⅝	46	— 2½	American Agricultural Chem. Co.	100	17,114,100	.....	..	..	48¼	48¼	45⅝	45⅝	33½	2,000
24⅞	9½	49¼	Aug. 2.	20¼	Jan. 13.	46½	46¾	— ½	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000	.....	..	..	46½	46½	43⅞	46½	21½	7,775
81⅜	65	98	Oct. 4.	82	Jan. 7.	92½	96	— 1½	American Beet Sugar Co. pf.	100	5,000,000	Oct. 1, '09.	1½	Q	93	93½	93	93¼	78½	200
10¼	4	15⅛	Nov. 18.	7½	Feb. 23.	14	14½	— ⅝	American Can Co.	100	41,233,300	.....	..	..	14⅛	14½	13⅝	14⅛	9¼	13,100
46⅞	44	86	June 4.	71½	Feb. 23.	83¼	83¾	— ⅛	American Can Co. pf.	100	41,233,300	Oct. 1, '09.	1¾	Q	83¼	83⅞	82⅝	83⅜	76	9,727
50⅝	25½	76⅛	Nov. 4.	44¼	Feb. 24.	72	73	+ ¼	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	Oct. 1, '09.	½	Q	72½	73¼	69¾	73¼	46⅝	13,800
109	84¼	124⅜	Aug. 3.	107½	Feb. 23.	118	121	— 1	American Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	Oct. 1, '09.	1¾	Q	119	119	119	119	108¼	100
44⅜	24¾	79¼	Nov. 5.	42⅜	Jan. 5.	68¼	69	+ 1	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	Dec. 1, '09.	5	A	67	68½	65	68½	41½	8,200
97	88	107¼	Nov. 3.	98	Jan. 7.	103½	107	..	American Cotton Oil Co. pf.	100	10,198,600	Dec. 1, '09.	3	SA	105	105	104½	104½	94	225
205	179¾	265	Nov. 20.	205	Feb. 23.	250	258	— 7	American Express Co.	100	18,000,000	Oct. 1, '09.	3	Q	255	255	255	255	..	100
8½	2¾	10	Sept. 3.	6¼	Feb. 25.	8	8½	— ½	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	11,274,100	.....	..	..	8½	8½	8	8	..	1,100
37¾	12½	51⅞	Aug. 3.	34	Feb. 24.	46	47	+ ⅝	American Hide & Leather Co. pf.	100	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05.	1	..	44½	46⅜	43¼	46¼	29¼	2,325
31⅞	12½	42¼	Apr. 13.	18⅞	Jan. 8.	26½	27	— ..	American Ice Securities Co.	100	10,042,400	July 20, '07.	1¾	..	27	27½	26	26½	25⅞	1,410
17¼	5⅞	20	June 14.	12	Feb. 25.	14⅜	15½	— ½	American Linseed Co.	100	16,750,000	.....	..	..	14½	14⅜	14¼	14⅜	16½	300
36¼	17	47⅜	June 14.	29	Jan. 12.	39⅜	41	— ½	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00.	1¾	..	39½	39⅞	38¼	39½	35½	1,002
59⅜	31⅜	69¼	Aug. 4.	49	Feb. 23.	62⅝	62¾	+ 2	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08.	1½	..	61	63	59½	62¾	55½	8,950
113	85½	122	Aug. 4.	109¼	Feb. 24.	115	117	+ ..	American Locomotive Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Oct. 21, '09.	1¾	Q	115	115¼	114⅞	114⅞	109½	420
8¾	3	11⅛	June 1.	6	Nov. 26.	6¼	7	+ ½	American Malt. Corp.	100	5,601,000	.....	..	..	6¾	6⅞	6⅛	6⅞	..	1,300
51⅛	21	59	Sept. 20.	38	Nov. 30.	41½	43	— 1½	American Malt. Corp. pf.	100	8,451,000	Nov. 3, '09.	2½	SA	42	42	38	42	45	4,860
107	55½	105¼	Nov. 20.	77¾	Feb. 24.	98¾	99	+ ¼	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Oct. 15, '09.	1	Q	98¼	99¼	95⅜	98⅞	90½	107,450
110⅝	87¾	116⅜	Aug. 6.	101	Jan. 2.	110⅝	111¼	— 1	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co. pf.	100	50,000,000	Oct. 1, '09.	1¾	Q	111½	111½	109¼	110½	106	4,500
84⅛	70	92	Aug. 25.	80	Jan. 4.	89¾	90¼	..	American Smelting Securities pf. B.	100	30,000,000	Dec. 1, '09.	1¾	Q	89¾	90¼	89¾	90	83⅝	959
97½	80	105	May 12.	95	Mar. 1.	90	101	+ 1	American Snuff Co. pf.	100	12,000,000	Oct. 1, '09.	1½	Q	100	100¼	100	100½	..	200
41	28	68⅜	Nov. 19.	34⅞	Feb. 24.	64	66½	— 1	American Steel Foundries.	100	16,218,000	.....	..	..	64⅛	64⅜	63	64⅜	30½	3,400
137¾	98¾	136⅜	Sept. 24.	115⅝	Nov. 30.	120½	120⅝	— 4½	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	45,000,000	Oct. 2, '09.	1¾	Q	124	124¼	115⅜	120½	132⅜	52,550
131	105	131	Apr. 8.	118	Nov. 15.	120	121	— 1½	American Sugar Refining Co. pf.	100	45,000,000	Oct. 2, '09.	1¾	Q	121⅜	121⅜	118½	120½	130⅝	1,900
132⅜	101	145⅛	Sept. 20.	125	Feb. 1.	140¼	140½	— ..	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	255,157,300	Oct. 15, '09.	2	Q	141¼	141½	139⅞	140¼	128⅞	22,080
97½	72½	104	May 10.	90¼	Feb. 6.	97½	99	— 1½	American Tobacco Co. pf.	100	78,689,100	Oct. 1, '09.	1½	Q	99	99	96⅞	98	94	2,200
32⅞	15½	40¼	Aug. 27.	26	Feb. 24.	34	35	— ⅝	American Woolen Co.	100	20,501,000	.....	..	..	34	34⅜	33⅝	33⅝	31	1,000
97	78½	107⅜	June 14.	93¾	Jan. 6.	102½	103½	..	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	40,000,000	Oct. 15, '09.	1¾	Q	103	103	102⅜	103	95	550
53½	27½	54¼	Nov. 19.	37⅝	Feb. 26.	49¼	49½	..	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	30,000,000	Oct. 20, '09.	50c	Q	48⅝	49¼	46⅜	49¼	49⅛	27,650
101¼	66	125⅝	Oct. 2.	97⅛	Jan. 13.	119⅞	120	+ ⅝	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe.	100	157,576,000	Dec. 1, '09.	3	SA	119¼	120	118¼	120	98¼	53,579
104	83⅜	106⅝	June 29.	100¼	Jan. 13.	104½	104½	— ..	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf.	100	114,199,500	Aug. 1, '09.	2½	SA	104½	104½	104	104⅝	101⅜	3,855
111½	59½	143½	Aug. 12.	107½	Jan. 14.	134¼	135	— ½	Atlantic Coast Line.	100	47,537,600	July 10, '09.	3	SA	134	135	132	135	111	2,000
111⅞	76½	122¼	July 29.	103½	Feb. 23.	116⅛	116¼	+ ½	**Baltimore & Ohio.**	100	152,208,800	Sept. 1, '09.	3	SA	115⅜	116¼	114⅜	116¼	107⅞	12,380
94	80	96	Apr. 12.	91	Nov. 23.	91	93	..	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	100	60,000,000	Sept. 1, '09.	2	SA	92	92	92	92	92	100
27¼	12	36¼	Sept. 21.	18⅜	Feb. 24.	34⅜	35	..	Bethlehem Steel Corporation.	100	14,862,000	.....	..	..	34½	35	33½	33	22½	1,000
67	35	69¼	Sept. 3.	47	Mar. 9.	67½	68	— ½	Bethlehem Steel Corporation pf.	100	14,908,000	Feb. 1, '07.	¾	Q	67½	67½	67½	67½	52	400
69¾	37¼	82⅞	June 7.	67	Jan. 9.	80⅞	81	+ 3	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	45,000,000	Oct. 1, '09.	1	Q	77⅞	81	76¾	80⅞	55½	73,165
152¼	89	151½	Sept. 1.	118	Jan. 28.	145	146	— ½	Brooklyn Union Gas Co.	100	17,994,300	Oct. 1, '09.	3	SA	144	145	144	145	148	400
24	12⅛	37	Nov. 13.	23⅞	Jan. 2.	34¾	36	— 1	Butterick Co.	100	12,000,000	Dec. 1, '09.	¾	Q	35	35	35	35	22⅞	400
180¼	140	189⅜	Oct. 5.	165	Mar. 3.	179⅞	180⅛	+ 2½	**Canadian Pacific.**	100	149,908,800	Oct. 1, '09.	$3½	SA	177¾	180⅛	176¼	180⅛	176¼	8,600
33	15½	51⅜	Oct. 7.	25½	Mar. 2.	45⅝	45⅞	— ½	Central Leather Co.	100	39,496,400	.....	..	..	45⅞	46½	44½	45⅞	27¾	27,455
102	75¾	111	Sept. 2.	99⅝	Apr. 5.	108	108½	— 2⅛	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	33,147,000	Oct. 1, '09.	1¾	Q	108½	108½	107½	108⅜	101	2,440
229	160	323½	Sept. 18.	215	Feb. 23.	305	315	— 1½	Central Railroad of N. J.	100	27,436,800	Nov. 1, '09.	2	Q	310	313	304½	311	212	2,175
59⅝	25½	90	Oct. 8.	55⅝	Jan. 6.	86⅝	86¾	— ⅛	Chesapeake & Ohio.	100	62,793,700	Sept. 30, '09.	1	..	86¼	87	84⅞	86⅝	53⅜	44,800
68⅞	10	74¾	Apr. 1.	57⅛	Feb. 24.	68¾	69	+ 2	Chicago & Alton.	100	19,524,800	Aug. 16, '09.	2	SA	66	68¾	64⅞	68¾	50	2,400
..	..	21¼	Nov. 4.	18⅜	Oct. 29.	19⅝	20	— ¼	Chi. Great Western, 3d as. pd.	100	44,465,100	.....	..	..	20	20	19	20	..	4,200
..	..	35⅞	Nov. 4.	30	Oct. 7.	33¼	34½	— ½	Chi. Great Western pf. A, tr. rcts.	100	11,372,400	.....	..	..	33	33	33	33	..	100
..	..	26½	Nov. 15.	22⅜	Oct. 27.	25½	26	— ¼	Chi. Great West. pf. B, 3d as. pd.	100	23,124,800	.....	..	..	25	25½	25	25½	..	500
152½	103½	165⅛	Sept. 18.	141	Feb. 23.	154⅞	155¼	— 1	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.	100	116,348,200	Sept. 1, '09.	3½	SA	155½	156	153¼	155	150¼	61,050
164⅜	138	181	Aug. 18.	158½	Mar. 15.	171⅝	172	— 2½	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf.	100	116,274,900	Sept. 1, '09.	3½	SA	173¼	173½	171	172	163	3,300
185½	135½	198½	Aug. 18.	173½	Feb. 24.	178	178½	— 4½	Chicago & Northwestern.	100	99,618,500	July 1, '09.	3½	Q	182½	182½	175	178¼	173¾	18,587
224	195	228	Aug. 12.	208	Mar. 15.	225	230	— 1	Chicago & Northwestern pf.	100	22,395,100	Oct. 1, '09.	2	Q	221	225	221	225	..	200
7⅛	2½	7	Jan. 4.	4	July 6.	4	5	— ½	Chicago Union Traction tr. rcts.	100	16,862,900	.....	..	..	4⅛	4⅛	4	4	4⅝	300
18	9	18¼	Jan. 27.	9	Dec. 2.	8¾	10½	— ½	Chicago Union Trac. pf. tr. rcts.	100	11,344,900	.....	..	..	9	11	9	9½	13¼	1,450
70½	47¼	79½	Feb. 16.	68	Jan. 30.	76	77	+ ½	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis.	100	47,056,300	Mar. 2, '08.	1	..	75	76	74	76	68½	1,000
205	179¾	265	Nov. 20.	205	Feb. 23.	250	258	— 7	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis pf.	100	18,000,000	Oct. 20, '09.	1¼	Q	105	105	104⅞	105	..	400
42	15⅜	52⅜	Nov. 19.	29	Feb. 23.	50¾	50⅞	+ 2½	Colorado Fuel & Iron.	100	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02.	1⅝	..	112⅜	115	112⅜	115	40	23,350
75	35	115	Nov. 20.	67	Mar. 30.	115	120	+ 2	Colorado Fuel & Iron pf.	100	2,000,000	Feb. 20, '03.	4	..	55	57½	54¼	57½	53½	2,150
59	21	68¼	Jan. 8.	51	Oct. 23.	57½	57¾	+ 2½	Colorado Southern.	100	31,000,000	Dec. 15, '08.	2	A	55	57½	54¼	57½	53½	2,150
79	50⅜	86	May 1.	76¼	Jan. 7.	81	82	— ¼	Colorado Southern 1st pf.	100	8,500,000	Oct. 1, '09.	2	SA	81¼	81½	81	81½	70⅞	1,150
76	39⅜	84½	Jan. 7.	75¾	Jan. 2.	80	81	+ ¼	Colorado Southern 2d pf.	100	8,500,000	Oct. 1, '09.	2	SA	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼	64½	500
27¼	14⅜	88½	Nov. 19.	21⅝	Feb. 23.	87	87½	+ 2½	Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron.	100	6,961,200	Mar. 1, '04.	¼	Q	85⅛	87¼	84⅜	87¼	26¼	8,450
163¼	96	163¼	Jan. 4.	114⅞	Feb. 24.	151½	151⅝	+ 3⅜	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,781,000	Sep. 15, '09.	1	Q	147⅞	152	145½	151½	103	79,870
20½	10⅝	20¾	June 2.	16⅛	Feb. 24.	21⅜	22	— ¼	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,756,500	.....	..	..	21¾	22	21⅜	21⅝	18½	6,310
80	56	93½	June 1.	73¼	Feb. 24.	83½	84½	— ⅝	Corn Products Refining Co. pf.	100	20,797,600	Oct. 11, '09.	1	Q	85	85	84	84	76	800
181⅝	141¼	200	May 14.	167¾	Feb. 24.	182¾	183½	— ¼	**Delaware & Hudson.**	100	42,501,000	Sept. 20, '09.	2¼	Q	182¾	183	180	183	176	3,500
40½	14¼	54	Apr. 20.	37⅜	Jan. 6.	49½	49¾	+ 2¼	Denver & Rio Grande.	100	38,000,000	.....	..	..	47½	50¼	47	49¾	35½	26,920
83¼	39¼	90	Feb. 10.	70¼	Jan. 6.	86	88½	+ 1⅝	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	45,772,400	July 15, '09.	2½	SA	84½	86¾	84	86⅛	80	2,350
56	32½	71⅜	Aug. 13.	56	Jan. 30.	65	67¼	..	Detroit United Railway.	100	12,500,000	Aug. 1, '07.	1¼	..	62	62	62	62	..	34
38⅜	27¼	41⅞	May 25.	32½	Feb. 23.	36	36¼	..	Distillers' Securities Corporation.	100	30,764,500	Oct. 30, '09.	½	Q	36⅛	37	35⅜	36¾	34½	2,600
18⅜	6	21	Jan. 15.	14¼	Nov. 9.	16	16⅜	— 1¼	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.	100	12,000,000	.....	..	..	15	16½	14⅞	16½	17	1,222
33¾	11¾	36½	Jan. 15.	28	Feb. 23.	30⅛	32	+ 1½	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic pf.	100	10,000,000	.....	..	..	30½	30½	30½	30½	32	100
..	..	88	Oct. 27.	87½	Nov. 6.	87¾	88	..	Du pont De N. Powder Co. pf.	100	13,692,900	Oct. 15, '09.	1¼	Q	88	88	88	88	..	350
36	12	39	June 7.	22⅝	Mar. 11.	33¼	33⅜	..	**Erie**	100	112,378,900	.....	..	..	32⅞	33¼	32¼	33¼	33½	10,000
51⅝	24⅜	56¾	Aug. 9.	36½	Mar. 11.	47⅝	47¾	+ ¼	Erie 1st pf.	100	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07.	2	..	47	47⅝	46¼	47⅝	48¼	1,925
41	16	46	Aug. 2.	28½	Mar. 11.	39	40	— 1⅛	Erie 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07.	2	..	39½	39½	38	39	39¼	1,200
85	79	85	Feb. 4.	85	Feb. 4.	80	90	..	Evansville & Terre Haute pf.	50	1,284,000	Oct. 15, '09.	2½	SA	85	85	85	85	..	100
89	59	94	Aug. 11.	80	Feb. 24.	88	89	— 1⅝	**Federal Mining & Smelting pf.**	100	12,000,000	Sept. 15, '09.	1¾	Q	88	88½	88	88½	86	300
65	50	95	Aug. 27.	61	Jan. 21.	91	93	— ½	**General Chemical Co.**	100	7,410,300	Dec. 1, '09.	1	Q	92	92⅞	92	92½	..	400
99	92½	108	Aug. 5.	98¼	Jan. 6.	104	105	+ ¾	General Chemical Co. pf.	100	12,500,000	Oct. 1, '09.	1½	Q	103	105	104	105	..	610
162¾	111	172¾	Aug. 12.	150⅝	Feb. 23.	159	160	+ ½	General Electric Co.	100	65,370,600	Oct. 15, '09.	2	Q	161	161½	158	159½	157½	6,592
148¼	113¾	157⅛	Aug. 12.	136⅝	Feb. 24.	143⅝	143¾	+ ⅞	Great Northern pf.	100	209,950,400	Nov. 1, '09.	1¾	Q	142⅝	143¾	140	143½	143⅜	32,999
75⅛	48½	88½	Aug. 12.	65⅛	Mar. 12.	80¾	80⅞	+ ¼	Great Northern ctfs. for ore prop.	...	.....	Sept. 15, '09.	$1	..	80⅜	81	77⅛	80¾	73	19,413
40	20	88¼	Dec. 3.	39	Feb. 1.	88½	89	+ 6⅜	**Havana Electric Ry.**	100	7,500,000	Nov. 13, '09.	1	Q	83	88¼	83	88¼	34	2,615
84	70	96	Dec. 3.	83½	Feb. 5.	95	..	+ 7½	Havana Electric Ry. pf.	100	5,000,000	Nov. 13, '09.	1½	Q	96	96	95	96	84	500
93	69	94½	June 11.	88	Apr. 27.	87⅜	90	..	Hocking Valley pf.	100	15,000,000	July 13, '09.	2	SA	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜	90	100
96½	67	93	May 10.	73¼	Nov. 29.	76	81	— 1⅜	Homestake Mining.	100	21,840,000	Nov. 26, '09.	50c	M	73¼	73¼	73¼	73¼	96¼	180
149⅜	122½	162⅛	Aug. 12.	137	Feb. 23.	146	147	— 2	**Illinois Central.**	100	109,270,400	Sept. 1, '09.	3½	SA	146	146	145	145	147½	800
20	6¾	25	Dec. 4.	11⅝	Mar. 23.	24⅝	24⅜	+ 1⅞	Interborough-Metropolitan	100	93,262,100	.....	..	..	23¼	25	22	24⅜	14½	121,580
49½	17⅜	58⅜	Dec. 4.	36⅜	Mar. 23.	57⅜	58¼	+ 2⅜	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	45,740,000	July 1, '07.	1¼	..	55½	58⅝	53⅜	58	36	57,700
67⅝	52	112½	Nov. 20.	62	Jan. 30.	107⅜	108½	— ½	International Harvester.	100	60,000,000	.....	..	..	107	108⅛	102½	108	64	3,173
110¼	99	126½	Nov. 6.	109¼	Jan. 16.	122⅜	124	+ 1	International Harvester pf.	100	60,000,000	Dec. 1, '09.	1¾	Q	123	124	122	124	108¾	1,000
13¾	8	19¼	Aug. 24.	9½	Mar. 13.	14½	14⅝	— ⅛	International Paper Co.	100	17,442,900	.....	..	..	15⅜	15⅝	14⅞	15	12	700
65	47	69¾	Aug. 3.	47¾	Mar. 18.	58½	59	— 2¼	International Paper Co. pf.	100	22,539,700	Oct. 15, '09.	½	Q	59⅜	59½	57⅝	57¾	56⅞	950
39⅞	13	54¼	Nov. 12.	33⅛	Feb. 25.	51⅝	51⅞	+ 1⅝	International Steam Pump Co.	100	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05.	½	..	50½	52	48¾	51¾	30¼	11,250
84½	65	91⅜	Sept. 20.	82¼	Jan. 30.	89½	90	..	International Steam Pump Co. pf.	100	11,350,000	Nov. 1, '09.	1¾	Q	88⅜	89½	88½	89½	79⅜	1,145
32½	10	36	Apr. 15.	26¾	Nov. 27.	28¾	29¼	+ 1¼	Iowa Central.	100	8,524,400	.....	..	..	27¼	28¾	27¼	28¾	31	2,400
57	27½	62	Apr. 15.	48	Sept. 9.	52	52½	+ 3⅜	Iowa Central pf.	100	5,673,300	May 1, '00.	1½	..	49⅞	52½	48⅜	52½	49	5,500
75½	57	82	Sept. 14.	74	Mar. 23.	80	80½	..	**Kan. City, Ft. Scott & Mem. pf.**	100	13,510,000	Oct. 1, '09.	1	Q	80	80	80	80	73½	300
42⅜	18	50¼	Aug. 18.	37	Feb. 23.	43⅝	43¾	— ¾	Kansas City Southern.	100	30,000,000	.....	..	..	44	44	42¼	43½	30⅞	8,700
72⅛	46	75½	Aug. 18.	67⅞	Feb. 24.	69	70½	— ½	Kansas City Southern pf.	100	21,000,000	Oct. 15, '09.	1	Q	71	71	70¼	70¾	68⅛	200
10	3¾	11⅞	Nov. 19.	5	Mar. 24.	8½	10	+ 1	Keokuk & Des Moines.	100	2,600,400	.....	..	..	9½	9½	9½	9½	..	100
..	..	110½	Nov. 20.	104	June 25.	109¼	109⅝	— ⅜	**Laclede Gas Co.**	100	8,500,000	Sept. 15, '09.	1½	Q	110	110	109¼	109⅜	..	8,800
26	12	29½	Aug. ..	19½	Feb. 25.	24½	25	+ ½	Lake Erie & Western.	100	11,840,000	.....	..	..	24	24½	24	24½	23½	500
58	34	64⅞	June 14.	48	Jan. 23.	58	59	..	Lake Erie & Western pf.	100	11,840,000	Jan. 15, '08.	1	..	57	58½	55

CHARTERED 1866.

Brooklyn Trust Company

177 Montague Street, 1205 Fulton Street, Brooklyn
Cor. Wall St. & Broadway, Manhattan.

Capital $1,000,000
Undivided Profits, $2,208,113

OFFICERS:
Theodore F. Miller, President.
Samuel W. Boocock, Vice President.
Alexander M. White, Vice President.
David H. Lanman, Treasurer.
S. W. Husted, Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

Thomas T. Barr	Theodore F. Miller
Samuel W. Boocock	Willis L. Ogden
George W. Chauncey	Joseph E. Owens
William N. Dykman,	John J. Pierrepont
William Hester	Charles M. Pratt
Francis L. Hine	George G. Reynolds
William A. Jamison	Charles A. Schieren
David H. Lanman	Edward M. Shepard
Frank Lyman	J. H. Walbridge
Howard W. Maxwell	Alexander M. White
Willis D. Wood	

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
16 NASSAU ST., New York. 33 LOMBARD ST London, E. C.
Capital.....$2,000,197
Surplus and undivided Profits.... 8,291,000

Chicago, Dec. 2, 1909.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF

THE CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held on the 17th day of November, 1909, the following resolutions were adopted:

"Resolved, That to obtain funds for the purpose of constructing, improving, and equipping its railway there be issued an additional amount of common stock equal to twenty-five per cent. of the total preferred and common shares now outstanding;

"Resolved, That all stockholders of the Company shall be entitled to subscribe to such additional stock at the rate of $100 per share to the extent of twenty-five per cent. of their respective holdings as shown upon the stock books at the close of business on Monday, the 20th day of January, 1910, and that the right to such subscription shall terminate with Monday, the 14th day of February, 1910, on or before which last-mentioned day payments for all amounts subscribed shall be made.

"Certificates of stock for the amounts so said shall be issued and dated on February 24, 1910, for all full shares, which stock shall be entitled to all dividends thereafter paid, and scrip certificates, which will pass by delivery, but which will not be entitled to participate in dividends, shall be issued for fractions of shares.

"Such certificates shall be exchangeable for stock certificates for amounts aggregating a full share or a multiple thereof, providing such exchange be made on or before September 1, 1910. After that date no exchange shall be made, but fractions shall be redeemable at their proportionate value at the rate of $100 per share.

"The Board of Directors shall have power to sell or dispose of such stock as may not be subscribed for by stockholders, or, if subscribed for by them, shall not be paid for, in such manner and at such price, but not less than $100 per share, as may in their judgment be deemed best."

To carry the foregoing resolutions into effect the transfer books of the stocks of the Company will be closed upon Monday, January 10, 1910, and will reopen on Tuesday, the 15th day of February, 1910.

Warrants representing the subscription rights to the additional stock authorized by such resolutions, accompanied by a circular containing full explanations, will be mailed by the Treasurer to stockholders as soon as possible after the closing of the transfer books upon January 10, 1910.

By order of the Board of Directors.
MARVIN HUGHITT, President.
JOHN D. CALDWELL, Secretary.

ADJUSTMENT PLAN OF

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

TO DEPOSITORS OF:

First Mortgage Four Per Cent Bonds
and
General Mortgage Five Per Cent Bonds,
under said plan, dated July 1, 1909:

Notice is hereby given that upon presentation and surrender of the certificates of deposit issued in exchange for the above mentioned bonds, respectively, at the office of the depositary named in such certificates respectively, on and after the 6th day of December, 1909, the holders of certificates of deposit for FIRST MORTGAGE FOUR PER CENT. BONDS will receive the bonds therein described, duly stamped as provided in the Plan, and bearing all unmatured coupons, and also, in the case of such certificate holders as have not presented their certificates for the endorsement of the payment of the interest due October 1, 1909, the amount of the coupons which matured on said date; and the holders of certificates of deposit for said GENERAL MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. BONDS, upon surrendering their certificates, duly endorsed in blank, will receive in amount of Seaboard Air Line Railway Adjustment Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds or bond scrip equal, dollar for dollar, to the amount of General Mortgage Bonds named in the certificate of deposit, plus the face amount of the coupons thereunto belonging which matured on February 1, 1908, August 1, 1908, February 1, 1909, and August 1, 1909.

By order of the Committee under said Plan.
D. C. PORTEOUS, Secretary.
Dated New York, December 2, 1909.

REDEMPTION
OF
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF
The Equitable Illuminating Gas Light Company of Philadelphia.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage of THE EQUITABLE ILLUMINATING GAS LIGHT COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA, dated February 1st, 1895, One Hundred and Ninety-eight (198) Bonds were this day drawn in accordance with the requirements of Article Third of the Mortgage, being bonds numbered:

66	1523	2308	2901	4231	4895	5850	6384
67	1524	2309	2919	4262	4897	5855	6385
139	1536	2311	2924	4313	4973	5856	6388
151	1559	2315	2930	4365	4988	5875	6497
199	1609	2318	3102	4374	4995	5969	6500
282	1664	2331	3127	4404	4996	5976	6524
433	1672	2352	3152	4425	5037	5977	6562
464	1741	2353	3255	4469	5219	5978	6563
550	1748	2395	3333	4470	5227	5979	6631
558	1749	2421	3389	4471	5307	5980	6704
591	1752	2442	3447	4487	5432	5981	6715
633	1754	2452	3535	4517	5433	6011	6815
685	1813	2571	3583	4537	5434	6053	6885
744	1814	2604	3691	4592	5435	6074	6900
756	1850	2607	3727	4593	5436	6120	7134
963	1878	2629	3744	4595	5437	6133	7168
1052	1896	2737	3783	4607	5447	6134	7230
1078	1904	2760	3837	4753	5449	6211	7276
1086	2085	2771	3883	4759	5451	6246	7322
1168	2133	2778	3921	4760	5505	6290	7333
1169	2139	2875	4043	4770	5537	6315	7342
1175	2201	2876	4164	4776	5637	6316	7406
1202	2227	2892	4186	4792	5639	6327	7410
1204	2267	2894	4187	4796	5714	6369	
1371	2295	2895	4207	4889	5776	6388	

These bonds will be paid at 105 and accrued interest to January 1st, 1910, on presentation at the office of The New York Trust Company No. 26 Broad Street, New York City, on and after January 3rd, 1910. Interest will cease on the above bonds on January 1st, 1910.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
December 1st, 1909.

TO THE AMERICAN STOCKHOLDERS OF THE HARNEY PEAK TIN MINING, MILLING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given, that a plan has been lodged with the Central Trust Company of New York, pursuant to which, on compliance with its conditions on or before January 1, 1910, you will be entitled to exchange your shares in the Harney Peak Tin Mining, Milling and Manufacturing Company for shares of the Pahasa Mining Company.

Copies of the plan can be obtained at the office of the Trust Company on application.

Dated New York, October 25, 1909.
LOUIS [illegible]
JOF[illegible]

Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. §Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Quotation Dec. 4, 1909. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cit. R.&L.	$10,761,163	1	V	July 1, 09	57	58
Do preferred	6,906,177	1½	Q	Oct. 1, 09	98	100
Albany So. 5s...	1,250,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	95	98
Ariz. Power....	3,000,000	V	V	V	22	26
Do preferred	750,000	V	V	V	45	48¼
Do 1st 6s, '33	1,650,000	V	V	V	86	90
Atl. Av. 5s, '31	2,241,000	2	S	Oct. 1, 09	97	100
Atlantic Cst. El. Ry. 1st 5s, '45.	920,000	V	V	V	85	..
Atlantic Sh. L. 4s, '26.....	1,500,000	V	V	V	..	60
Augusta R.&E.5s	1,000,000	V	V	V	100	101
Aur., El. & Chi.	3,100,000	¾	Q	Oct. 9, 09	47½	48
Do preferred	3,100,000	1¼	Q	Oct. 9, 09	90	92
Do 1st 5s, '41	3,000,000	2½	S	Oct 15, 09	99¾	100½
Do1st rf 5s,'46	1,300,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	..	92¾
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46	823,000	2½	S	Nov 1 09	97½	100
Bangor R. & E. 1st con. 5s,'35.	1,851,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	103	..
Binghamt'n Ry. 1st con. 5s,'31	1,000,000	V	V	V	..	101½
Birmingham R. & E. Co. 5s...	957,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	103	106
Birmingham R., L.& P. Co.4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	Oct. 1, 09	91	92½
Do 6s.....	1,300,000	3	S	Nov, 1909	102½	106
Bleecker St.&F. Ferry stock..	900,000	¾	S	May, 1908	17	21
Do 1st 4s,1950	700,000	2	S	Jan. 1, 09	60	70
B'way& 7th Av.	2,100,000	2½	Q	Jan., 1909	140	145
Do 2d 5s,1914	500,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	100	102
B'way Surface guar.1st 5s,'24	1,500,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	102	104
B., B. & W. E. gen. 5s, 1933..	250,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	95	101
B'klyn C.R.($10)	12,500,000	2½	Q	Oct., 1909	196	199
Buff. & L. Erie Trac. 5s.....	5,005,000	V	V	V	..	86
Buff. & Lock. Ry. 5s of '38..	500,000	2½	S	July, 1909	100	101
Buff. Cross'n 5s	2,974,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	106½	107½
Buff. Gen.El.5s	2,375,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	102	103
Buff. & L. E. Tract. 5s, '36.	5,005,000	V	V	V	85	87
Buf. & Niag. F. E. L. & P. 5s.	500,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	98	..
Cen. Crosstown Do 1st 6s,1922	600,000	3¾	Q	Oct., 1909	..	250
Charleston Con. Ry, G & El($50)	250,000	3	S	Nov., 1909	..	95
Do con 5s, '99	1,713,000	V	V	V	25	30
C'ston City Ry. 1st 5s of '28..	780,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	88½	90
Chattan'ga Rys	2,000,000	2½	..	July, 1909	102½	103½
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¼	Q	Oct. 1, 09	38	40
Do 1st 5s, '56	2,171,000	2½	S	Nov. 1, 09	98	99
Clev., Painsv. & East. 1st 5s,'16	500,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	93	100
Cleve. Ry. 5s, '12	2,128,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	98	99½
Cleveland, El. & W. 5s....	1,073,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	83	90
Columbia G.&E.	50,000,000	..	..	.....	22	24
Do 1st 5s, '27	14,080,500	..	S	July 1, 09	69	71
Colum's, New'k & Z. 1st 5s...	1,250,000	5	A	Mar, 1909	95½	96½
Conn. R. & L. 1st 4½s, 1951, st. red m'ble..	10,682,000	2¼	S	J. & J.	101½	102½
Do unstamp.	1,809,378	2½	S	J. & J.	102	103
C. P. N. & E.R.	1,800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	30	50
Chris. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	Jan., 1909	85	90
Col. Sp. El. 5s.	V	V	V	V	..	100
Col. Sp.L.&P.5s	V	V	V	V	96	99
Coney Isl. & B.	2,983,000	2	Q	Feb. 1, 07	75	85
Do 1st con. 4s	2,000,000	2	S	July 1, 09	80	84
Con. Gas,E.L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	7,151,000	2¼	S	July, 1909	83½	85
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2	S	Jul 15, 09	76	77
Do 1st 5s,1933	15,000,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	105¾	106½
Dallas E. C. 1st col. tr. 5s, '22	3,836,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	93	95
Dayton Ltg. 5s	2,235,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	98¼	98½
Detroit Ed'n 5s	8,284,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	99½	101½
Dry D., E. B. & B. 1st 5s, 1932	950,000	2½	S	Dec., 1908	97½	99½
Do 5% sc.,1914	1,100,000	2½	S	Feb., 1909	45	52
Duluth Ed. El. Co. 1st 5s. '31.	1,127,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	98	100
East Penn. Rys. 1st 5s, '36.....	2,905,500	V	V	V	86	93
Economy L.&P. 1st mtg. 5s, '56	1,546,000	2½	S	J. & D.	95	96
Ed'n El.(L.Ang.) pf. stock.....	V	V	V	V	82½	83½
1st ref. 5s, '22	9,327,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	100	..
Eighth Av.R.R.	1,000,000	¾	Q	Apr., 1909	250	300
Elmira Water, L. & R. R. 1st mtg. 5s.....	V	V	V	V	100	103
Do con. 5s....	V	V	V	V	93	93½
El Paso El. 5s.	1,000,000	2½	S	July, 1909	97½	100
42d St. & Gr.St.	748,000	4½	Q	Feb., 1909	210	230
42d St., M. & St. N.Av.1st 6s,'10	1,200,000	3	S	Mar, 1909	99½	100½
Do inc.6s,1915	1,500,000	..	..	.....	50	75
Gd. Rap.-Musk. P. 1st 5s, '31.	2,013,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	98	100
Gd. Rapids Ry.	2,000,000	1	Q	Dec., 1909	110	112
Do preferred	1,500,000	1¼	Q	Aug 2, 09	85	90
Do 1st 5s, '16	3,372,000	2½	S	Jun 1, 09	100	101½
Gt. W. Pow. 5s	9,300,000	V	V	V	93	96
Hamburg Ry.4s	V	V	V	V	..	86
Helena R. & L.	561,000	V	..	.....	40	50
Do 5s cum.pf.	374,000	V	V	V	75	80
Do 5s of '25..	860,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	92	96
H. River Tun.: H. & M. R. R. 4½s, '57.....	57,000,000	2¼	S	Aug, 1909	85	86
N.Y. & N.J.5s,'32	V	V	V	V	102½	104
Ind. Un. Tract. Co. 1st 5s, '35.	1,250,000	..	..	.....	70	77
Int.Ry. of Buff. Buf. Div. con. 5s, 1931.....	4,706,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	107½	108½
Do deb.6s,'17	1,000,000	3	S	Oct., 1909	107	108
L.&O.Div.1st5s	800,000	2½	S	July, 1909	99½	101
B.&L.Div.1st5s	500,000	2½	S	July, 1909	100½	..
B. & N.F. Div. 1st 5s.....	750,000	2½	S	July, 1909	105½	107
Inter. Trac. col. tr. 4s, '49.....	17,955,000	2	S	July, 1909	68	69
J. C., H. & P. 4s	14,061,000	2	S	Nov, 1909	78	79
Kan. C. R&L pf	9,522,000	1¼	Q	Dec., 1909	76½	78¼
Do 1st l.r.5s	9,220,000	2½	S	Nov 15,09	96¼	97
Kan. C. West.5s	1,650,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	90	94
*Knoxville R. & L. Co. 5s.....	1,932,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	94	98
Knoxv. Trac.5s	824,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	105½	..
Leav'worth L., H. & P. 5s.	V	V	V	V	..	96
Little Rock R. & Elec. Co. 5s	.....	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	103	104½
*Do 6s.....	365,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 09	103	106
Lock. &O. 1st 5s	800,000	2½	S	July, 1909	99	100
Memph. St.R.5s	7,394,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	99	100
Mil. L., H. & T. 1st 5s of '29..	5,000,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	..	105
Minn. Gen. El. 1st con. 5s, '33	5,486,000	2½	S	Jun, 1908	99½	101
Minn. St. Ry. 5s	4,208,900	2½	S	Jul 15, 09	104½	105¼
Mobile Elec. Co.	950,000	V	V	V	..	20
Do preferred.	500,000	V	V	V	..	85
Do 1st 5s, '46	1,355,000	V	V	V	..	95
Nashv. R. & L.	4,000,000	1	S	July 1, 09	53	53
Do preferred	2,500,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	87	89
Do con. 5s..	4,054,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	103	105
Do ref. 5s....	1,785,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	93	94
Nassau L & P5s	547,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	99	101½
N. News & O. P. R. & El. 5s,'41	1,700,000	2½	S	V	93½	95
Ninth Avenue.	800,000	2	Q	Apr., 1909	150	170
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes, 1912....	2,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Nor. Hudson Co Ry. ext. 5s....	100,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	100	..
Nor. Jer. St.Ry.						

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Quotation Dec. 4, 1909. Bid.	Asked.
1st 4s, 1948...	15,000,000	2	S	May, 1909	79¼	79¾
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	V	V	V	99½	101
Okla. G. & El..	700,000	V	V	V	88	91
Do 7% cum. pf	1,000,000	V	V	V	95	98
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28.	6,533,000	2½	S	July, 1909	97	99
O. & C. B. St.R. & B. 1st 5s,'28	1,616,000	2½	S	July, 1909	98	100
Omaha El. L. & P. 1st g. 5s, '33	1,143,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	98	100
Oreg. Elec. Ry..	2,000,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	96½	98
Pacific Lt. & P. 1st 5s, '42.	2,350,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	98	102
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st 5s, '30.	6,724,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Port. R., L. & P. 5% notes, '10..	1,000,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	99¾	100½
Port. Gen. El.5s	6,056,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	101	103
Pub. Ser. Corp, Do certs.....	18,461,200	1	Q	Jun 30, 09	116	117
	19,730,570	2	S	Sep 31,09	100	100¾
Pug. Sd. E. R..	3,500,000	..	..	.....	38	40
Do preferred.	3,000,000	3	S	July, 1909	86	88
Do 1st c.5s,'32.	4,179,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	95	98
Rochester Ry..	5,000,000	1	Q	Jun, 1909	105	110
Do preferred.	2,250,000	1¼	Q	Sep. 1, 09	93	96
††Do c. 5s, '30.	3,000,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	105	106½
††Do 2d 5s, '33	1,500,000	2½	S	Jun, 1909	102	..
Rutland R., L. & P. 1st5s,1946	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	98
St. Jos.(Mo.)R., L., H. & P. 5s	4,250,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	100	102½
San Diego Con. G. & E.....	700,000	1¾	Q	Jun, 1909	78	82
Do preferred.	1,000,000	1¾	Q	Jun, 1909	93½	97½
Do 1st 5s, '39.	1,650,000	2½	S	Sep 1, 09	97	99
Savan. El. Co. 1st con. 5s, '52	2,051,000	2½	S	July, 1909	79	81
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23.....	1,600,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	98	100
Scranton El. 5s	1,622,000	2½	S	July, 1909	101½	102½
Scran. Ry. ($50)	4,500,000	V	V	V	55	..
Do pf., ($50).	1,500,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	102½	125
Do 1st 5s, '32	900,000	2½	S	July, 1909	100¼	101½
Do con. 5s....	1,100,000	2½	S	July, 1909	100¼	101½
Seabeach 1st 4s	650,000	2	S	Au. 31, 09	75	85
Seattle Elec....	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 15, 09	116	118
Do preferred.	5,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 09	103	104
Do 1st 5s, '30.	4,565,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	105	106
Seat. Ltg. 5s,'44	2,003,000	2½	S	Sep, 1909	100	101
Seat.-Tac. Pow. 1st 5s, '25.....	1,982,000	2½	S	Jun, 1909	100	101½
Second Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 4, 08	17	19½
Do 1st con. 5s	5,184,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 08	68	74
Do 1st 5s,1909	1,600,000	2½	S	May, 1908	97	101
Do deb. 5s, '09	216,000	2½	S	July, 1908	75	80
Sixth Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	..	.....	110	126
S. Boul. 5s, 1945	250,000	2½	S	July, 1909	88	92
So. Ferry 1st 5s	350,000	2½	S	Apr., 1909	88	93
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s	3,941,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	98	100
Springfield R. & L. 5s.....	2,700,000	2½	S	Jun 1, 09	96	97½
Stein'y Ry.1st 6s	1,500,000	3	S	July, 1909	103	106
Syracuse R. T. Do preferred	2,750,000	3	..	Feb., 1909	69	..
	1,250,000	1½	Q	July, 1909	103	..
Do gen. 5s,'46	2,500,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	103	103½
Tampa Elec. 5s	600,000	2½	S	J. & D.	95	99
T'town. W. P.&L. M. 1st 5s, 1928	300,000	2½	S	V	50	80
34th St.Crosst'n 1st guar.5s,'96	1,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	..	75
28th & 29th St. 1st 5s, 1996..	1,500,000	2½	S	Apr., 1909	25	35
23d Street.....	600,000	4½	Q	Jan., 1908	200	230
Tri-City R. &L.	9,000,000	V	V	V	21½	25
Do preferred	2,826,000	6	A	V	91½	93
United E. L. & P. (Balt.) 1st 4½s, '29.....	4,500,000	..	S	Nov 1, 09	93½	96
Union Ry. 5s..	2,000,000	2	S	Aug, 1909	100	101
Un. G. & El. of N. J. 5s.....	.....	V	V	V	..	100
Va. Ry. & P. 5s	7,542,000	2½	S	July, 1909	91	93
Wash., Alex. & Mt. V. Ry. 5s.	2,410,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	97½	98
Do stock....	1,500,000	1	S	July, 1909	58	60
Wash., Balt. & A. 1st 5s.....	V	V	V	V	64	66
Wash. R. & L..	6,500,000	..	..	.....	40	42½
Do preferred	8,500,000	2½	S	Jun, 1909	90	93
††Do. gen. 4s	8,392,300	2	S	Nov, 1909	86	88
W'chest. El. 5s	500,000	2½	S	July, 1909	60	75
West'n Power..	12,000,000	V	V	V	37½	39
Do 6% cum. pf	5,100,000	V	V	V	58	59½
WestSideRR.5s	V	V	V	V	99	102
Yonkers Ry. 5s	1,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	80	86

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Alaska Packers	$5,750,000	¾	M	Sep 30, 05	83¾	84½
Amer. Chicle...	6,000,000	12	M	Nov 20,09	220	225
Do preferred	3,000,000	1½	Q	July 1, 09	104	107
††Am. Malt. 6s.	3,893,000	3	S	Nov, 1909	101	103
Am. Screw.....	3,250,000	2	Q	Oct. 1, 09	162	165
Am. Shipbuild'g Do preferred	7,600,000	1	Q	Sep., 1909	63½	65
	7,900,000	1¾	Q	July, 1909	108	110¼
Am. Type F'd's Do preferred	4,000,000	1	Q	Oct 15, 09	43	48
	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 15, 09	97	101
Am. Un. Telph. (H'sb'g) 5s, '57	25,000,000	V	V	V	47½	51
Am. Writ. Pap Do preferred	9,500,000	..	..	.....	2	4
	12,500,000	1	S	Oct. 1, 09	24	26
††Do 1st5s,'19	17,000,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	87	89
Assoc. Oil.....	40,000,000	1½	V	Mar 1, 07	46	47
Babcock & Wilcox, stk.....	15,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 10, 09	103	107
Barney& Smith Car 5s of '36..	2,000,000	V	V	V	90	97
Bliss & Co.($50)	1,250,000	2½	Q	Oct. 1, 09	132	140
Do pf., ($50).	1,250,000	2	Q	Oct. 1, 09	130	140
Bon Air C. & L. gen. 5s of '34.	413,000	V	V	V	70	85
Do 5s of '36.	780,000	V	V	V	50	60
Bord. C. Milk..	21,250,000	4	S	Aug 14,09	120	123
Do preferred	7,500,000	1½	Q	Dec 15, 09	106	109
Case, Th. Mach. 1st 5s.....	3,200,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	99	100
Celluloid	5,925,000	1½	Q	Oct. 1, 09	130	135
Cen. Coal & Coke	5,125,000	1½	Q	Oct 15, 09	86	87
Do preferred.	1,875,000	1¼	Q	Oct 15, 09	85	86
Cen. Fireworks.	1,406,150	½	S	V	6	7
Do preferred.	1,267,200	3½	S	Sep. 1, 09	50	58
Cent. Fdy.....	6,650,000	..	..	.....	2½	3½
Cent. Fdy. pf..	6,650,000	..	..	.....	10	14
††Cent. Fdy. 6s.	3,880,500	3	S	Nov, 1909	67	70
Cen. Un. Telph.	5,450,927	1	Q	Apr., 1896	35	38
Do 1st 6s.....	2,500,000	3	S	July 1, 09	102½	104
Do 5s of '99..	3,500,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	98	100
Cheseb'gh Mfg.	500,000	10	Q	Sep 15, 09	570	600
Chi. Pneu. Tool	6,113,800	1	Q	Oct 25, 07	38	39½
Chic. Subw. 5s.	15,600,000	2½	S	V	38	42½
Clev'd Furnace	1,000,000	V	V	V	165	210
Col. & Hocking C. & I. pf.....	200,000	1½	Q	Oct. 1, 09	80	95
Do 5s of '17..	691,000	2½	S	July, 1909	89	95
Do 6s of '36..	1,000,000	3	S	July, 1909	100	104
Con. Coal4½s,'34	4,675,000	V	V	V	95¼	..
Con. Ry., Ltg. & Refrig.....	22,000,000	V	V	V	½	1½
Con. Rub. Tire.	5,149,500	..	..	.....	2	4
Do preferred.	1,149,500	1½	..	Dec., 1909	10	20
Do deb. 4s....	3,865,000	3½	..	Apr. 1, 09	25	35
Con. Tel. (Buf.) 5s, '31.....	3,500,000	V	V	V	9	12
Con. Tel. (Pa.) 5s, '31.....	2,270,000	V	V	V	47	50
Cudahy Pkg. 5s	4,000,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	99	100
CumberlandTel. & Tel.....	20,000,000	2	Q	Oct. 1, 09	146½	148
Cuyah'a Tel. Co (Overl'd) 1st 5s	3,500,000	V	V	V	75¾	76
Dolores Mines..	£329,965	4½	Q	Nov 24, 09	6¾	7
Du P. de N. P..	$25,000,000	2	Q	Sep 15, 09	127½	129
Do preferred	14,748,003	1¼	Q	Oct 15, 09	87½	90
Do db.4½s,'36	16,000,000	2¼	S	Jun 1, 09	88	88¾
Empire Steel...	2,500,000	3	S	July 1, 09	15	..
Do preferred	2,500,000	3	S	Jan. 1, 09	73	80
Fair. Coal 5s,'31	5,320,000	2½	S	July, 1909	95	97
Frontier Tel. 5s						

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Quotation Dec. 4, 1909. Bid.	Asked.
(Bur.) of 1922	2,500,000	V	V	V	65	68
Eagle Wh Lead pf.	1,000,000	1½	Q	Oct., 1909	102¼	105
Gt. Lakes Tow.	1,675,000	V	V	V	19½	24
Do preferred	1,952,000	1¾	Q	Oct. 1, 09	94	95
Hav. Tobacco..	30,000,000	..	..	.....	7	8
Do preferred	5,000,000	..	..	.....	15	20
HomeTel.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Northwest Strike Affected Wheat Values Both Ways the Past Week.

The wheat market has been influenced by extraordinary conditions the past week, and factors out of the ordinary have governed the market. The attention of the trade was suddenly directed to the movement in the Northwest where the switchmen of the Northern roads were on strike. The first deduction was bullish as the idea of the interruption of the receipts predominated, but immediately there came a stoppage of the Northwestern flour mills, owing to inability to ship out flour and feed and the bearish tendency prevailed for a time. Finally it was decided that the effect of the strike would be to an extent bullish on the December delivery in that it would check the movement forward for delivery purposes, but, then, the demand being checked through the closing of the mills, operators were somewhat at sea and the movement of the market was not pronounced.

There was a heavy decrease in the Duluth stocks for the week due to the end of navigation shipments, both to Chicago and the East, but it did not mean any increased disappearance, simply a transfer of the place of storage. In Manitoba the movement of grain continued heavy, and there were active shipments from Canadian lake ports also to Eastern markets for Winter distribution and export.

Reports on the position of the new crop as it enters the Winter were very favorable. These reports were issued indicating approximately 2,000,000 acres increase in area over last year, practically regaining the loss in area on account of the drought of the Fall of 1908, while the very favorable conditions for seeding were reflected in the unanimous reports of high condition. The condition of one report was placed at about 98 per cent. and by another at 94 per cent. Last December the Government condition was given at 85.3, and the ten year average at 92.2. It will be seen that the present condition is considered above a ten year figure.

The Government report of the area and condition of the new crop will be issued Dec. 8 and will compare with 29,884,000 acres sown last year, and 31,068,513 acres sown two years ago. The expectation is that the private reports which have been issued will forecast the Government figures both as to the increase in the area and as to the high condition for the growing crop.

The movement of wheat for the week has shown some decrease at Western points, owing to the interruption of the receipts in the Northwest. Shipments from the interior have increased, owing to heavy shipments from Duluth to Eastern points and to Chicago. Opinions differ in quite a pronounced way as to the possible Winter movement, but there are a number of close judges of the market who look for a fairly well maintained movement, due on the one hand to the large crop of Spring wheat yet to be marketed, and on the other to the favorable promise of new Winter wheat. Unless there is some damage during the Winter season, the possible outturn of the Winter crop next year might easily be materially increased over the crop gathered last Summer.

Technically the December position has been very nervous, owing to a short interest and the fact that deliveries were not sufficient to fill the shorts. At Chicago it was admitted that the deliveries would be light until after the close of navigation, as the interests which brought the wheat there for the purpose of delivery were not at all desirous that it should be moved out.

Export demand for wheat has been rather slow and quite spasmodic, due to the irregularity of the markets on cash wheat, owing to the transportation situation, and also there has been quite a little irregularity in the markets abroad. The foreign markets have shown some response to the American fluctuations, but have been more specifically influenced by the reports and offerings of new Argentine wheat. The situation abroad is to a certain extent independent. World's exports have been much heavier than last year, as a result of the enormous Russian shipments. There has resulted an increase in European stocks. With the contracts already made, fairly liberal world's shipments are indicated for some weeks. History shows, however, that there is a decided falling off in the volume of the movement over the New Year, due to the fact that the movement from North America and from Russia usually falls off with the close of navigation while the movement of wheat from Argentina seldom assumes any volume until well into February.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

THE WEEK'S TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS

Total for the Week Ended December 4, $25,281,500

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	92½	92½	92¼	92½	2½
Albany and Susquehanna 3½s	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	3
Allis-Chalmers 5s	84½	84¾	84	84¾	169
American Agricultural Chemical con. 5s	102	102	101⅝	101⅝	10
American Cotton Oil 4½s	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	3
American Hide & Leather 6s	102	102	101⅝	101⅝	14
American Ice Securities 6s	73½	73½	73½	73½	2
American Tel. & Tel. conv. 4s	105	105	104¾	104⅝	753
American Tel. & Tel. col. 4s	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼	1
American Tobacco 4s	79¾	79¾	77	78¾	446
American Tobacco 4s reg	79	79	78½	78½	80
American Tobacco 6s	107¾	107¾	105	105¾	365
American Tobacco 6s reg	105½	105½	104½	105½	1
Ann Arbor 4s	78¼	78¼	78¼	78¼	11
Armour 4½s	93¼	93¾	93¼	93¾	252
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe gen. 4s	99⅞	100	99⅝	100	2,865
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe adj. 4s	94½	94½	94½	94½	3,765
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe adj. 4s. stamped	94½	94½	94½	94½	2
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe conv. 5s	119¼	119¼	119¼	119¼	1
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe conv. 4s	119¼	119¼	118⅝	118⅝	1
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe conv. 4s, 1st pd.	118⅛	118¼	118⅛	118⅛	1
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe, Trans. S. L. 4s	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛	1
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe deb. 4s, Series L.	98	98	98	98	1
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	95	95	95	95	1
Atlantic Coast Line, L. & N. col. 4s	89½	90	89½	89½	1
Baltimore & Ohio gold 4s	99¼	99¼	98¾	99	60
Baltimore & Ohio prior lien 3½s	93	93	92¾	92¾	22
Balt. & Ohio, Southwestern Div. 3½s	90¼	90⅛	89⅝	89⅝	60
Bethlehem Steel 5s	92½	93	92½	93	77
Broadway & 7th Avenue con. 5s	89⅝	89⅞	88¾	89	1
Brooklyn Ferry 5s, tr. r	101½	101⅞	101½	101½	2
Brooklyn City 1st 5s	30½	30½	30½	30½	1
Brooklyn Union Elevated 1st 5s	103	103	103	103	67
Brooklyn Union Gas 5s	102	103¼	102	103	9
Brooklyn Rapid Transit ref. 4s	107½	107⅝	107¼	107⅝	1,108
Brooklyn Rapid Transit gold 5s	86½	87⅝	85½	87¼	1
Bush Terminal 4s	105	105	105	105	6
	90	90	90	90	17
Canada Southern 1st ext. 6s	104¾	104¾	104⅝	104⅝	2
Canada Southern 2d 5s	101¾	101¾	100¾	100¾	1
Central of Georgia consol. 5s	108	108¼	108	108	2
Central of Georgia 1st inc. 5s	88	89⅞	88	88½	24
Central of Georgia 2d inc. 5s	85	87	84	86½	627
Central of Georgia 3d inc. 5s	86	86	86	86	1
Central Leather 5s	84½	87	84½	86	1
Central of New Jersey gen. 5s	99	99	98½	98¾	40
Central Pacific gtd. 4s	124¾	124¾	124¾	124⅝	35
Central Pacific gtd. 3½s	97	97	96⅞	96⅞	1,243
Central Pacific, through Short Line 4s	88¾	88¾	88¾	88¾	2
Chesapeake & Ohio consol. 5s	90½	92	90½	92	43
Chesapeake & Ohio fund. 5s	113	113½	113½	113½	2
Chesapeake & Ohio gen. 4½s	104	104½	104	104½	16
Chicago & Alton 3s	103⅜	103⅜	102½	102⅜	26
Chicago & Alton 3½s	77	75¼	75¼	75¼	22
Chi., Bur. & Q., Illinois Div. 4s	73¾	73⅞	73½	73½	1
Chi., Bur. & Q., Illinois Div. 3½s	100½	101	100½	100½	5
Chi., Bur. & Q., Denver Div. 4s	89½	89½	89½	89½	8
Chi., Bur. & Q., Nebraska Ext. 4s	99	99	99	99	10
Chi., Bur. & Q. joint 4s	100	100	100	100	39
Chi., Bur. & Q. joint 4s reg	95¾	96¼	95¾	95¾	5
Chi., Bur. & Q. gen. 4s	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾	69
Chi., Bur. & Q. deb. 5s	99¼	99½	99	99½	6
Chicago & Eastern Illinois ref. 4s	101½	101⅝	101¼	101⅝	1
Chicago & Erie 1st 5s	85½	86	85	85	1
Chi., Ind. & Louis. ref. 6s	114	114	114	114	1
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul 4s, 1934	128¾	128⅝	128½	128⅝	1
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul, gen. 3½s, Series B.	93½	93¼	93¼	93¼	1
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul, Chi., P. & W. 5s	89¼	89¼	89	89¼	1
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul, C. & M. River 5s	108⅛	108¼	108⅛	108⅛	1
Chicago & Northwestern con. 7s	119¼	119¼	119¼	119¼	1
Chicago & Northwestern gen. 3½s	113	113	113	113	1
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific ref. 4s	90	90	89¾	89¾	1
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific col. 4s	90¾	91⅛	90¼	91⅛	1
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific col. 5s	77¾	80	77¾	80	1
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific gen. 6s	100	102⅝	99¾	102¼	1
Chi., R. I. & Pacific col. 4s, Series K	111¾	111¾	111¾	111¾	1
Chicago & West Indiana gen. 4s	96	96	96	96	1
Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. L. C., M. & M. 4s	93½	93¼	93¼	93¼	1
Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. L., St. L. Div. 4s	94½	94½	94½	94½	1
Colorado Industrial 5s	95	95	95	94½	1
Colorado Midland 1st 4s	84	84	84	83½	1
Colorado & Southern 4s	81½	81½	80⅞	80⅞	1
Colorado & Southern ref. & ext. 4½s	97½	97½	97	97	1
Consolidated Indiana coal 5s	97¾	97¾	97¼	97½	1
Consolidated Tobacco 4s	94	94	94	94	1
Corn Products ref. 6s, 1934	77¼	77¼	77¼	77¼	1
	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	1
Delaware & Hudson 1st & ref. 4s	100¾	100¾	100⅝	100⅝	1
Delaware & Hudson conv. 4s	102¼	102¼	101½	101½	1
Delaware & Hudson lien equip. 4½s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅜	102⅜	1
Denver & Rio Grande 1st & ref. 5s	93⅞	94	93½	93⅝	1
Denver & Rio Grande con. 4s	96½	96⅝	96½	96⅜	1
Detroit Southern, Ohio Southern Div. 4s	74	74¼	74	74¼	1
Detroit & Mackinac gold 4s	91	91	91	91	1
Distillers' Securities 5s	74⅞	74⅞	74⅝	74¾	1
East Tenn., Va. & Ga. consol. 5s	113	113	113	113	1
East Tenn., Va. & Ga. divd. 5s	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜	1
Erie 1st consol. 4s	84½	84½	84	84	1
Erie 1st consol 7s	121¾	121¾	121⅜	121⅜	1
Erie conv. 4s, Series A	81¼	81⅜	80	80⅜	1
Erie conv. 4s, Series B	71¾	71⅞	70¼	71⅛	1
Erie gen. 4s	76	76	76	76	1
Erie 4th ext. 5s	107	107	107	107	1
Evansville & Terre Haute consol. 6s	115	115	115	115	1
Fort Worth & Denver City 6s	113½	113½	113½	113½	1
General Electric conv. deb. 5s	147	147½	147	147½	1
Georgia Pacific 1st 6s	113	113	113	113	1
Gren Bay & Western deb. A	82½	86	82½	86	1
Green Bay & Western deb. B	14	19½	14	19	1
Hannibal & St. Joseph consol. 6s	102	102	102	102	1
Hocking Valley 4½s	103⅝	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	1
Houston & Texas Central gen. 4s	93	93	93	93	1
Illinois Central 4s	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼	1
Illinois Central 4s, 1953	100½	100½	100½	100½	1
Interborough Rapid Transit conv. 6s	102⅞	103⅛	102⅝	103⅛	1
Interborough Rapid Transit 5s	102⅞	103	102⅞	103	1
Interborough-Metropolitan 4½s	83¼	83⅞	82¾	83⅞	1
International & Gt. Northern 1st 6s	109½	109½	109½	109½	1
International & Gt. Northern 2d 5s, tr. r.	106½	106½	106	106	1
International Steam Pump 5s	96½	96⅝	96¼	96⅝	1
International Paper 6s	104	104	104	104	1
International Paper conv. 5s	87¼	87½	87¼	87¼	1
Iowa Central ref. 4s	75½	76½	75½	76	1
Iowa Central 1st 5s	105	105	104	104	1
Kansas City, Ft. S. & Memphis 4s	82	83	82	83	1
Kansas City Southern ref. 5s, temp. ctfs.	100½	100⅝	100¼	100½	1
Kansas City & Pacific 1st 4s	91	91	91	91	1
Laclede Gas 1st 5s	103	103	102½	102½	1
Lake Erie & Western 1st 5s	114	114	114	114	1
Lackawanna Steel 5s	99	99¼	99	99	1
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	94⅞	94⅞	94½	94⅝	1
Lake Shore 4s, 1928, reg	94½	94½	94½	94½	1
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	94¼	94½	94½	94½	1
Lehigh & Wilkesbarre consol. 5s	92	92	92	92	1
Lehigh & Wilkesbarre ext. 4½s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	1
Long Island con. 5s	100	100	100	100	1
Long Island gen. 4s	100	100	100	100	1
Long Island ref. 4s	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	1
Louisville & Nashville unified 4s	98½	98¼	97¾	97⅞	1
Louisville & Nashville gen. 6s	99½	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	1
Louisville & Nashville s. f. 6s	116½	116½	116½	116½	1
Louis. & Nash., So. Ry., Monon jt. 4s	100½	100½	100½	100½	1
	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞	1
Manhattan consol. 4s	96⅞	97¼	96⅞	97¼	1
Mercantile Marine col. tr. 4½s	71	71⅜	70¾	71⅜	1
Mexican Central 1st income	23½	23½	23½	23½	1
Metropolitan Street Ry. gen. 5s	77	77	77	77	1
Mexican Central con. 4s	78½	79	78½	79	1
Metropolitan Street Ry. ref. 4s, tr. r. sta.	52	53	52	53	1
Michigan Central 5s	89	89	89	89	1
Michigan Central deb. 4s	93	93	93	93	1
Milwaukee & Northern main line 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Minneapolis & St. Louis consol. 5s	107	107	107	107	1
Minn., St. P. & S. Ste. Marie consol 4s	99¼	99½	99¼	99½	1
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 1st 4s	90½	90½	90¼	90½	1
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 2d 4s	86½	86½	86	86½	1
Missouri, Kansas & Texas ext. 5s	104¾	104¾	104	104	1
Missouri, Kansas & Texas ref. 4s	84¾	84¾	84¼	84¼	1
Missouri, Kansas & Texas s. f. 4½s	90	90½	89¾	89¾	1
Missouri Pacific con. 6s	106¼	106¼	105½	105½	1
Missouri Pacific 4s	111	111½	111	111½	1
Missouri Pacific trust 5s	80¼	80⅜	80	80¼	1
Missouri Pacific col. 5s	101	101	101	101	1
Mobile & Ohio gen. 4s	102	102	102	102	1
Morris & Essex consol. 7s	89¾	89¾	89¼	89¼	1
Mutual Fuel Gas 5s	114½	114½	114½	114½	1
	101	101	101	101	1
National Rys. of Mexico gen. 4s	87¾	88	87¾	88	1
National Rys. of Mexico prior lien 4½s	94	94	93¾	94	1
New York Air Brake conv. 6s	113½	115	113½	115	1
Newport News Shipbuilding & D. D. 5s	95	95	95	95	1
New York Central gen. 3½s	91	91	90¾	91	1
New York Central deb. 4s	96½	95¾	95½	95½	1
New York Central, Lake Sh. coll. 3½s	80⅞	80⅞	80⅝	80⅝	1
New York Central, Lake Sh. col. 3½s reg.	79	79	78¾	78¾	1
New York Central, Mich. Cent. col. 3½s	80½	80½	80	80	1
N. Y., Chicago & St. Louis 4s	100½	101	100	100	1
New York Dock 4s	94	94	94	94	1
N. Y. Gas, El. L. H. & P. col. tr. 5s	102¼	102¼	102	102¼	1
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. & P. 4s	83	83⅜	83	83	1
N. Y., N. H. & H. non-conv. deb. 4s, 1956	96½	96⅝	96⅜	96⅜	1
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. 3½s	98¾	99½	98¾	99¼	1
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. deb. 6s	135¼	135½	135	135	1
Ontario & Western ref. 4s	97½	97½	97	97	1
Norfolk & Western consol. 4s	99	99	98¼	98¼	1
Norfolk & Western conv. 4s	99½	99½	99	99	1
Norfolk & Western div'l 4s	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾	1
Norfolk & Western, Pocohon, C. & C. 4s	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾	1
Northern Pacific prior lien 4s	102⅞	103	102¼	103	1
Northern Pacific gen. 3s	72¾	72¾	72¾	72¾	3
Northern Pacific gen. 3s reg	71	71	71	71	1
Oregon Railroad & Navigation con. 4s	98	98	98	98	1
Oregon Short Line gtd. ref. 4s	94	94⅜	93¾	93¾	62
Oregon Short Line 1st 6s	117¼	117¼	117¼	117¼	3
Oregon Short Line consol. 5s	118	118	112⅝	112⅝	5
Ozark & Cherokee Central 5s	96¼	97	96¼	97	3
Pacific of Missouri 1st 4s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	1
Pacific Tel. & Tel. col. 5s	98⅜	99⅝	98⅜	99⅜	73
Pennsylvania gtd. 4½s	106	107	106	107	9
Pennsylvania 4s, 1048	105	105	105	105	1
Pennsylvania conv. 3½s, 1912	104½	104½	104½	104½	15
Pennsylvania conv. 3½s, 1915	99½	99⅝	99½	99⅝	96
Pennsylvania conv. 3½s, 1915, reg	96	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜	336½
Pennsylvania gtd. 3½s	95⅜	95⅝	95⅜	95⅝	4
Pennsylvania gtd. 3½s, Series B	90½	90½	90½	90½	47
People's Gas of Chicago 1st consol. 6s	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼	1
Peoria & Eastern inc. 4s	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	2
Philа., Balt. & Wash. 4s	120	120	120	120	1
Pitts., Shenango & Lake Erie 1st 5s	62½	62½	62	62	22
Pittsburg & Lake Erie 2d 5s	103½	103½	103⅛	103⅛	12
	115½	115½	115	115	4
	100	100	100	100	1
Reading gen. 4s	98⅞	99½	98⅝	99½	75
Republic Iron & Steel 5s	101¾	102	101¾	102	38
Rio Grande Western 1st 4s	93	93	93	93	1
Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg 5s	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	2
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & So. unif. & ref. 4s	87	87	87	87	6
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & South., R. & G. 4s	88	88	87	87	12
St. Louis & Merchants' Bridge 5s	109	109⅛	109	109⅛	8
St. Louis & San Francisco R. R. gen. 5s	109	109	109	109	1
St. Louis & San Francisco ref. 4s	89	89¼	89	89¼	248
St. Louis Southwestern consol. 4s	84¾	86	84½	85	532
St. Louis Southwestern 1st 4s	78⅝	79	78	79	109
St. Louis Southwestern 2d inc. 4s	92⅝	93	92⅝	93	2
St. Paul & Sioux City 1st 6s	84	84	84	84	10
St. Paul, Minn. & Man., Montana ext. 4s	114¼	114¼	114¼	114¼	2
St. Paul, Minn. & Man., Dakota ext. 6s	98	98	98	98	1
San Antonio & Aransas Pass 4s	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	1
Seaboard Air Line 4s	87¾	88	87	87½	2
Seaboard Air Line 5s	83	83	83	83	6
South Carolina & Georgia 1st 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾	1
Southern Pacific conv. 4s	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	1
Southern Pacific 1st 4s	102⅝	102⅞	101¾	102⅛	1
Southern Pacific ref. 4s	90½	90⅝	90⅜	90⅝	957
Southern Railway 1st 5s	94¾	94⅞	94¼	94⅜	27
Southern Railway dev. & gen. 4s	109	110½	109	110	163
Southern Ry., Mobile & Ohio col. 4s	80¼	80¾	80¼	80½	86
Southern Ry., St. Louis Div. 4s	90	90	90	90	106
	86	86	86	86	5
Tennessee Coal & Iron gen. 5s	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	6
Texas & Oklahoma 1st 5s	104	104	104	104	1
Texas & Pacific 1st 5s	112	112	111½	111½	11
Terminal Assn. of St. Louis ref. 4s	97¼	97¼	97½	97½	3
Third Avenue 1st 5s	107⅜	107⅜	107⅜	107⅜	1
Third Avenue con. 4s	65½	67¼	65½	67⅜	4
Third Avenue con. 4s, tr. r., stamped	66⅜	67¾	65½	67⅜	2
Toledo, Peoria & Western 4s	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼	10
Toledo, St. Louis & Western 4s	80	80	79½	79⅝	323
Ulster & Delaware 1st 5s	100	100	100	100	21
Union Bag & Paper 5s stmpd	105½	105½	105½	105½	19
Underground El. Ry. of London 4½s	97	97	97	97	8
Union Pacific 1st 4s	80½	80½	80½	80½	27
Union Pacific conv. 4s	102¾	102¾	102	102¼	1
Union Pacific 1st & ref. 4s	114	114	113⅝	113⅝	6
United States Realty & Imp. 5s	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	25
United States Leather 6s	90	90	90	90	3
United States Rubber s. f. 6s	105	105	105	105	1
United Railroads of San Francisco 4s	104½	104½	104	104½	1
U. S. Steel Corp. 2d mtge. s. f. 5s	74½	74½	74½	74½	1
U. S. Steel Corp. 2d mtge. s. f. 5s reg	104½	105	104⅝	104⅞	232
	105	105	104⅝	104⅝	2,865
Virginia-Carolina Chemical 1st 5s	97¼	97¼	97	97¼	3,765
Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke 5s	99	99	99	97¼	2
Virginia Midland gen. 5s	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	99	1
				107⅛	3
Wabash deb. B 6s	100	100	100	100	3
Wabash 1st 5s	112	112¼	112½	112½	3
Wabash ref. & ext. 4s	75¾	76½	74¾	76⅜	10
Wabash 2d 5s	101½	101½	101½	101½	37
Wabash, Toledo & Chicago 4s	87½	87½	87½	87½	52
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 1st 4s	47	49½	47	49½	1
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 1st 4s, tr. r.	47½	49¾	47	49¾	2
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 2d 4s	9	9	9	9	3
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 2d 4s, tr. r.	8½	9¼	8½	9⅛	5
Western Maryland conv. 4s, tr. r	84	84	83⅞	84	50
Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. conv. s. f. 5s	67	68	67	68	8
Western Union conv. 4s, Series A	94¼	94⅝	93⅞	94	20
Western Union conv. 4s reg	100¾	101⅛	100⅝	101⅛	100
Western Union fund. & real estate 4½s	100	100	100	100	12
Western Union col. tr. 5s	96⅛	97	96	96¼	100
Wheeling & Lake Erie con. 4s	100	100	100	100	48
Wisconsin Central gen. 4s	103¼	103¼	102¼	102¼	4
Wisconsin Central, Sup. & Dul. 4s	86	86	86	86	10
	94¼	94½	93¾	94	31
	92	92	92	92	2
Total sales					$24,503,000

MUNICIPAL BONDS.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
New York City 4s, 1936 M.N.	100⅝ Nov. 4	100⅝ Nov. 4	100⅜ Nov. 4, 1906
N. Y. City 4s, 1956, reg M.N.	101¼ Mar. 18	101 Mar 24	101 Mar. 24, 1909
N. Y. City 4s, 1957 *M.N.	103¼ Jan. 12	100 Oct 8	101 Dec. 4, 1909
N. Y. City 4½s, 1917 *M.N.	101 Jun. 30	100½ Nov 3	100⅞ Nov. 4, 1909
N. Y. City 4½s, 1917, reg *M.N.	104⅞ Oct. 25	103 Nov 4	103½ Nov. 22, 1909
N. Y. City 4½s, 1917, new *M.N.			102½ Nov. 22, 1907
N. Y. C. 4½s, 1917, new, reg M.N.*	104⅞ July 26	102¾ Nov 11	102¾ Nov. 11, 1909
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957 *M.N.	104⅝ Apr. 2	104¼ Apr 2	104⅜ Apr. 2, 1909
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957, reg *M.N.	112¼ Apr. 20	108¼ Oct 27	110 Dec. 4, 1909
N.Y. City 4½s, 1957, new M.N.*	112¼ Apr. 24	110¼ Nov 9	110¼ Nov. 9, 1909
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957, reg., new M.N.*	112¼ Apr. 21	108¼ Oct 15	110¼ Dec. 3, 1909
N. Y. City 4s, 1958 M.N.*	111⅝ Mar. 15	110⅛ Nov 19	110¾ Nov. 30, 1909
N. Y. City 4s, 1958, reg M.N.*	103 Jan. 5	100 Oct 11	100⅜ Dec. 4, 1909
N. Y. City 4s, 1959 M.N.*	101⅜ Jun. 1	101½ Sep 13	101½ Sep. 13, 1909
	102½ Apr. 22	99¾ Oct 14	100½ Dec. 3, 1909

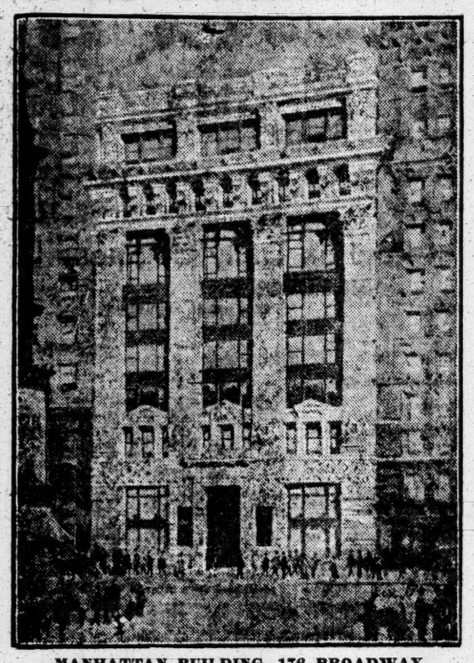
INACTIVE PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1909 the last previous price is given.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Alabama Currency Fund 4s J. J.			111 Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914 J. J.	113⅝ Jun. 19	113¾ Mar 20	100 Feb. 18, 1898
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1958			113⅜ Jun. 19, 1909
North Carolina 6s, 1919 A. O.	99⅝ Feb. 3	99⅝ Feb 3	126 May 4, 1907
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910 J. J.			99⅝ Feb. 3, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small			100¼ Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax A. O.	102¼ Jan. 22	102¼ Jan 22	117 Dec. 11, 1903
South Carolina 4s, 1933 J. J.	95¼ Feb. 6	95½ Jan 6	102¼ Jan. 22, 1909
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913 J. J.	95 May 20	95 May 20	95½ Nov. 15, 1909
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913, small			95 May 20, 1909
Virginia def. ctfs J. J.	62 Nov. 6	37¼ May 6	1½ Dec. 22, 1904
Va. def 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. ctfs.	93 Jan. 29	91½ May 10	50½ Dec. 3, 1909
Va. fund. debt, 2-3s, 1991 J. J.			93 Aug. 30, 1909
Virginia Riddleberger	102⅞ Jan. 13	100⅝ Oct 30	90 Dec. 20, 1907
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg Q. Jan.	106 Jan. 22	101 Aug 9	100⅝ Oct. 30, 1909
U. S. 2s, 1930, coupon J. Jan.	119¼ May 18	115½ Nov 29	101¼ Oct. 6, 1909
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg Q. F.	121 May 7	116

REAL ESTATE. | REAL ESTATE. | REAL ESTATE.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST COMPANY



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Examines titles, makes loans, acts as executor, administrator, trustee, guardian, or in any other trust capacities. Deposits received subject to check or on certificate.

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Augustus D. Juilliard	Frederick Potter
Clarence H. Kelsey	Charles Richardson
Woodbury Langdon	Henry Roth
James D. Lynch	James Speyer
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William J. Matheson	Louis Windmuller

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350 Fulton St., Jamaica 67 Jackson Ave., L. I. City

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RICHARD M. HURD, President

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Guaranteed Mortgages Outstanding, - - $90,000,000
Total Mortgages Guaranteed, - - $160,000,000
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59 Liberty Street.

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Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company

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Mortgages and Building Loans
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INTERBORO INVESTING COMPANY,
1,872 Lexington Ave., 156 Broadway.

$300,000.
MANHATTAN FIRSTS, 4½ AND 5% CHARGES 1% AND DISBURSEMENTS.
PHILIP H. JUDD.
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ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
6 AND 7 ROOMS AND BATH.
RENTS $50 TO $70.

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American Real Estate Co., Owner
MOST HOMELIKE IN ALL NEW YORK
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
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Plenty of Steam Heat NOW
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5, 6, and 7 rooms, all modern improvements, electric light and telephone, on finest avenue.
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AS FAR FROM CITY HALL, N. Y.
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Excellent Transportation
A Few Choice Plots At
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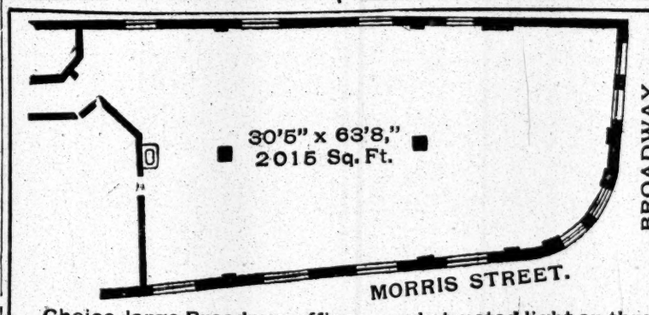

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New fireproof building; good front and side light; steam heat, gas and electric light; separate freight and passenger elevators.
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Suitable for lace, hosiery or high-grade cloak houses, light manufacturing.
Apply on premises or
Huston & Asinari, Agts.,
25 Liberty St. Tel. 5827—John.

LOFTS 25 x 100 50 x 100
OFFICES $120 per year up.
530-534 BROADWAY,
NORTHEAST CORNER SPRING ST.

STORE and BASEMENT 25x92,
OFFICES Large and Small
$180 per year and up.
3 EAST 17TH ST.

W. S. NORTON, Agent,
35 Nassau St. Tel. 5999 Cort.
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

TO LET
BUILDINGS, STORES, LOFTS AND OFFICES.
Any DOWNTOWN Location.
RULAND & WHITING CO.,
5 BEEKMAN ST. TEL. 1132 CORT.

ST. PAUL BUILDING
Cor. Broadway and Ann St.
A FEW OFFICES FOR RENT
HERBERT A. SHERMAN, Agent,
on premises, 9 Pine St. & 532 5th Av., cor. 44th St.

Stores, Lofts, Buildings TO LET
in downtown business districts.
Send for List.
WARREN & SKILLIN
174 FULTON ST. 'PHONE 5077 CORT.

Be successful in business, not to carry large investment for plant, rent loft 165 feet facing on street. 25 feet rear; also 125x25 rear; light all around; power, heat, optional; 15 square feet. Borough Cut Stone Co., East 144th St. and Austin Place, Bronx.

46 Howard St.—Store and basement and first loft to let, size 25x70, at reasonable rent; possession Feb'y 1st. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Offices to let, (music publishers,) 1,584 Broadway, opposite Marlborough Hotel. 'Phone 6184 Murray Hill.

Modern Light Lofts.
50,000 square feet of elegant all-light floor space in fireproof building, suitable for showrooms and manufacturing; will divide to suit; two elevators; entrance on two streets. Inquire 213-17 Grand St. and 97 Elizabeth St., or your own broker.

LOFT 40X100
293 Seventh Avenue
NEAR 27TH ST.;
Steel construction; passenger and freight elevators; first loft; show window front.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
C. F. BEDELL CO., Broadway & 87th St.

810 BROADWAY,
Facing 11th Street.
LOFT 25x117.
All modern improvements. Light on all sides.
FREDERICK A. BOOTH, 860 B'WAY.

Lofts, store, 28 West 15th, 25x100; fine light; cheap rent. Gray, 146 5th Av.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Grant Ave. Dwellings.
Near 163d St.; only one left of those choice, three-story, two-family brick and limestone houses; excellent location; about eight minutes' walk west of 161st St. 3d Av. "L" Station. Also

Walton Avenue
and 165th St., near the proposed B'way-Lexington Av. Subway; nine more just finished. William E. Diller, Owner and Builder, on premises, or 101 West 66th St.

15% NET GUARANTEE ON $10,000 INVESTED.
HAAS, 419 EAST 156TH ST.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THREE-FAMILY HOUSE.
Nice location; will exchange for good building lots. MITCHELL, Room 208, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

Factory sites on Newtown Creek, 25x100; lots, $750. Corwith Bros., 851 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS WANTED.

Wanted—Choice furnished apartment for Winter; living room, dining room, 2 or 3 bedrooms, kitchen, &c.; all light, in desirable location; by gentleman and wife, no children. Kindly state price and full information, P 94 Times, Times Square.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES

Wanted—For factory purposes, about 10,000 feet of land, with water front; must be on East or North River; railroad terminal and within free lighterage district, with or without buildings. Apply J. C. Rogers, 18A East 34th St., New York. Phone 7171 Madison.

"MANHATTAN LINE"
TO ALBANY $1.00 ONE WAY $1.50 ROUND TRIP
STEAMERS
FRANK JONES AND SARATOGA
From Pier 54, N.R., ft. W. 14th St., exc. Sun., 5:30 P.M.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE; from Franklin St., daily, 4 P. M.; Sundays, 9 A. M.

If you wish to obtain the best class of [illegible]

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"CINCINNATI"
LARGEST AND FINEST STEAMSHIP EVER SENT TO THE ORIENT.
(17,000 TONS.)

ORIENT CRUISE
The Hamburg-American Line's well-known steamer will make a cruise to Spain, the Mediterranean and the Orient; leaves New York Jan. 29, 1910.
DURATION, 80 DAYS.
COST, $325 UPWARDS
Including landing and embarking expenses
Also other cruises to the West Indies, South America, etc. Tours in Egypt and the Holy Land.
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The Pleasures of an Ocean Trip are assured on the steamers of the HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
CHRISTMAS SAILING
Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg.
S. S. AMERIKA.....DEC. 11, 9 A. M.
NEXT SAILINGS
*S. S. Pres. Grant.....Dec. 25, 9 A. M.
S. S. Kaiserin.....Jan. 5, 1 P. M.
*Omits Plymouth.
For Oberammergau Passion Play, Berlin Exhibition 1910, Brussels Exhibition 1910, and all other interesting European events inquire of our Tourist Department.

Italy AND THE Nile
CONVENIENTLY REACHED BY OUR MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE
The splendid, large steamships MOLTKE, Dec. 9, 3 P.M. (Christmas Sailing); HAMBURG, Jan. 6, Feb. 15; CINCINNATI, Jan. 29, etc., for Gibraltar, Naples and Genoa (with occasional calls at the Azores and Madeira Islands). Excellent connection with steamers of Hamburg & Anglo-American Nile Co.'s services up the Nile through EGYPT.
TRAVELLERS' CHECKS ISSUED.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

Cunard Cruises to ITALY via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar

Offer the unsurpassed in Luxurious and Comfortable Ocean Travel
By the great 20,000 ton steamers
"CARONIA" Jan. 8, Feb. 19
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Largest triple-screw turbine in the World
"SAXONIA" Feb. 5, Mar. 19
Twin-Screw, 14,300 tons
For Full Particulars and Reservations apply to
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd.
New York, Boston, Chicago, Minneapolis, Philadelphia, St. Louis, San Francisco, Toronto and Montreal, or Local Agents

CONTINUING TO EGYPT AND FIUME

Cruises de Luxe to the West Indies

By New Twin Screw
"AVON"
11,500 tons

TWO CRUISES (31 days each)	EASTER CRUISE (18 days)
$150 up	$85 up
From New York January 15 and February 19	from New York March 25

Also Yachting Tours by New Twin-Screw "BERBICE" through the West Indies

Bermuda
NEW WEEKLY SERVICE
By R.M.S.P. "OROTAVA" 6000 Tons
Dec. 15th and every Wednesday
Comfortable voyage to this delightful Island by Ocean Liner
High Class Cuisine—Orchestra
Electric Fans in all Rooms
Christmas Vacation Special rates including Hotel and Excursions
Sailings of Dec. 15th, 22nd and 29th to Bermuda
Sailing of Dec. 24th to Jamaica, Panama Canal, Barbados, Bermuda, Etc.
Complete illustrated booklets on request
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.
SANDERSON & SON, 22 State St. N.Y.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY **R. M. S. P.**
JAMAICA-COLON, BARBADOS, Etc.
Oruba.....Dec. 11 | Thames.....Jan. 8
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Tours of 12 to 25 days from $95 up
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Go To Bermuda By Twin Screw Line
Largest and Fastest Steamers
S. S. Oceana, 8000 Tons
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Wireless on both Steamers; also bilge keels
Forty hours from frost to flowers. Sailings every Wednesday and Saturday from New York in the season.

WEST INDIES
New S. S. "Guiana" and other steamers fortnightly for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadaloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes and Demerara. For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts., Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, Pass. Agts., 245 and 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or ARTHUR AHERN, Sec'y, Quebec.

COOK'S NILE STEAMERS
Cairo to Luxor and the First Cataract.
Egypt .....Dec. 7 | Egypt .....Dec. 28
Rameses the G't. Dec. 14 | Rameses the G't. Jan. 4
Rameses .....Dec. 21 | Rameses ?.....Jan. 11
and weekly thereafter, connecting with service for the Second Cataract, Khartoum, Uganda, &c. In addition, Cook's Express Steamers sail every Monday and Friday. Luxurious dahabeahs and special steamers for charter to families and private parties.
Tours to the Orient—Holy Land, Egypt, Levant, etc., leave Jan. 5, 8, 22, Feb. 2, 19, March 5. 43d Annual Series. Travel de luxe.
Tours to Bermuda, Florida, California, &c., Tickets and Tours for Independent Travelers Everywhere.
THOS. COOK & SON,
245, 1,200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 Fifth Ave. (Windsor Arcade). New York.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
MEDITERRANEAN, ADRIATIC
From New York Wednesdays, 1 P. M.
To and from Italy, Greece and Austria with scheduled calls at GIBRALTAR, (East,) ALGIERS (West) and AZORES (East).
TWIN SCREW S. S. MARTHA WASHINGTON, ALICE, LAURA, ARGENTINA, OCEANIA.
Further information and 1910 sailings furnished by PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents, Whitehall Building, N. Y. City.

ORIENT CLARK'S TWELFTH ANNUAL CRUISE, February 5, '10, 73 days, $400 and up, by specially chartered Cruiser. 3 Cruises round the world. Tours to Europe. F. C. CLARK, Times Bldg., N. Y.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND

FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:00 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. Orchestra on each.

NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40 N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and NEW HAMPSHIRE

NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North, week days only. Leave Pier 28, E. R., 3:00 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only, leave Pier 27, E. R., 11 A. M., Str. NAUGATUCK.
Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.

PEOPLE'S LINE TO ALBANY
Magnificent steamers C. W. MORSE or ADIRONDACK leave N. Y. daily (Sundays excepted.) Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M.

CITIZENS LINE TO TROY.
New Steamers TROJAN or RENSSELAER leave New York daily (Saturdays excepted.) Pier 46, N. R., foot West 10th St., at 6 P. M. Sunday steamers touch at Albany.

ROUND TRIP $2.50, Via BOTH LINES.
Splendid accommodations. Rooms heated. Connecting with trains for points North, East and West. Express Freight Service. Quick Delivery.

JOY LINE 240 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every week day, 5 P.M., from Pier 19, North River.

Shipping and Mails

Minature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:09|Sun sets..4:33|Moon rises.. 1:01

TIDES TO-DAY

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:05	3:05	9:08	9:21
Governors Island	3:41	3:47	10:01	10:05
Hell Gate	5:31	5:37	11:37	11:55

Arrived—Sunday, Dec. 5.

SS New York, Southampton, Nov. 27.
SS Bretagne, Havre, Nov. 27.
SS Verona, Naples, Nov. 23.
SS Chicago City, Swansea, Nov. 20.
SS Duca di Genova, Naples, Nov. 24.
SS Manuel Calvo, Havana, Nov. 30.
SS Huron, Jacksonville, Dec. 2.
SS Fernlene, Rio Janeiro, Nov. 7.
SS El Sud, Galveston, Nov. 29.
SS Jefferson, Norfolk, Dec. 4.
SS Jamestown, Norfolk, Dec. 4.
SS Delaware, Philadelphia, Dec. 4.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

Suriname, Demerara	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Benedict, Para	6:00 A.M.	8:00 A.M.
Cristobal, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Cherokee, S. Domingo	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
America, Naples	——	——
Regina d'Italia, Naples	——	——
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Adriatic, Southampton	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Lusitania, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Afghan Pr., Montevideo	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Drumcairne, Montevideo	3:00 P.M.	7:00 P.M.
Krooniand, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Argentina, Naples	——	——
Lampasas, Tampa	——	12:00 M.
San Marcos, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
Camaguey, Cienfuegos	——	12:00 M.
Huron, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Caledonia	Glasgow	Nov. 27
Arabic	Liverpool	Nov. 27
Dunstan	Para	Nov. 23
City of Atlanta	Savannah	Dec. 2
Statendam	Rotterdam	Nov. 27
Lapland	Antwerp	Nov. 27
Bulgaria	Hamburg	Nov. 29
Berlin	Gibraltar	Nov. 29
Chicago	Havre	Nov. 27
Havana	Havana	Dec. 2
Coamo	San Juan	Dec. 1
Zulia	La Guayra	Nov. 29
Comus	New Orleans	Dec. 1

DUE TO-MORROW.

Neckar	Bremen	Nov. 27
City of Augusta	Savannah	Dec. 4
El Valle	Galveston	Dec. 1
El Paso	New Orleans	Dec. 2

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Auchenerag	Lisbon	Nov. 24
Voltaire	Barbados	Nov. 30
Oruba	Port Antonio	Dec. 3
Seminole	Turk's Island	Dec. 2
Sibiria	Port Lamon	Nov. 22
Olinda	Nipe	Dec. 3
Concho	New Orleans	Dec. 3
Sicilia	Palermo	Nov. 27
Montserrat	Cadiz	Nov. 30
Morro Castle	Havana	Dec. 7
Altai	Inagua	Nov. 5
Napolitan Prince	Rotterdam	Nov. 27
City of Savannah	Savannah	Dec. 7

DUE SATURDAY.

Lorraine	Havre	Dec. 4
Campania	Liverpool	Dec. 4
St. Louis	Southampton	Dec. 4
Kansas City	Swansea	Nov. 27
Apache	Jacksonville	Dec. 8

Reported by Wireless.

SS Statendam, incoming from Rotterdam, was reported by Marconi wireless 715 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9:15 A. M. yesterday. Due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday morning.

SS Bulgaria, incoming from Hamburg, was reported by Marconi wireless 373 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6:40 A. M. yesterday. Due at her pier, if not delayed, late to-day.

SS Caledonia, incoming from Glasgow, was reported by Marconi wireless 263 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9:40 A. M. yesterday. Due at her pier, if not delayed, this forenoon.

SS Lapland, incoming from Antwerp, was reported by Marconi wireless 371 miles east of Sandy Hook at 10:40 A. M. yesterday. Due at her pier, if not delayed, late to-night.

SS Arabic, incoming from Liverpool, was reported by Marconi wireless 363 miles east of Sandy Hook at 5:30 P. M. yesterday. Due at her pier, if not delayed, late to-day.

SS Mauretania, outgoing, was reported by Marconi wireless 180 miles west at midnight. Due at Queenstown about 9:30 A. M. to-day.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Philadelphia, at Southampton, Dec. 5.
SS Caronia, at Funchal, Dec. 4.
SS Cedric, at Gibraltar, Dec. 5.
SS Columbia, at Mobile, Dec. 5.

Sailed.

SS Lazio, from St. Michaels, Dec. 5.
SS Celtic, from Queenstown, Dec. 5.
SS Finland, from Dover, Dec. 4.
SS Campania, from Queenstown, Dec. 5.
SS President Grant, from Southampton, Dec. 5.

Passed.

SS Minnetonka, New York for London, passed Brow Head.
SS Erika, New York from Lisbon, passed Gibraltar.

Pacific Steamships.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed only,) (via Seattle)—Oceano.....Dec. 9	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Hilonian .....Dec. 9	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Corea, China and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.—Empress of China.....Dec. 10	6:30 P.M.
Samoan Islands, New Zealand and Australi (except West) (via San Francisco)—Tymeric .....Dec. 12	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Corea and China (specially addressed only) (via Tacoma)—Fitzpatrick..Dec. 15	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii and Philippine Islands, and specially addressed mail for Japan, Corea, and China (via San Francisco)—Monzolia.....Dec. 16	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Corea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Minnesota.....Dec. 17	6:30 P.M.
Tahiai, Marquesas and Cook Islands, New Zealand and especially addressed mail for Australia (via San Francisco)—Mariposa.....Dec. 28	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Corea, China and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Tenyo Maru.Dec. 23	6:30 P.M.
Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Aorangi.....Dec. 26	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. transport.....Dec. 31	6:30 P.M.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The Middle Western storm has continued rapidly northward to Northern Lake Superior, with greatly increased energy, and storm warnings were ordered Sunday morning for the Great Lakes and Sunday night for the Atlantic Coast from Delaware Breakwater to Portland. The storm has been attended by general rains and gales and is followed by rapidly rising pressure and decidedly colder weather that extends northwestward through the West Gulf States. Low temperatures also continue throughout the Western States, although the Pacific Coast disturbance has reached the middle plateau, attended by general rains and snows west of the Rocky Mountains. There were also local snows in the Northwest. There will be rains in the Middle Atlantic States and New England, possibly turning to snow by Monday night.

The winds along the New England Coast will be variable, becoming south to southwest and high; Middle Atlantic Coast, southwest to west and brisk to high; South Atlantic Coast, moderate and variable, becoming northwest.

Steamships departing Monday for European ports will have variable winds, shifting to south and southwest, becoming high, with rain by Monday night to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York—Rain in east portion Monday, possibly turning to snow at night; rain or snow and colder in west portion, much colder at night. Tuesday colder, with fair in south and snow in north portion; brisk to high southwest to west winds.

New England—Rain Monday or Monday night. Tuesday much colder, with snow in north, rain in southeast and generally fair in southwest portion; variable winds shifting to southwest and becoming brisk to high.

New Jersey—Colder Monday, with rain, possibly turning to snow in the west and north portions; much colder at night. Tuesday fair, colder; brisk to high southwest to west winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1908.	1909.		1908.	1909.
3 A. M.	34	38	4 P. M.	38	52
6 A. M.	35	37	6 P. M.	34	49
9 A. M.	38	38	9 P. M.	29	46
12 M.	41	48	12 P. M.	27	45

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 44; for the corresponding date last year it was 34; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 37.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 37; at 8 P. M. it was 46. Maxim

Lost.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—On Saturday afternoon, a gold bracelet with small diamond, between Wanamaker's and Grand Central Station; valued as gift of deceased father; reward paid. Address Miss Heart painted inside front cover; reward. Return to Dr. J. MacEvitt, 514 9th St.

LOST—Tuesday, a pearl sunburst, with small diamond centre, in Abraham & Straus's, Brooklyn, or via Subway to Columbus Av., 80th; reward. 104 West 80th.

LOST—Black caracul neckpiece, Sunday afternoon, Hippodrome, or on way to 42d "L" station; Philadelphia maker's name on lining. Notify Miss Frances Perkins, 501 West 50th; reward.

LOST—Small brooch, topaz, surrounded with pearls. $50 reward for return to C. H. Warren, 34 Nassau St., N. Y., or Lawrence Park.

LOST—Jeweled fraternity pin; Colonial Theatre, Friday night. Return to M. E. Ely, Hoffman House. Reward.

LOST—Mink muff, Sunday, Yonkers. Mrs. Headrick, 54 Morningside Av. East. Finder rewarded.

LOST—Cardcase, containing cards without address, Queensboro Bridge. Suitable reward if returned to H. G. de Mell, 22 William St.

LOST—Brown minx muff, in shopping district, 14th St., Saturday afternoon; suitable reward. Vann, 221 West 35th St.

LOST—Japanese mink boa; reward. Mrs. E. Brown, 237 West 45th St.

LOST—A diamond stud with screw attachment, which is an heirloom, between 110th and 42d St. stations of Subway, on Dec. 1; a reward of $25 for return of same or pawn ticket; no questions asked. N. Miller, 111 Stagg St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Sunday evening, Nov. 28, between Jersey City and the Crescent Athletic Club, Brooklyn, a lady's princess ring, platinum setting. Reward of $50 will be paid and no questions asked if returned to William Betsch, 1 Greene St., New York City.

LOST—About Sept. 20, moving from 5th Av. and 45th St. to 5th Av. and 50th St., portraits in oil, gilt frames, size 10x12 inches; subjects lady and gentleman; liberal reward will be paid for their return and no questions asked. Cummings & Co., 20 Broad St., N. Y.

LOST—Package, Dec. 2, at 8:45 A. M., on downtown Broadway Subway, 14th St.; the small package was wrapped in blue paper and contained two mats; liberal reward offered. Miss G. Bush, Tiffany Studio, 347 Madison Av.

THE NEW YORK TIMES aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. The Times therefore welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Information considered confidntial. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Small black dog, answers to name of "Dixie"; reward. Mrs. Dean, 63 Morningside Av.

LOST—Nov. 23, Irish terrier, (red,) name "Bobs"; reward. Stiles, 462 East 7th St., Flatbush.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, Dec. 2—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Inquire at the Detective Bureau, (Record Room,) 300 Mulberry St.: Black horse, 14½ hands, white stockings on front legs; light runabout, rubber tires, black body, red gear; 63 yards yellow cambric, 25 30-foot poles, black horse and two-seated buggy, brass auto lamp marked "Solan, Model 805 D."; truck No. 6405 and black team with harness, letter J. on blinders, and a blanket marked "J. M. Bogart"; hunting cabin launch, 20 foot, name Livinghurst, 2 Palmer engines; lady's gold watch, marked "B. H." on case.

FOUND, Dec. 4—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Bag, underwear. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—3 pairs shoes, books, plans, package drugs, paper, photograph, overalls, collar, package clothes, water bag, pipe, molding, bottle ale. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Picture, gloves, books, fob, blue print, certificate, catalogue, bag, check and bill, overalls, box, collars, turpentine. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Cuff button, prayer book, letter, photographs, bonnet, package silk. SUBWAY—4 pocketbooks, fob, glasses, letter, books, gloves, paper, ball twine, cards, toy, medicine, canvas bag, beads, case, hammer and bag, 6 umbrellas, money.

FOUND, Dec. 4—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, L. I. City: Package, umbrella.

FOUND, Dec. 4—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: Pair child's gloves, fountain pen, letter file, box of ribbons, cane, can of tobacco, book, small suitcase, 2 umbrellas.

FOUND, Dec. 4—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Package, muff, umbrella, slippers, lady's belt, coat, rubbers.

FOUND, Dec. 4—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City: Package, cane, umbrella, coat, belt, slippers, rubbers. JERSEY CITY STATION: Package.

FOUND, Dec. 4—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, G. C. S.: 5 umbrellas, package, cane, muff, cardcase, overcoat, parrsol.

FOUND—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. NEW HAMPSHIRE: Scarfpin. S. S. PLYMOUTH: pocketbook, gloves, bed slippers, lady's underwear, cuffs and shirt.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—SAMPSON & NELSON Employment Bureau, 412 4th Av.—First-class help, all nationalities, for private families; references investigated. Telephone 1868 Madison Square.

A.—A.—"PRACTICAL NURSES." Trained nurses, male, female; nurse-companions and housekeepers; $25 to $75 month. MRS. PILLSBURY, 507 Fifth Av. Murray Hill 6185.

COOKS, &c.—Two good cooks, two chambermaids, waitresses; German, Swedish; $25. Albany Bureau, 20 East 33d St.

HASTINGS' BUREAU.—Colored girls placed; references promptly investigated. 225 East 73d St. 'Phone 6551 Lenox.

HOUSEWORKERS—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 55th. Tel. 4786 Columbus.

HOUSEWORKER.—Middle-aged woman; good baker; wages not so much as permanent position; personal references; city, country. Mrs. Cooper, 657 6th Av., 38th St.

HOUSEWORKERS, COOKS, laundresses, waitresses; city, country. Flaherty's Bureau, 485 Columbus Av. Telephone—741 River.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th St. Tel. 486 Morningside.

KEMPER, 615 Columbus Av.—Competent cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, houseworkers, nurses; references investigated. Riverside 9348.

TRAINED and PRACTICAL NURSES, well recommended. Powell Bureau, 1,235 Lexington Av. Telephone 1210 Lenox.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Agents Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AGENTS, salesmen, stores, peddlers; holiday decorations, bells, garlands, wreaths, toys, postcards; best and cheapest line; catalogue free. Miller, 158 Park Row, New York.

AGENTS, Postcard Dealers, and Mail Order Men.—Christmas and birthday cards, 40 cents per hundred. Peerless Supply Co., 14 and 16 Church St.

AGENTS.—Mail order men, big money in post cards; buy direct from manufacturer; get manufacturer's prices. Peerless Supply Co., 14 and 16 Church St.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CHOCOLATE and BONBON DIPPERS wanted; experienced. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

EASY MONEY for your spare time. Matthew Donovan Co., 1,441 Broadway.

CHAMBERMAID and WAITRESS.—Competent girl as chambermaid and waitress; personal reference. 2,108 5th Av.

H. C. F. KOCH & CO.,
125TH STREET WEST,
require experienced
SALESWOMEN
for their
TOYS AND
HOLIDAY DEPARTMENTS;
also experienced
SHOE SALESWOMEN.
To those who prove bright and capable, permanent positions are assured. Apply before 10 A. M., 124th St. entrance.

H. C. F. KOCH & CO.,
125TH STREET WEST,
require bright, active
YOUNG GIRLS
(over 16 years of age)
to act as
MESSENGERS;
also
PARCEL WRAPPERS.
Apply before 10 A. M., 124th St. entrance.

H. C. F. KOCH & CO.,
125TH STREET WEST,
require experienced
HOUSE DETECTIVES.
Only those having held similar positions heretofore need apply, before 10 A. M., 124th St. entrance.

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, white girl for general housework in small family apartment; must be good cook and laundress; good wages; personal references required; call in morning. Hatzfeld, 438 West 116th St.

MANICURING.—Learners wanted; hairdressing, facial, scalp treatment; best instructions, day, evenings. 161 West 23d St.

OPERATORS, EXPERIENCED ON SILK WAISTS; GOOD PAY. JOS. WEISMAN, 26 WAVERLEY PLACE.

OPERATORS, TUCKERS AND PRESSERS wanted on ladies' waists. Apply Felsenthal Bros., 104-108 West 27th St.

SALESLADIES FOR VEILINGS, HANDKERCHIEFS AND FANCY GOODS. SEE SUPT., BARNETT BROS., COLUMBUS AV. AND 74TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER. — Protestant, Christian, proficient in grammar and spelling; rapid operator, duties managerial, stenographic. Apply typewritten letter only to Oliver Loder, 30 Church St.; state experience, references, salary expected.

THOROUGHLY experienced saleswoman for gloves and neckwear. Drake's, 8th Av., 21st and 22d Sts.

WANTED—A young German girl as nursemaid. Address Hone, Box 284, Bronxville, N. Y.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. to Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 W. Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

"BROAD GAUGED MEN" wanted to sell bonds; leads furnished; men who are making good where now employed will have a golden future with us. Interstate Land and Building Co-operative Association, 261 Broadway, New York City.

DRAUGHTSMAN.—First class, for ornamental iron work. Call Uris Iron Works, 525 West 26th St.

ENGRAVERS.
R. H. Macy & Co. require engravers on gold and silver. Only first-class men need apply. Apply at office of General Manager.

H. C. F. KOCH & CO.,
125TH STREET WEST,
require experienced
PACKERS
for their
TOYS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS;
also experienced
DELIVERY DRIVERS.
Apply before 10 A. M., 124th St. entrance.

H. C. F. KOCH & CO.,
125TH STREET WEST,
require bright, active
FLOOR WALKERS.
Apply before 10 A. M., 124th St. entrance.

MAN, intelligent, to take charge of office; must have $400 cash security. Bzolba Co., 320 Broadway.

OPERATORS, TUCKERS AND PRESSERS wanted on ladies' waists. Apply Felsenthal Bros., 104-108 West 27th St.

SALESMAN.—An A1 skirt house desires the services of an experienced salesman for the Middle West; one who has following preferred. P 165 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN.—To sell misses' and children's clothes; commission only. R. Schachter & Sons, 51 West 14th St.

SALESMAN.—Sugar and molasses; must be experienced and well recommended. Call in person any morning, Room 419, 253 Broadway.

SWITCHMEN WANTED — EXPERIENCED STEAM RAILROAD MEN FOR OUT OF TOWN TO TAKE PLACE MEN ON STRIKE; ONLY FIRST-CLASS MEN ACCEPTED; STANDARD WAGES. APPLY 129 CEDAR ST., ONE FLIGHT UP.

WANTED—Railway mail clerks; commencement salary $800; Spring examinations everywhere; candidates prepared free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 264 H, Rochester, N. Y.

THE NEW YORK TIMES aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. The Times therefore welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Information considered confidntial. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, office help, male, female, furnished free. 4470 Murray Hill. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

SECRETARIES. STENOGRAPHERS.—Jupp's bureau recommends efficient employes only; prompt, free; references investigated; expert facsimile duplicating. 87 Nassau St. Tel. 4221 Cortlandt.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, office assistants furnished short notice without charge. 'Phone 5712 Braclay. Lamb's Exchange, 229 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Double entry bookkeeper wanted; salary $10-$16; permanent position; beginning $7. Miss Elsie Diehl, 97 Nassau St., Tel. 6060—Cort.

Domestic Help.

A.—A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 60 West 39th St.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties: governesses, lady's maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 5582—Murray Hill.

BLOOM'S BUREAU.—Ten years' experience; know most of help personally; investigate every reference; Scandinavian help. 4887 Plaza, next Bloomingdales', 747 Lexington Av.

LIND'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 729 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants; all nationalities; references investigated; 'phone 4696—Plaza.

MARIE NIELSON SWEDISH EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 570 Lexington Av., furnishes first-class cooks, waitresses, chambermaids, kitchen maids, laundresses; references thoroughly investigated. Tel. 3679—Plaza.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508 Orchard.

RELIABLE SERVANTS, all kinds. Mrs. Neilson, 503 5th Av., Room 300; 42d St. entrance.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 238 Broadway. Tel. 7035 Barclay.

THE STERLING EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 208 West 40th.—Select colored or white chambermaids, waitresses, general houseworkers; waiters, porters, bartenders, cooks, bellboys, elevator men can be immediately supplied. Telephone 4176—Bryant.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted--Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER.—Accurate, conscientious, thorough; several years' experience; good typist; best references; $15. Efficient, P 66 Times, Times Square.

CHAMBERMAID, &c.—By a young Irish girl as chambermaid or do light housework; reference. Moran, 343 East 41st St.

COLORED WOMAN to take charge of office or apartment; best references given. M. H., 238 East 148th St.

COLORED GIRL wants home; pay own fare. Write Mary, 120 North 8th St., Richmond, Va.

DRESSMAKER, DESIGNER.—Artistic, French; wishes work by day in first-class families; evening gowns. Mlle. Marguerite, 326 West 55th St. Phone 2097—Columbus.

DRESSMAKER by the day; remodeling and new goods; reference. P 153 Times, Times Square.

GOVERNESS, experienced, desires position; perfect French, German, English, music; references. Refinement, 232 East 60th.

GRADUATE NURSE will take chronic or nervous case; reasonable. E. Richards, 161 West 106th St.

LAUNDRESS.—By first-class hand laundress, competent in all details; family washing. E. Nehls, 161 W. 83d St., private house. 'Phone 7822—Riverside.

LAUNDRESS.—Work at home. Address Esler, care of Christ Church, 344 West 36th St.

MASSEUSE. — Young lady, graduate masseuse, would like to take care of lady who requires massage. H. F., White Plains Post Office, N. Y.

SEWING.—Plain and fancy sewing done, home or out. Mrs. Nickerson, 313 East 97th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—In addition to the technical ability necessary to succeed in the position desired, I have a free, even, legible handwriting of unusual quality. V 135 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Over five years' experience; commercial or manufacturing house; take charge of correspondence and office details; accurate, trustworthy, conscientious; $15. Worker, V 133 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—No machine, but capable thinker; helpful worker; five years' experience; position of responsibility and promise; Conscientious, V 134 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Three years' experience, excellent education; transcribes rapidly, accurately, intelligently; understands office work thoroughly; unquestionable references; $12. Exceptional, 129 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Six months' experience, educated, accurate, reliable; understands office work thoroughly; $6; best references. Miss Marion, 130 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright girl wishes position where she can advance; will work hard; moderate salary. Miss Perry, 144 East 60th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent; 2½ years' experience; best references. C. Iser, 46 East 3d St.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, Underwood, Remington; experienced; opportunity wanted; age 22. Miss Colleton, 103 West 80th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright, up-to-date; does well anything she attempts; competent. 189 Times Downtown.

WASHING.—Young woman go out washing and cleaning, take washing home. Eichholz, 332 East 91st.

WOMAN.—Situation wanted with adults by very neat, intelligent Protestant woman; generally useful. M. O., 53 Ashburton Av., Yonkers, N. Y.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss; business statements. Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, long experience, desires opening, closing balancing, disentangling, auditing books; $5 monthly. Accountant, 51 John St. 'Phone 2527 John.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, desires work; books opened, closed, systematized, written up, balanced, kept part time. Accountant, 32 Union Square; telephone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT offers expert's thorough services; lowest terms; consultation invited. Commercial Accounting Co., 234 Broadway.

AMBITIOUS STUDENT, 19, desires position of any kind for evenings and Saturdays; can do show card lettering. Friendburg, 215 West 57th St.

BOY with knowledge of drawing desires position in architect's office. Bender, 329 East 83d.

BOY, 15, school graduate, wishes position in law office. Joseph Blatt, 1,310 Boston Road.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored; can do repairs reference. Apply to Willis Manchester, 321 West 57th St.

CHEF.—Silas Birchmore, colored, first-class European and American chef; willing and obliging; reference. 309 West 39th St.

CLAIM AGENT.
ONE OF THE BEST.

EXPERIENCED, CAPABLE, AND ADROIT YOUNG MAN OF HIGH CLASS ACCUSTOMED TO STEAM RAILROAD WORK WISHES NEW CONNECTION. ADDRESS JEWELL, 71 ARGYLE PLACE, ARLINGTON, N. J.

CONSTRUCTION WORK.—American, 37, years, experienced in all lines general construction, as concrete inspector, timekeeper, material clerk, or office man; any location. C. D., 2,371 7th Av., New York.

DETECTIVE seeks work shadowing, investigating with firm or private party; A1 reference. G. J. D., 528 West 153d St., city.

FIREMAN, oiler; long experience; best reference. Gus Dorman, 102 West 40th St.

MAN, middle age, good address and education, wants situation any kind. P 166 Times, Times Square.

MASSEUR. &c.—By experienced masseur and trained nurse; highest references. H., 400 West 59th St.

SALESMAN.—Forceful, active American of 35, financially responsible and of clear record, wishes new connection; can sell anything; must be guaranteed; not less than $30 weekly earnings. Address Jewell, 71 Argyle Place, Arlington, N. J.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Energetic young man, 26 years old and of very good habits, wishes to secure a position as a shipping clerk or as a tester in a cement laboratory; can give first-class references; would be willing to start for a low salary. John Keating, Box 130 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—If integrity and ability are the essentials for an opening with a high-grade commercial house for a young college man, address P 86 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, having knowledge of stenography and typewriting, desires position during evenings; will furnish reference. Anthony J. Tolvo, 20 Spring St.

YOUNG MAN wants work at anything. Poder, 1,008 1st Av.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—149th St., 540-546 West, near Broadway. Healthiest, prettiest, most convenient section in city.
"THE AUDUBON AND ANNEX."
(Main entrance, 542.)
A few bright, clean, and comfortably furnished rooms to first-class parties.
Rates $16 to $20 per week, including board for two.
Parlor dining rooms, (separate tables,) reception parlor, billiard room, accommodations A1. Illustrated Booklet on Request.

1.—Attractive suites; single rooms with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directors, 4 West 33d St.

5TH AV., 40, Corner 11th.—Desirable large rooms; front parlor; table guests accommodated; telephone.

14TH ST., 237 WEST.—Large and single rooms, with excellent table board; terms reasonable; transients.

44TH ST., 258-260 WEST.—Alliance House; small family hotel; centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793—Bryant.

45TH ST., 58 WEST.—Desirable rooms or apartment with private bath, telephone, electric light; table board optional.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—DOCTOR'S OFFICE. Parlor, with extension, suitable for laboratory; also large rooms; table guests; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant front room, running water; first-class table; moderate.

72D ST., 133 WEST.—Large second floor front; also medium sized and hall rooms; references.

76TH ST., 114 WEST.—Elegant large double room; also single room; Southern cooking; excellent table.

79TH ST., 149 WEST.—A limited number of table guests desired; home cooking; private house service.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

80TH ST., 146 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished, sunny room; superior board; American family; references; telephone.

80TH ST., 150-152 WEST.—Attractive, light, homelike rooms; parlor dining room; table guests; telephone.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—Large, small, well furnished, comfortable rooms; desirable; convenient location; Jewish house.

82D ST., 8 WEST.—Finest cuisine; medium-sized, spotlessly kept room; beautiful surroundings; refinement; reasonable.

83D, 71 WEST.—Private family have large room, with exceptional table; 'phone; reasonable. Pearsall.

83D ST., 129 WEST.—Large room; one, $12; two, $16; skylight, $6; suite in apartment.

91ST ST., 29 WEST.—Large room; private bath; desirable two; hall room; table guests; telephone.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Warm, comfortable room, handsomely furnished; every convenience; superior board; telephone. Park.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable sunny room, all conveniences; good board; telephone; convenient "L," Subway.

94TH ST., 20 WEST.—Apartment of three rooms; all conveniences; home cooking; well kept house.

95TH ST., 50 WEST.—Where only a few are accommodated; cuisine Francaise; references; near "L," sub. express.

95TH ST., 149 WEST.—Well furnished rooms; private house; modest; telephone; near subway, "L."

104TH ST., 61 WEST.—Unexpected vacated private bath suite; other rooms; delightful dining room; refined service; permanent parties; references exchanged.

105TH ST., 76 WEST.—Spacious front room; also single room; table and service exceptionally good; we seldom have vacancies; references; reasonable; Southerners.

107TH ST., 6 WEST.—Large, bright room, cheerful, homelike, private family; all conveniences. Hathaway.

124TH ST., WEST, (285 St. Nicholas Av.,) Hancock Court.—Desirable families, married couples, bachelors, business women, are invited to inspect our apartments, where they can board in own home; handsome rooms, furnished, unfurnished; baths, shower, laundry, comfort; $3 single, $14 two up; concession families. Dingelman.

129TH ST., 162 WEST.—House newly renovated, with several large and small connecting rooms, with bath adjoining; excellent home table; convenient to "L" and Subway; rates reasonable.

145TH ST., 613 WEST.—Sunny room, suitable two, three gentlemen; good board; telephone; moderate; references.

180TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large, also hall room; all conveniences; table guests accommodated; reasonable.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, 713 St. Nicholas Av., Near 145th St.—Desirable rooms and excellent board. Mrs. D. A. Skillman.

WAVERLY PLACE, 101, (Washington Square N. W.)—Suite, large rooms, also single; private baths; steam heat; excellent table.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 75, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

9TH ST., 12 EAST, near 5th Av.—Front parlor, private bath; other rooms; steam; telephone.

29TH, 41 EAST.—Double, single rooms; suite; running water; large closets.

80TH ST., 40 EAST, Corner Madison Av.—Single and double rooms; excellent board; reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 71. — Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths. Telephone 1978 Gramercy.

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Brooklyn.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 100.—Desirable rooms; steam heated; private baths; river view; first-class table.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, Heights, overlooking Wall St.—Most accessible location Greater New York; four minutes Broadway, fifteen theatres; neighborhood aristocratic; table choicest; products New York markets. 905 Main.

LIVINGSTON ST., 65.—Large and small rooms, well heated; two minutes to Subway.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—Open all the year; beautiful, convenient homelike; on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance.

Staten Island.

THE EVELYN LODGE,
An ideal and delightfully appointed residence, with every luxurious convenience; lovely bathrooms, shower bath; rooms; suites; superb dining room; ocean traffic passing windows; cuisine excellent; Ideal Winter home; 20 minutes Battery. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I. Telephone 354—Tompkins.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

A.—A.—A.— Newport Court.
111-117 West 104th St.
Telephone, 5420—Riverside.
Single rooms, $3-$6 week.
Two rooms, kitchen, $10, $15 per week.
Elevator service day and night.
Restaurant on premises.
Special rates for resident guests.

1.—A Room with Board in physician's family for invalid or nervous person. Telephone 4518 Lenox.

13TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large front room, second floor, newly decorated, with use of bath; private family; $2 per week. Mrs. Hopper.

19TH ST., 237 WEST.—Large furnished room for two ladies or gentleman; bath.

20TH, 48 WEST.—Nicely furnished large parlor, also bedroom; all conveniences; respectable, quiet; reasonable.

22D ST., 224 WEST.—Front parlor; alcove; piano; running water; also smaller rooms; newly renovated.

22D ST., 252 WEST.—Very desirable room for gentlemen with references. Walter, 2d floor.

25TH ST., 324 WEST.—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only; bath and running water.

37TH ST, 68 WEST.—One large room; all conveniences; Southerners accommodated; references.

43D ST., 246 WEST.—Newly furnished large front room; reasonable; also furnished housekeeping apartment, 3 rooms and bath; references required. Northrup.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

45TH ST., 232 WEST, near Hotel Astor.—Room with private bath; hall room; homelike.

46TH ST., 158 WEST.—Elegant, large southern alcove parlor, newly furnished, also small rooms.

50TH ST., 51 WEST.—Elegant suite, consisting of two large rooms and private bath; gentleman.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Exceptionally pleasant, warm, homelike room; attractively furnished; all improvements; central; moderate.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Private house; gentlemen only; dainty, comfortable rooms; exceptional attendance; breakfast; references.

71ST ST., 68 WEST.—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished warm rooms, refined house and neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Exceptionally fine parlor room; south; extension, for physician; reception room; phone.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Second-floor front room; all conveniences; parlor room; suitable two gentlemen.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; private house; near Subway and L.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelors; beautiful suite or single; bright, cheerful rooms; electric light; high-class private house; references. 'Phone 7063—Schuyler.

80TH ST., 184 WEST.—Handsome rooms, board optional; moderate; parlor for physician; telephone.

80TH ST., 159 WEST.—High-class modern apartment for one or two gentlemen. Gormley.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Large, well-furnished front room, running water; first-class house; telephone.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Delightful large room; bath adjoining; suitable one or two; private house.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Attractive; private house; south, large, small; running water, (plenty hot;) telephone.

83D ST., 106 WEST.—Large parlor, also single and small room, heated. Butler.

83D ST. 161 WEST.—Sunny, comfortable bedroom; bath, 'phone; private house.

84TH ST., 14 WEST.—Large, pleasant front room, handsomely furnished; second floor; quiet; telephone.

87TH ST., 352 WEST.—Large, sunny room with private bath; also small room; private family; board optional.

88TH ST., (570 West End Av.)—Private house, beautifully furnished rooms; bath; terms moderate. Telephone 7996 River.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Lovely, warm, newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; select, convenient locality; telephone.

91ST, 31 WEST.—Desirable medium room; southern exposure; near "L" and Subway.

92D ST., 202 WEST.—Southern lady; comfortable front inside room; all conveniences; Subway; references. Mueller.

92D ST., 255 WEST.—Attractively furnished room; refined surroundings; apartment; telephone; near Subway. Wheeler.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Sunny front room, $5; hall room, $3; private house; telephone; "L."

93D, 111 WEST.—Large furnished front room; hot, cold water; large closets; private house.

94TH, 78 WEST.—Large room, suitable for two; others, $3 up; one flight. Corwin.

96TH ST., 35 WEST.—Bachelors; single, double rooms, high-class apartment; breakfast in room; Subway, "L" express stations. Peters, Tel. 4998—River.

101ST, 10 WEST.—Two light rooms in modern apartment. Telephone 6140—River. Johnson.

104TH ST., 219 WEST.—Outside single room; hot and cold water; plenty clothes closets; private family; one flight; $5 weekly; references. Downs.

111TH ST., 529 WEST.—Desirable room, nicely furnished; elevator, telephone; private family. Apartment 56.

111TH, 116 WEST.—To let, large and small rooms, bath; front and back parlor, private bath; suitable for doctor; "L," Subway.

112TH ST., 232 WEST.—Newly, neatly furnished rooms; running water; "L" and Subway; refined.

112TH ST., 297 WEST.—Neatly furnished, large and small, congenial small family, meals optional. DOTY.

113TH ST., 266 WEST.—Newly furnished room; gentleman or couple; private home; every convenience; convenient "L" and Subway between 7th and 8th Avs.

114TH ST., 508 WEST.—One or two beautiful large rooms in magnificent new, high-class elevator apartment. Apartment 62.

116TH ST., 218 WEST.—Room, 11x16 feet; light, heat; private hall; bath. Sloane.

129TH ST., 164 WEST.—Private house; near "L" and Subway; 'phone; business girls preferred.

130TH ST., 141 WEST.—Large back parlor; nicely furnished; all conveniences; suitable physician; private house.

122D, 514 WEST, near Broadway.—Large room, southern exposure; electric lights; elevator. Kenyon.

180TH ST., 700 WEST.—Differs from all other places; strictly private family desires four gentlemen in two large rooms, with exceptional table board; $12 each per week, including apartment; new furniture; no section in New York is finer; Broadway 181st Subway; 30 minutes from Battery. Apartment 63. 'Phone —3577 Audubon.

ABSOLUTELY select, noiseless residential neighborhood, otherlooking Central Park; luxuriantly heated; desirable. O 113 Times Downtown.

BROADWAY, 2,333. (Subway 86th St.)—Warm, comfortable room; connecting lavatory, bath; telephone; reasonable. Bowdoin.

CATHEDRAL HEIGHTS.—Lady living alone will rent two nicely furnished rooms to business women or nurses; telephone, electric lights. P 167 Times, Times Square.

CHARLES ST., 10, (6th Av. "L.")—Large rooms; 1 or 2 gentlemen; hot water; heat.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343, Corner 127th.—Handsomely furnished, beautifully decorated, five, six rooms; high-class elevator apartments; $12.50 weekly upward; also one, two rooms, bath, $3.50 weekly upward.

East Side.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath; single room; select house; breakfast optional; references.

18TH ST., 220 EAST.—Large and small rooms and board.

19TH ST., 115 EAST.—Nice, large room, $4; select house.

53TH ST., 101 EAST.—Large front room, suitable for two gentlemen. M. C.

60TH ST., 119 EAST.—Large, warm front room; brass bed; for gentlemen only. Dr. Kennedy.

62D ST., 100 EAST, Corner of Park Av.—Large and small front rooms, adjoining bath; running water.

65TH, 158 EAST.—Nicely furnished back room, also two small rooms; steam heat, telephone.

83D ST., 72 EAST.—Large, sunny, cheerful; running water; near Central Park; gentleman; second bell.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,018.—Newly furnished rooms, housekeeping suite; telephone, steam heat, electricity; $5-$12.

MADISON AVE., 348.—Large, sunny room, private bath; single room, running water; telephone; references.

Bronx.

23 MINUTES TO GRAND CENTRAL.—One block to Subway station; will exchange for first-class table board; three adults; 4 rear, exceptionally large, beautifully and comfortably furnished rooms; large adjoining bath; no objection to one child; Gentiles only; unquestionable references; concessions to right party. Telephone Melrose 425. Blake.

201ST ST., 322 EAST.—Bachelor apartments; single rooms, double room; two single beds, bath; smoking room; breakfast served. Telephone 2370 Tremont.

Brooklyn.

3 MONTAGUE TERRACE, BROOKLYN.
Rooms for gentlemen; hot, cold water; with or without private bath; convenient to Wall St., Subway, Bridge.

FORT GREEN PLACE, 64.—Alcove, nicely furnished; running water, heat; hall bedroom, front.

GREENE AV., 130, (Brooklyn.)—Nicely furnished alcove room; two closets; running water; convenient to cars.

HANSON PLACE, 72, 15 Minutes from Wall St. by Subway.—Nicely furnished rooms for gentlemen in select house, $2.50, $3.50, $4.50.

QUINCY ST., 495.—Back parlor and connecting hall room; warm and comfortable; hot and cold running water; private house, near "L" station; references. Telephone 2207 J—Bedford. Owner.

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35TH ST., 13 EAST.—Second floor

A WOMAN'S WAR RENDS A CHURCH

Dr. Johnson, Pastor of John St. Edifice, Resigns—Deaconess and Organist Dismissed.

DEACONESS MADE CHARGES

They Concerned Mission Worker—Some Members Objected to Collarless Converts from the Slums.

Bitter factional strife has disturbed the usual tranquility of the congregation of the old John Street Church, and within the last week or two its pastor, the Rev. Dr. John Wesley Johnson, has resigned, its organist and its deaconess have been dismissed, and a rescue mission, started in the slums, has been discontinued. Just where the trouble will end is a source of worry to those who still worship in the little sanctuary, nestling in between the big business houses of the downtown section. The "Mother of Methodism" in this country old John Street Church is called, for it was the first place of worship the Methodists built in New York, generations ago when John Street was near the centre of the city and the palatial churches which have arisen in later days were not even in dreams.

The trouble which led to the resignation of Dr. Johnson and the ousting of the organist and deaconess began in an incident in which two women figured. These women were "Sister" Cora Doettinger, who was in charge of the rescue work, and Mrs. Viola Downer, the deaconess. During the nine years Dr. Johnson looked after the spiritual welfare of the old John Street Church the congregation had been gradually dwindling. It was a difficult task to keep a congregation together in a church so far downtown, and as the old members died younger ones were difficult to find to take their places. So Dr. Johnson thought of the rescue work as an effective means of swelling the membership and of extending the influence of the church.

Soon after Sister Doettinger was assigned to the charge of this new branch of the church work many unfortunates from the slums began to appear in old John Street Church for the services. Some of the newcomers were not especially well dressed. Some of the men neglected to put on collars before going to church. Some of them wore linen which was far from clean.

Some of the older members of John Street Church, those who had worshipped there since they were children, did not look with favor on the operation of a rescue mission by old John Street Church.

About two weeks ago the storm broke. A letter was received by Frederick Gilbert, Treasurer of John Street Church and a member of the Governing Board, complaining of Sister Doettinger. The letter also criticised Dr. Johnson. It was signed by Deaconess Downer.

It was not long after this that Deaconess Downer left the John Street Church. She was dismissed by Dr. Johnson, she said. Frank McClerey, the organist, also left the church suddenly. He was charged, with Mrs. Downer, with having led an open revolt against Sister Doettinger and Dr. Johnson and the rescue work. The organist's place has been filled by John Hegeman, but the deaconess's place is still vacant.

Mrs. Downer says that, in addition to dismissing her from John Street Church, Dr. Johnson has prevented her from serving with any other Methodist congregation and has brought about her resignation from the Order of Deaconesses.

"The trouble was that Sister Cora tried to run the whole church," said Mrs. Downer yesterday. "The pastor seemed to be entirely dominated by her. She intimated certain things concerning Mr. McClerey and I which were entirely untrue, and I have heard that Sister Cora has made threats against me if I spoke concerning her.

"I don't care about that, however, for I have just as good a case as she has, but I don't care to hurt the church."

Mrs. Downer says that in her letter to Mr. Gilbert and the rest of the Governing Board she asked that an investigation be made of certain charges suggested in her communication.

"At least half the congregation were with me in my contention that matters be investigated," said Mrs. Downer. "Many of them have ceased attending the church. Some have even taken out their letters, and even the President of the Epworth League has resigned."

Mrs. Downer has not been in the John Street Church since she was dismissed. She has remained at her home in Sewell, N. J. But Sister Cora Doettinger was at church yesterday.

Mr. McClerey, the former organist, was not there either, and in his place Mr. Hegeman was at the organ. Mr. Hegeman was the old organist before Mr. McClerey was appointed, and he is serving now only temporarily.

Members of the congregation who were at the services yesterday admitted that serious trouble had occurred, but said they hoped it was almost over.

According to Treasurer Gilbert, a full investigation has been made of all the charges of Mrs. Downer.

"It is all her work," said Mr. Gilbert. "I do not care to discuss the charges, but all have been investigated. There is nothing in the charges. I do not believe them, but they can do much harm to the entire church."

Although all of the John Street Church members know that Dr. Johnson's time as pastor is drawing to a close they make no reference to the fact in their conversations with him after services. Neither has Dr. Johnson referred to the strained situation in the church in any way during the services. His resignation was turned in ten days ago at the regular quarterly conference held in this city and presided over by Dr. Chadwick, the District Superintendent.

Upon resigning, Dr. Johnson said that, as he had been pastor of the John Street Church nine years, he thought it was time for a younger man to take hold there. His resignation takes effect in April. In accepting the resignation, Dr. Chadwick said that Dr. Johnson had done much good work in John Street Church, that he had been heavily handicapped by the fact that the church was so far downtown, but that he seemed to have, to a large extent, overcome that drawback and to have strengthened the congregation materially.

For the time being, at least, the rescue mission of John Street Church has been abandoned. No longer the men and woman of the slums are afforded the opportunity to worship with the members of old John Street Church, and their absence is apparently agreeable to some of the congregation.

PASTOR EULOGIZES INGERSOLL

Says His Attacks on the Church Drew Men to the Faith.

In speaking on "The Aristocracy of Unbelief" at the Collegiate Baptist Church of the Covenant, in West Thirty-third Street, last night, Dr. Oscar Haywood said:

"Some day I am going to write an appreciation of the life and character of Robert G. Ingersoll, from the viewpoint of orthodoxy. We are yet too near him to arrive at a just estimate of the man and his influence. He was sent as a scourge to the slumbering orthodoxy of Christendom. He ridiculed its superstitions. He poured the vitriol of his sarcasm upon the chief heads of the pulpit, arousing them to anger, and while they foamed and strutted Ingersoll held his sides, shaking with laughter.

"Cartooning the crimes and mistakes of the Church, he set Deacon Jones boring out Deacon Smith's eyes with an auger. Destitute of reverence, he condemned sacred things.

"He was a knight of unbelief, and he fought in the open. Much that he said was true, much false, but, on the whole, the effect was wholesome. During the period of his career a great religious revival swept over the face of the English-speaking world. He took one extreme and drove thousands to the other. His irreverence made men shudder and hug the closer their hopes and fears, their faith and comfort.

"To-day unbelief is making another and more dangerous approach. Cloaked in the vestments of religion, it is assaulting the citadel of Christianity from within. We are witnessing a kind of ecclesiastical burglary, and these sacred places of the spirit are being spoiled of their treasures. The aristocracy of scholars created by the schools whose god is money has confiscated the religious heritage of the poor. The Bible revelation of the supernatural has suffered the humiliation of the blowpipe and the testing tube; its poetry, prophecy and promise, anthems and oratories, have been reduced to the poor, cheap penny whistles of the nursery.

"The aristocracy of unbelief is mainly characterized by cowardice. It is afraid of poverty, it is afraid of wealth. Before this yawning monster that men call New York it flees to take refuge in suburbs or behind sacred walls."

HOLDS A SUICIDE BLAMELESS.

The Rev. Dr. Fagnani Also Indorses Socialism and Woman Suffrage.

The Rev. Dr. Charles P. Fagnani, a member of the Faculty of Union Theological Seminary, declared yesterday that he didn't blame a man who had tried to commit suicide when he found himself with a family depending on him, in debt to his landlady for four weeks, and without employment.

Dr. Fagnani made this statement before an audience in the auditorium of the West Side Young Men's Christian Association, in West Fifty-seventh Street, during a talk on "The Bugbear of Socialism."

"I don't blame him," said he. "Socialism aims at a greater and more even distribution of private property. We want to make conjugal love possible on a larger scale."

Dr. Fagnani said that Socialism wanted the higher welfare of the individual and none, he took it, could object to that.

"Is it not enough," said he, "to break the heart to think of the conditions under which thousands of people, living penned in, cheerfully go to their daily routine of fourteen or fifteen hours' toil, and at eventime go back, packed like cattle, to the wretched refuge which to them is home? Socialism is individualism, but think of the enormous amount of individualism, or genius, which runs to waste under our present system; think of our factories; every factory hand is an individual, but they do not dare to show it. They would not be allowed to, for it would mean being different, and that is not tolerated in a factory. People deny the existence of slavery in our land; they talk about the freedom of contract. What is it? Merely the freedom of the toiler to take what is offered to him, or starve. That is the freedom of contract.

"Socialism has got to abolish the struggle for life. Mind, I do not say the struggle of life, but for life. And the only way in which this may be done is by direct legislation. The people have got to govern. In other words, the Senates, the Legislatures, the Courts, all will have to become the servants, and not the masters of the people. And it is for that reason we believe in woman suffrage.

"Socialism is anti-predatory, co-operative individualism; Socialism and democracy are the same thing, and Socialism and Christianity and Americanism are all the same. But I do not mean the Americanism of the Constitution of the United States. I mean the Americanism of the Declaration of Independence, which is a very different thing."

PREACHES ON 100TH BIRTHDAY

Rev. S. W. Bidwell Remembers Hearing Cannon in Battle of Plattsburg.

Special to The New York Times.

RUTLAND, Vt., Dec. 5.—The Rev. Sedgewick W. Bidwell of East Middlebury preached to-day a sermon of twenty-five minutes' duration in the village Methodist church at services in observance of his 100th birthday. In the church at the age of 90 he completed his active pastorate after sixty-six years in the ministry.

Mr. Bidwell asserts that he is the oldest clergyman in the world, and few centenarians have his energy. Every day he walks three miles, no matter what the weather, and he reads and writes with ease. He keeps in touch with current events, and has never missed casting his vote at election for twenty years. Mr. Bidwell has held pastorates in twenty-two towns in Vermont and New York. His pastoral record includes 10,000 sermons, 1,200 funerals, and 340 marriages, the fee for many of the weddings being a bushel of potatoes or apples.

Mr. Bidwell is a native of Starksboro, his parents being English and among the first settlers in that town. He left school at the age of 19, and during the Winter of 1830 taught the district school. A year later he attended the Hinesburg Academy, and was admitted into the Methodist Church. In 1834, when he was 25, he received a license to preach, and for three-quarters of a century he has served his church.

Mr. Bidwell has a remarkable memory which goes back through three generations. He remembers the battle of Plattsburgh and distinctly recalls the roar of the cannon during that fight. As a Vermont historian he has few equals.

He has been twice married. He longed to preach at the close of his first school year and he gathered a number of his playmates about a stump, on which he mounted to address them. At the age of 7 he could declaim with facility and won a prize. His congregation to-day gave him a gold-headed cane.

POLYGLOT MEMORIAL IN A BAPTIST CHURCH

Songs, Prayers and Talks in Seven Languages in Second Avenue Edifice.

CHORUS FROM EACH NATION

The Old Building Was the Religious Home of Well-Known Men—Now Its Work Is Missionary.

The celebration of the centennial of the Second Avenue Baptist Church, between Tenth and Eleventh Streets, one of the oldest church edifices in the City of New York, and one whose later-day congregation has been described "as a congregation of thirty languages," began with appropriate ceremonies yesterday. At the morning service two venerable ministers of the Baptist Church, both former pastors of the church, took part. The evening service was one of many tongues. No less than seven languages were heard then.

Fifty years ago the Second Church had among its members some of the best known of New Yorkers. To-day, situated as it is on the northern edge of the great east side, it is in the centre of one of the most cosmopolitan districts of the city, with the result that its work is now for the most part missionary. In addition to the Rev. Dr. Robert F. Y. Pierce, the pastor, it supports a staff of six, each of a different nationality. Each of these assistant pastors has a congregation of his own people, which worships regularly in the old church.

Last night's services were characterized by the Rev. Dr. Lambert, editor of the Baptist Examiner, as one of the most remarkable he had ever attended during a ministry covering half a century. There were all in all ten short talks, these ten talks being delivered in seven different languages. The Rev. Giuseppi Petrelli, the Italian pastor; the Rev. Michael Jaeger, the Polish pastor; the Rev. Michael Fabian, the Hungarian pastor; the Rev. George Skriescka, the Bohemian pastor; the Rev. John G. Pitses, the Grecian pastor, and the young Chinese members of the church spoke in foreign tongues, while Dr. Pierce, and Dr. Lambert spoke in English.

Each of the young missionary pastors spoke of the trials that had attended his ministry. The story of Mr. Jaeger told of his conversion fourteen years ago. He was originally a Catholic, and the last thing he would have thought of himself, fifteen years ago, would have been that he would have entered the ministry of a Protestant Church. Mr. Patrelli was formerly a lawyer in Italy and gave up a good practice there to come to the United States and labor for the religious welfare of his countrymen.

No one attracted more attention last night than did the two young Chinamen who spoke for the Chinese of the congregation. In introducing them Dr. Pierce said that over 1,000 Chinamen had been connected with the Second Church during the last twenty-seven years, and that, so far as the records show, not one of them had done wrong subsequently. One of those who talked last night will leave for China next week as a Baptist missionary.

Each talk was followed by the singing of a hymn in the language of the speaker, the singers being in every case men and women of the speaker's nationality. Just before the Italian chorus sang Dr. Pierce remarked that if he had $1,000 to spend on singing he could develop some of the finest church singers in this city.

Another feature of the service was the recital of the Lord's Prayer by the entire congregation, each man and woman saying the words in his or her native tongue. The effect of so many people speaking different languages at the same time was not at all unpleasant to the ear.

The services closed with recitations in various languages by the children of the church. These children were dressed in their native costumes, some of those who had been born in this country wearing the peasant garb of Russia, Hungary, or some other European country. The dresses in several instances had been worn by their mothers previous to their emigration.

The services will continue during the week.

PLAY FOR CITY DWELLERS.

Opportunities for Outdoor Recreation Not Appreciated, Says Prof. Gulick.

Speaking yesterday morning at the Good Citizenship Forum of the Church of the Messiah, Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, Dr. Luther H. Gulick, President of the Playgrounds Association of America, put in a plea for concerted action to develop the recreation opportunities of city dwellers. He urged that something definite be done to get the greatest possible good out of the many openings for amusement that cities now present.

"Most people find their leisure time stupid," he said. "Yet even in the cities there are lots of interesting things to do. What we want is some one who will exploit our opportunities for amusement, not for gain, as is alone done at the present, but with the sole idea of showing people how to make the best of what lies ready to their hand.

"The city provides many diversions, but it is no one's business to see that they are used. One phase of the work of the Board of Education deals with them, one phase of the work of the Park Commissioner is also concerned, and so on, but there is no one at all responsible for organizing the people's leisure occupations."

Dr. Gulick pointed out that children who dwell in cities have lost many of the chances to occupy themselves that country children have ever with them. The boys, for instance, have no chance to do the hammering and tinkering with tools the boy loves. The girls too often cannot get up little social gatherings at home, because there is no room for them.

Young men and maidens cannot meet under favorable circumstances. When they come together it is generally in dance halls or in the parks. The dance hall is too often connected with a saloon and is run entirely for gain; the park is not quite the place for young people after dark. At Los Angeles, Dr. Gulick pointed out, the city provides a municipal dance hall. In London the People's Palace in the east end was founded with something of the same idea, and it would be a good thing if some one or some organization took up the work of helping on the healthy social life of the people here, he thought.

Then there are the opportunities the city already affords, many of which are neglected or only partially used. The greens in the parks might be doubled in usefulness if folk dances were reintroduced. The swimming in the rivers might be developed, if the boys were taught that there was a lot more to learn about swimming than just the breast stroke. In several outlying parts of New York are camping-out facilities, but the young people do not seem to realize them or know how to use them.

Dr. Gulick had even a good word for the hurdy-gurdy as forming part of the social life of the street. He spoke of the children in London dancing to the strains of the piano organ and said it seemed to him to introduce an admirable feature into city life.

"For you must remember," he went on, "the streets have from time immemorial played a social as well as a utilitarian part. Men have met at the street corners; women have gossiped in the streets. Why should we now think only of the streets as made for traffic? We hear complaints of children obstructing the automobiles by being run over. Of course this is very reprehensible of them. But why should we not realize that certain streets are not wanted much by the automobile, and are wanted by the children to play in.

"In Boston when the snow is on the ground traffic is kept from certain streets and the children have them to slide on. The same principle might be applied here and certain streets given up to the children."

Turning to the constructive side of his argument, Dr. Gulick spoke of what the Public School Athletic League had done and the movement to revive folk dancing among girls. He urged that some such organized efforts be made in other fields to interest and instruct city dwellers in their opportunities.

CALLS CARNEGIE A BOSS.

The Rev. Alexander Irvine Lists Him with the Industrial Rulers.

Ex-Senator Pettigrew of South Dakota, who was expected to address the after-meeting at the Church of the Ascension last night on "Government by Commission," did not appear, and the Rev. Alexander Irvine took charge of the meeting.

The subject of Mr. Irvine's address at the church service was "Socialism," and he took up the subject of industrial bosses and political bosses. He named as the industrial boss Andrew Carnegie and Richard Croker as the political boss.

He said that Mr. Carnegie had made his fortune by the granting of special privileges by Congress, and asked "what is a free library to a man who works twelve hours a day seven days in the week?" He also declared that the people were protesting against "money wrung out of the blood of men who never owned the shacks they lived in and whose families did not even own the graves they were buried in."

When it was seen that Mr. Pettigrew was not to be present, Mr. Irvine took charge of the meeting and suggested taking up as a subject for discussion, "How Shall We Get Rid of the Industrial Boss and the Political Boss?"

He declared that the only way that the political bosses might be got rid of was by the referendum. Several others spoke along the same lines.

The shirtwaist makers' strike was brought up, and the audience was asked to write to Mayor McClellan protesting against the brutality of the police toward the girl strikers.

Leaps in Bay to Escape Truant Officer

Jeremiah Lynch, aged 13, of Avenue C, Bayonne, sprang into Newark Bay off the City Park yesterday to escape Truant Officer Charles Wick. The boy remained in the water until he was almost frozen, and then waded ashore and promised to stop playing truant from school.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
1:00—227 West 62d St., F. Brenner	Trifling
8:40—117 Essex St.; Pietro Zineg	$30
8:45—1,473 Brook Av.; I. Applebaum	$10
10:15—63 East 78th St.; O. Williams	None
P. M.	
3:22—139 and 141 King St.; P. Ryan	$10
4:45—2,630 3d Av.; E. Barker	$300
6:10—271 West 119th St.; Thomas Stanton	$300

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Xmas Ngt.—MAUDE ADAMS in 2d performances What Every Woman Knows.
HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2. Every Night This Week at 8:30 and Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2. RUTH ST. DENIS in her repertoire HINDOO DANCES "Remarkable Artist."—World.
NEXT MONDAY—ARSENE LUPIN, Now Crowding the Lyceum Theatre.
LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. at 8:15. Last Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. LAST WEEK AT THIS THEATRE. NEXT WEEK AT HUDSON THEATRE. The Detective-Thief Play, ARSENE LUPIN
NEXT MON., Seat sale Thurs. 9 A. M. MARIE TEMPEST & London Comedy Co. in PENELOPE
CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Best acting seen in 20 years. ISRAEL by Henri Bernstein, author of "THE THIEF" and of "SAMSON." "A big play."—Sun.
KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Ev. 8. Mat. Sat. at 2. 100TH TIME MONDAY, DEC. 13. "A MERRY WIDOW HIT."—World. THE DOLLAR PRINCESS
GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Wed. & Sat. 2:15. "MORE POWERFUL THAN 'THE WITCHING HOUR.'"—TRIBUNE. AUGUSTUS THOMAS' GREATEST TRIUMPH. THE HARVEST MOON with GEORGE NASH.
SAVOY B'way & 34 St. Ev. 8:15. Sat. Mat. 2:15. Special Mat. Thurs. 2:15. MISS ANGLIN in HELENA RICHIE. LAST 3 WEEKS.
NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Wednesday Best Seats $1.50. GENEE IN THE SILVER STAR
BICKEL & WATSON and cast of 100.
W. 42d St. LIBERTY THEATRE. MABEL TALIAFERRO in "SPRINGTIME" by Tarkington & Wilson. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
NEW YORK THEATRE. EVGS. 8:15. MATS. WED. & SAT. 2:15. HITCHCOCK IN COHAN'S LAUGHING MUSICAL HIT THE MAN'S B'WAY
SAVOY THEATRE. EVGS. 8:15. MATS. WED. & SAT. 2:15. THE FORTUNE HUNTER with WILTON LACKAYE and JOHN BARRYMORE
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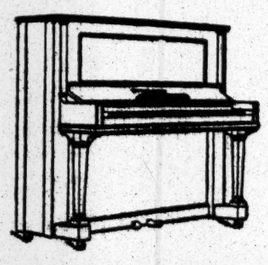
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To-night, Manon. Mmes. Farrar, Heliane, Van Dyck; MM. Clement, Dutilloy, de Segurola, Devaux, Regis, Cond., Podesti.
Wed. Evg., at 7:45. Tristan und Isolde. Mmes. Nordica, Homer; MM. Burrian, Amato, Blass, Muhlmann, Reiss, Hall. Cond., Toscanini.
Thurs. Evg., Gioconda. Mmes. Destinn, Homer, Meltschik; MM. Caruso, Amato, de Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
Fri. Evg., Il Trovatore. Mmes. Gadski, Fishaut; MM. Slezak, Gilly, Rossi. Cond., Tango.
Sat. Mat., Madama Butterfly. Mmes. Farrar, Fornia; MM. Martin, Scotti, Reiss, Devaux, Wulman, Bourgeois. Cond., Toscanini.
Sat. Evg., Tosca. Mme. Fremstad; MM. Caruso, Amato, Gianoli, Bada. Cond., Tango.
NEXT WEEK:—Mon. Ev., Otello. Mmes. Aida, Wickham; MM. Slezak, Scotti, Bada. Audisio, de Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
AT THE NEW THEATRE.
Thurs., Dec. 9th, Matinee, Il Maestro Di Cappella. Mme. Gluck; MM. Pini-Corsi, Bada. Cond., Podesti. Rita Sacchetto in her Art of Dance. Cavalleria Rusticana. Mmes. Nori, Wickham; MM. Martin, Otiby. Cond., Tango.
Fri. Evg., Dec. 10, Cesar und Zimmermann. Mmes. Alten, Mattfeld; MM. Jorn, Whitehill, Goritz, Blass, Reiss, Muhlmann. Cond., Hertz.
Brooklyn Academy of Music.
One Block from Atlantic Av. Subway Station.
This Evening at 7:45, Lohengrin. Mmes. Gadski, Homer; MM. Jorn, Hinckley, Goritz, Witherspoon. Cond., Hertz.
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LECTURE BY MARGARET DELAND,
ELEVEN A. M., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 10, At the Waldorf-Astoria,
Subject THE MODERN WOMAN.
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Price: Reserved, $1.50; Admission, $1.00.

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Near 5th Ave. and Madison Sq.
Pom. Dogs, Cats, Fish, Red Canaries, Piping Bullfinches, Talking Parrots, Talking Mino.
Christmas Orders Taken Now.

THE NEW THEATRE
Central Park West. 62-63 Sts. Tel. 9800 Col.
To-night, 8:15.....The Nigger
Tues. Mat., 2:30.....Antony and Cleopatra
Tues. Eve., 8:15.....The Cottage in the Air
Wed. Mat., 2:15.....The Cottage in the Air
Wed. Eve., 8:15.....Strife
Thurs., Mat., 2 (operas).. Il Maestro Di Cappella, Rita Sacchetto-Cavalleria Rusticana
Thurs. Eve., 8:15.....The Nigger
Fri. Eve., 8 (opera).. Cæsar und Zimmermann
Sat. Mat., 2:15.....The Nigger
Sat. Eve., 8:15.....Strife
NEXT WEEK.
Mon. Mat., 2:30.....Antony and Cleopatra
Mon. Eve., 8.....Antony and Cleopatra
Tues. Eve., 8.....Lyric Opera
Wed. Mat., 2.....Lyric Opera
Wed. Eve., 8:15.....The Nigger
Thurs. Mat., 2:15.....Strife
Thurs. Eve., 8:15 (premier) School for Scandal
Fri. Eve., 8:15.....Strife
Sat. Mat., 2:15.....The School for Scandal
Sat. Eve., 8:15.....The Nigger
Seats Two Weeks in advance reserved by mail, 'phone, or telegraph for ANY Performance. Drama, $2 to 50c.; Opera, $5 to $1.50.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS
HIPPODROME
Daily Mats. 2: Best Seats $1. Evs. 8: 25c., $1.50.
A Trip To Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside The Earth | 10 New Circus Acts
BIJOU B'way & 30th. TO-NIGHT Cyril Scott in the Lottery Man
LYRIC 42d, West of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee Saturday, 2:15. WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER
MATINEES ONLY To-day, Tues., Wed., Thur., Fri., 2:15. Paul Bourget's Great Drama DIVORCE
HACKETT 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. GEORGE ARLISS in SEPTIMUS
LEW FIELDS HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. LEW FIELDS AS OLD DUTCH
DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee Saturday, 2:15. FRANK DANIELS THE BELLE OF BRITTANY
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Saturday, 2:15. SAM BERNARD THE GIRL AND THE WIZARD.
BROADWAY THEA. B'way & 41st St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. THE MIDNIGHT SONS
COMEDY 41st, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. 4th Month Whiteside in Zangwill's Great Play, THE MELTING POT "The Little Theatre with the Big Play."—SUN.
WEST END Daily Matinees This Week Only. HARRY LAUDER AND HIS OWN COMPANY.
STUYVESANT THE BELASCO 44 St., nr. Bway. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. —LAST 2 WEEKS— FRANCES STARR in THE EASIEST WAY.
Belasco-Stuyvesant Theatre—Special. To-morrow, also Wed. & Fri. at 3, YVETTE GUILBERT 3 SPECIAL MATINEE RECITALS OF RARE & CURIOUS BALLADRY.
BELASCO THEATRE, W. 42d St. Ev. 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. IS MATRIMONY A FAILURE?
ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 75c. BILLY B. VAN & Beaumont Sisters, Operatic Festival, Stuart, Frank Morrell, others.
BRONX 149th St. 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Taylor Granville in THE STAR BOUT. Mike S. Whallen, Ward & Curran, etc.
COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. VALESKA SURATT, DAZIE, New Pianophiends, R. L. Goldberg, others.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Reserved Seats 50c. One Week Only. HENRIETTA CROSMAN In Her Latest Success, SHAM Tuesday Eve., Benefit to Capt. B. S. Osbon. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2. Eve. 8:15. Next Week—St. Elmo.
PLAZA 59 St. & Mad. Av. Daily Mat. 25c. GEORGE LASHWOOD FOUR MORTONS & Others.
AMERICAN Cecelia Loftus, Lucy Weston, Sidney Drew & Co., Montgomery West 42 St. Daily Mat. & Moore, others.

CARNEGIE HALL.
PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of New York.
Wednesday, December 8, at 8:15 P. M.
Second Historical Concert
Gustav Mahler.....Conductor
Bella Alten.....Soloist
Seats 75 cents to $2. Boxes, $12, $15, $18.

MENDELSSOHN HALL. First Concert at 8:15. To-Morrow Eve.
ADELE MARGULIES TRIO
Seats $1.50 and $1.00, at Box Office. Adele Margulies.....Piano; Leopold Lichtenberg.....Violin; Leo Schulz.....'Cello

ELMENDORF CARNEGIE HALL. 57th St. & 7th Av.
TO-DAY (MONDAY) MATINEE at 3:30
"SICILY" Tickets $1.50, $1.00, 75c. & 50c.
EXTRA LECTURE BY REQUEST
SUNDAY NIGHT, DEC. 19—Seats Now.
"NORWAY, The Land of the Midnight Sun."

Metropolitan Opera House—SPECIAL. To-m'w (Tues.) Aft. at 2:30. LOIE FULLER AND THE MUSES.
ORCHIDEE FIRST MUSE.
Soloists—RITA SACCHETTO, IRENE SANDEN, GERTRUDE VAN AXEN.
BALLET OF LIGHTS.
Grand Orchestra. Conductor, Max Bendix.

CARNEGIE HALL
Boston Symphony Orchestra. Max Fiedler, Conductor.
Thurs. Ev., Dec. 9, at 8:15. OLGA SAMAROFF Soloist.
Sat. Aft., Dec. 11, at 2:30. Soloists: SCHUMANN-HEINK GEORGES LONGY
Res. Seats $2 to 75c., at Box Office and Tyson's.

HAMMERSTEIN'S ALBERT CHEVALIER, Flo Irwin, James Thornton, The Quartet, Cook & Lorens, 6 others.
EDEN WORLD IN WAX, Gypsy Music, CINEMATOGRAPH each hour, STORY OF HIAWATHA, etc.

WHAT TO READ
For Sale at Your Bookseller.
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THE ISLAND OF REGENERATION. By Cyrus Townsend Brady.
A plot in a thousand. It's bold, but convinces. Dodd, Mead & Company.
THE FLORENTINE FRAME. By Elizabeth Robins.
One of the really great novels of the year. Moffat, Yard & Co.
DOUBLE LIFE. By Gaston Leroux. Author of "Mystery of the Yellow Room."
ROMANCE OF A NUN. By Alex King. Kearney & Co., 43 West 27th St.

GARDEN THEATRE. Mad. Av., 27th St. Evs. & Sat. Mat. 50c. to $1.50. Pop. Thurs. Mat. 50c. to $1. BEGINNING TO-NIGHT AT 8:15. HIS NAME ON THE DOOR by FRANK LORD. Seats on Sale 4 Weeks in Advance.
ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c. to $1.50. "It is going to run like wildfire."—Mail. SEVEN DAYS
WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. 3rd Month The Fourth Estate The Great Newspaper Play. "One of the season's real sensations; make no mistake about that."—Eve. Sun.
SPRINGER'S GRAND OPERA HOUSE EVA TANGUAY in F. Ziegfeld Jr.'s Latest Revue FOLLIES OF 1909
6-DAY CYCLE RACE MADISON SQ. GARDEN—NOW ADMISSION 50c.
KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. 28th St. B'way Mat. Daily, 25 & 50c. Camille Ober, 6 Musical Cuttys, Bonhair Troupe, Jas. & Sadie Leonard, Imro Fox, etc.
IRVING PLACE THEATRE. To-night at 8:15. Tues. & Wed. Evgs., Last Times Strauss' Operetta, "Die Fledermaus" (The Bat). Thurs. Eve., "Der Zigeunerbaron."
MURRAY HILL THEA. Mat. To-day. Smoking GIBSON GIRLS.
OLYMPIC East 14th St. MATINEE TO-DAY. HASTINGS SHOW.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

PECK, WALTER J.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WALTER J. PECK, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 77 Pearl Street, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of January next.

Dated New York, the 14th day of June, 1909.
EDWIN H. PECK, Executor.
BOWERS & SANDS, Attorneys for Executor, 31 Nassau Street, New York City.

LEVENTRITT, MATILDA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MATILDA LEVENTRITT, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 18th day of April next.—Dated New York, the 6th day of October, 1909. DAVID LEVENTRITT, JULIUS HIRSCHBERG, OLIVIA LEVENTRITT, Executors. LEVENTRITT, COOK & NATHAN, Attorneys for Executors, 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

HARNED, CAROLINE H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CAROLINE H. HARNED, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of James M. Tully, No. 271 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York,